The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXI.—NO. 240. THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1902—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.*

[*Title Copyright: 1902: by Tribune Company.]

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

ANTONY AND CLEOPATRA.

BY GEN. WILLIAM H. LYTLE.

William Haines Lytle was born at Cincinnati, O., in 1826, and died a hero's death at Chickamauga in 1863. He enlisted in the Mexican war in 1846 and served with distinction. Afterwards he attained prominence as a lawyer and politician. When the civil war broke out he was appointed major general of volunteers. At Carnifex ferry he was desperately wounded, but recovered and took charge of a brigade. He was again wounded at Perryville and captured. Being exchanged, he was promoted to brigadier general and fought in many engagements till Sept. 20, 1863. His poems were never collected in book form. This one was written in 1857.

I am dying, Egypt, dying!
Ebbs the crimson life-tide fast,
And the dark Plutonian shadows
Gather on the evening blast.
Let thine arms, O queen, enfold me;
Hush thy sobs and bow thine ear,
Listen to the great heart secrets
Thou, and thou alone, must hear.

Though my scarred and veteran legions
Bear their eagles high no more,
And my wrecked and scattered galleys
Strew dark Actium's fatal shore;
Though no glittering guards surround me,
Prompt to do their master's will,
I must perish like a Roman—
Die the great Triumvir still!

Let not Cæsar's servile minions
Mock the lion thus laid low;
'Twas no foeman's arm that felled him;
'Twas his own that struck the blow—
His who, pillowed on thy bosom,
Turned aside from glory's ray—
His who, drunk with thy caresses,
Madly threw a world away.

* * * * * * * * * *

As for thee, star-eyed Egyptian!
Glorious sorceress of the Nile!
Light the path to Stygian horrors
With the splendors of thy smile.
Give to Cæsar crowns and arches,
Let his brow the laurel twine;
I can scorn the senate's triumphs,
Triumphing in love like thine.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER. THURSDAY, AUG. 28, 1902.

Generally fair Thursday and Friday, warmer Friday, variable winds. The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 72 degrees at 1 p. m. and the minimum 66 degrees at 5 a. m.

Sun rises at 5:11; sets at 6:34. Moon rises at 11:07 a. m.

DOMESTIC:—

President Roosevelt made two notable speeches in Maine, the principal one at Bangor. His principal topic was the duties of citizenship. Took lunch with an old guide he met years ago.

Italian steamer Liguria, with 1,100 passengers on board, run down in the Narrows, as it was entering New York harbor, by steamer Peconic; panic among Italians, but no lives lost.

Henry H. Marmaduke, ex-confederate, survivor of the Monitor-Merrimac battle, has taken command of ship in Colombia.

Republican state convention in California, after long fight, nominated G. C. Pardee as party candidate for governor.

Four men implicated in scheme to defraud state of Michigan in military supply contracts pleaded guilty.

Rear Admiral Higginson reported on his part in naval war game, and urged need of wireless telegraph.

Speaker at American Bar association said constitutional amendment was solution of trust problem.

Scandia Mutual Life company of Chicago trying to absorb Scandinavian Mutual Aid association.

Rioting miners took possession of Panther Creek field and soldiers hurried to scene of disturbance.

United States Steel corporation filed amended answer in suit opposing stock conversion.

Five died in boating accident at Battle Creek, Mich.

LOCAL:—

Notes made payable to Luke Wheeler being traced by state's attorney in connection with tax fixing cases. Some notes declared forgeries. Arrests expected today. Confessions secured.

John A. J. Lee confessed that "Philetus Jones, the Boston millionaire," was an imaginary person, used to tide over a bad financial shoal.

Coroner's jury recommended release of George Rehm and Michael Dwyer, held by Lieut. O'Hara in Devine-Pennell murder case.

Board of health report that all water supply was bad ended hope of school officials, and water bottles will be insisted upon.

Harry C. Clasen, formerly painter at Elgin asylum, entered suit against Gov. Yates for $13, withheld as 5 per cent contribution.

Board of review finding so much property not listed for assessment that assessor may be asked to explain.

Endurance run to Hammond, Ind., of automobile club turned into race, but one machine is ditched.

Beatrice Struble, 14 years old, abducted from Lake View, and warrant sworn out for J. Ladd Stacks.

Illinois naval militia to try to capture shore of Lincoln park defended by 300 men.

President W. D. Mahon made effort to avert strike by urging men to arbitrate.

Another Bartholin suspect arrested in Indiana.

WASHINGTON:—

Consul General Mason at Berlin in report to state department said the iron, steel, and coal industries of Germany had combined to oppose rest of world.

Report of auditor of interior department showed amount paid in pensions for year ending June 30, 1902, was $137,400,741.

Explorer Robert E. Peary expected to return to regular duty in the navy upon his return this fall.

Value of gold output for year in United States was $78,666,700 and silver $33,128,400.

NEW YORK:—

Attorney General Knox, who sailed for Europe on Panama canal affairs, said people can abolish trusts if they so desire.

Charles T. Yerkes of the London underground railway companies arrived on the Majestic and talked of his projects.

Gates faction in Colorado Fuel and Iron fight issued statement in controversy.

Heirs of Mrs. Charles Fair accepted $500,000 and resigned all claims to estate.

FOREIGN:—

Adjt. Gen. Corbin, Maj. Gen. Young, and Maj. Gen. Wood in Berlin as guests of emperor to witness army review.

British press published full accounts of reception of Italian king in Germany and discussed triple alliance.

Haytian government forces defeated and town of Limbe captured by rebels.

Four hundred earthquakes reported in island of Mindanao since Aug. 21.

Horses ridden to death in military expedition from Brussels to Ostend.

PAGES.

1 New Lead in Tax Fixing Case.
Daughter of Preacher Abducted.
Vessels Collide in New York Harbor.
Snes Yates for "5 Per Cent."
President Preaches on Duty.

2 London Comment on Roosevelt Trip.
General News of New York.
Another Bartholin Suspect Caught.
American to Fight for Colombia.

3 Triple Alliance Needs Mending.
Horses Ridden to Death in Race.
British to Study America.
Gen. Corbin in Berlin.
Mindanao Has 400 Quakes.

4 German Trusts in Big Combine.
Result of Naval War.
Mimic Warfare on the Lake.
Appeals to Avoid a Strike.
Riots Mark Miners' Strike.

5 Women Golfers in Match Play.
Mother Gets Back Baby by Trick.
Republicans to Meet Here.
California Ticket Is Named.
Auto Trip Ends in Wild Race.

6 Larned Saves Tennis Championship.
Bettors Question Judges' Decision.
Place Ban on J. S. O'Brien.
White Sox at Home Today.

7 Values Overlooked by Assessors.
Jury Recommends Release.

8 Gates Will Keep Up the Fight.
Steel Trust Replies to Suit.
Big Insurance Deal Is Opened.
Philetus Jones a Myth.
Plead Guilty in Michigan Fraud Case

12 Editorial Comment.

13 Water Bottles as Pupils' Hope.
Fontenoy Letter.
Society Affairs.
Among the New Books.

14 In the Commercial Markets.

15 Financial News of the World.
General News of Railroads.
Records of the Courts.
Lake Maring.
Bank Reports Indicate Good Crops.

16 Penalties on Trusts Are Urged.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

C. H. Harrison crib, good.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of the Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Canal street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels, by stations at Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and east of the lake to the city limits in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-eighth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The boundaries of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north and south or east and west, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

The Rogers Park station supplies the district from Devon avenue north to the city limits.

Austin and Norwood Park have artesian well supplies.

SPORTING:—

Baseball results: American league—Cleveland, 2; Philadelphia, 1. National league—Pittsburg, 7; Boston, 2. Philadelphia, 5; St. Louis, 4. Cincinnati, 6; New York, 4.

Tennis championship in singles won by William A. Larned, who defeated Reginald F. Doherty of England.

Hawthorne crowd doubted decision of judges in fifth race, but result was not changed.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Nederland	
BREMEN	K. M. Theresia	
BROWHEAD	Teutonic	
BOULOGNE	Ryndam	
CHERBOURG		K. W. der Grosse.
HONGKONG	Hyades	
LIVERPOOL	Ivernia	Belgenland.
LIVERPOOL	Lancastrian	
LIZARD	La Lorraine	
LIZARD	St. Louis	
MOVILLE	Anchoria	
NEW YORK	Liguria	Philadelphia.
NEW YORK	Carthaginian	Oceanic.
NEW YORK	Majestic	
PLYMOUTH	Moltke	
QUEENSTOWN	Teutonic	Ultonia.
QUEENSTOWN	Haverford	
SOUTHPTON		W. der Grosse.
SCILLY	Moltke	

ON A NEW TRAIL FOR TAX FIXERS.

Notes Found, Some of Them Forged, Payable by Leading Firms, to Luke Wheeler.

ACCUSED MAN AT LARGE.

Said to Have Been Spending Money Lavishly at Race-track and on Strange Luxuries.

Through a line of notes made payable to Luke Wheeler—some of which are declared forgeries—the state's attorney's office is endeavoring to trace the connection of tax fixing work with a number of business firms. As the first step in this direction N. B. Holden, a State street shoe merchant, was asked to appear before Mr. Deneen yesterday.

A note for $1,000 bearing Mr. Holden's signature, which Wheeler had used to raise money, was promptly declared by him to be a forgery. Other notes are in the possession of the state's attorney and other business men will be called in today to explain how Wheeler came by them. At the same time the county and state tax books are being examined to discover the amount of money paid by the firms on assessments.

Robert W. Hyman, a real estate dealer, told during the day of a proposition made to him last June to reduce his taxes by a certificate of error from the board of review. The man making the proposition introduced himself as "Wheeler." Mr. Hyman says he made up his mind the proposition was not straight and rejected it.

Arrests Wait for New Evidence.

Arrests which were promised were withheld until additional evidence could be secured concerning the Masonic temple case. A partial confession and several convincing statements were given to Mr. Deneen during the day which unfold the tax fixing scheme more completely, and it is expected that warrants will be sworn out today.

From James B. Hahn, former clerk in the offices of the South Town collector, the details of an attempt to have the Masonic temple taxes "fixed" at as early a date as February were learned. J. J. Healy, a nephew of Daniel D. Healy, and John B. Hoy, a brewery agent, accused in these statements, were confronted with Hahn and his charges. Healy made a statement which has placed the state's attorney in possession of valuable information.

Wheeler Living in Luxury.

Search for Wheeler himself was still unsuccessful. The description the state's attorney now has of the man is that of a prodigal and a spendthrift. He has been traced to south side resorts and has been heard of on the "levee" spending large sums recklessly. These resorts have been searched.

He has been reported as living expensively at a hotel where a number of luxurious vagaries had made him seem peculiar. Wheeler appears oriental in his tastes, according to these descriptions. "Perfumed curtains" were one of his fads. Other articles of strange luxury are said to have been used in the furniture of his room.

As a patron of the tracks Wheeler is said to have played the races heavily, placing $300 or $400 at a venture and losing without concern. The state's attorney has heard that he went to the Derby with a party in a park drag "so high that it got under the trolley wires with difficulty."

Because of the fact that he is used to spending cash with a free hand his capture is regarded as certain. His money will give out, the authorities think, and then he will be found.

The state's attorney has learned also that Wheeler was at the trotting matinée held at the Garfield park race track Saturday afternoon. He was recognized by several horsemen with whom he talked. After seeing several of the races he left in a cab, and Detectives Tyrrell and Simms have not been able to get further trace of him.

New Direction of Inquiry.

The examination of Mr. Holden was the first step in a new direction. Today a number of other business men will be asked to explain how Wheeler obtained notes bearing their names. Mr. Deneen sent for W. Vernon Booth of A. Booth & Co. and for representatives of the Blue Ribbon Restaurant company, Walker & Ehrman, and the Chicago Malleable Iron works.

Notes bearing the names of representatives of some of these firms, it is alleged, have been in the possession of Wheeler. The case on which Mr. Holden was called in was that of a note for $1,000 signed by Mr. Holden, which Wheeler had given to John D. Rowe as collateral for a loan. Mr. Deneen says Rowe in turn is said to have used the note as collateral, and then the discovery was made that the signature was a forgery.

Suit Against Wheeler.

Rowe, who is a real estate dealer with offices at 115 Dearborn street, brought suit against Wheeler before Justice Charlton. Mr. Deneen had the record of the suit with him when Mr. Holden was called in.

It showed that the suit was begun March 18, and that Wheeler was arrested. He gave bond the next day in the sum of $5,000, signed by John Bennett. On March 29 he gave another bond signed by Bennett, and on April 8 a third. April 18 the case was called for trial, and in the absence of Wheeler the bond was declared forfeited. On April 23 Wheeler appeared and the bond was reinstated. The next day the case was dismissed at the request of Mr. Rowe.

When these facts were presented to Mr. Holden he declared the signature to be a forgery. Mr. Deneen sent for Rowe, but was unsuccessful in finding him. Last night the real estate dealer said that he had simply taken legal means to recover his money, and that the matter did not interest the public.

"I know one thing," he declared, "if my signature had been forged I should have had an investigation made of it. Mr. Holden did nothing but declare it was a forgery. I had to get my money if I could, and I took legal means to get it. If Mr. Deneen wants me to come and tell him the story I am willing to tell him anything that appears as a matter of record in the case."

Mr. Deneen's View of the Case.

Mr. Deneen said there was no reason to believe that it was anything else than a forgery, as Mr. Holden had declared.

"But what I'd like to know," said Mr. Rowe, "is, why should a man attempt the forgery of Mr. Holden's name to a note if he had never had dealings with him?"

(Continued on third page.)

SEEK GIRL AND ABDUCTOR

THE REV. W. V. STRUBLE FINDS HIS DAUGHTER IS TAKEN AWAY.

Man Comes from Pittsburg and Induces 14 Year Old Child to Go Back with Him—Minister and Judge Go to the Police and Locate the Pair on a Pennsylvania Train — Telegrams Sent to Intercept Them — Family from the East.

Followed for two weeks as she passed between her home and neighbor's houses, Beatrice Struble, 14 years old, daughter of the Rev. Wallace V. Struble of Lake View was abducted yesterday, and warrants were sworn out for the arrest of J. Ladd Stacks. The man and child left here yesterday over the Pennsylvania road.

Stacks came to Chicago three weeks ago from Pittsburg and spent a week trying to locate the Struble family. They had lived at 2103 Wabash avenue, but a few weeks ago moved to Lake View.

After finding the new residence Stacks, it is alleged, waited near the house until the girl appeared. He followed her, and finally made her acquaintance.

The Struble family also came from Pittsburg and it was not difficult for Stacks to interest the girl. During the last two weeks he saw her nearly every day before taking her away.

Father in Pursuit.

When the girl failed to return home yesterday at the usual hour the father made inquiries and learned she had been seen with a strange man. The pair were traced to the Union station, where it was found they had boarded the Pennsylvania train for Pittsburg.

Accompanied by Judge Axel Chytraus of the Superior court, the Rev. Mr. Struble called at Central station and laid the matter before the police. Mr. Struble knew of Stacks in Pittsburg and of his business, and, having heard he was in the city, at once connected him with the disappearance of the girl.

On the strength of his statements and the formal complaint filed, warrants were sworn out for Stacks' arrest, and the police of the larger cities along the Pennsylvania line were notified to watch for the pair. A similar telegram was sent to Pittsburg.

Under Man's Influence.

Miss Struble is a pretty girl, and that she told her parents nothing of her meetings with Stacks is taken by her father to indicate she was more or less under the man's influence.

Mr. Struble is a Methodist minister. He was connected with a church in Pittsburg until recently. He came to Chicago expecting to fill a pulpit here, but his health failed him and he was forced temporarily to abandon his work.

PRESTO CHANGE MATRIMONIAL COUPLE ARE AT PEACE AGAIN.

James Miner and Wife Cannot Agree on Divorce Suit Costs, So Start Housekeeping.

James Miner of Raney, Wis., and his wife of Chicago, who last February established a new matrimonial record by a courtship, marriage, and separation in three days, have settled down to prosaic married life again. Miner's attorneys at Kenosha, Wis., yesterday withdrew his bill for divorce, thus closing a kaleidoscopic matrimonial affair.

Mrs. Miner was formerly Miss Carrie Hansen of Chicago and lived with her mother in Irving park until she met James Miner. It was love at first sight, marriage at second, and then Miner took his wife home to Raney. Now, to a city girl Raney, in mid-February, is not an attractive place, and when Mrs. Miner was half through her first day as mistress of the Miner home she had had enough. She promptly said so and returned to her home.

James with equal celerity hastened to Kenosha and filed his suit for divorce. Seemingly after that both stopped to draw their breath, for no further action was taken for some time.

Arguments in regard to the division of the cost of the divorce brought the couple together again, and after they had talked the matter over they decided to live together rather than pay the expenses of a divorce suit. In order to facilitate matters the husband agreed to remove to Chicago and they have now taken a flat near the home of the bride's mother in Irving Park.

FORT SHERIDAN PRISONER FINDS NEW WAY TO ESCAPE.

Frank Byer Dashes Through Picnic Party—Guard Breakey Afraid to Shoot Lest He Kill Wrong Person.

A new plan of escape was tried successfully by a Fort Sheridan prisoner yesterday. Frank Byer of the Ninth battalion, who had been mowing the lawn near a picnic party, ran among the picnickers and then into the cover of a ravine.

Guard George Breakey could not fire for fear of hitting some one in the picnic party. The women and children ran about screaming, thinking a madman had escaped.

Byer had served only one day of his sentence of eighteen months in the guard house. Desertion was his offense.

PADDLE CANOE TO NEW YORK.

James Wallace and E. R. Parsons of Naval Militia Reach Salt Water.

New York, Aug. 27.—[Special.]—James Wallace and E. R. Parsons, aged 21 years, clerks in the office of the Royal Insurance company in Chicago, arrived in New York this morning after a canoe trip from Chicago by way of the lakes, the Erie canal, and the Hudson river. They left Chicago on July 22 in a thirteen foot open canoe, carrying a small supply of provisions and a tent. They paddled down the east shore of Lake Michigan, the west shore of Lake Huron, and the southern shore of Lake Erie to Buffalo. Both Wallace and Parsons are members of the naval militia of Chicago. They will go back to Chicago by rail.

TRAMPS BEAT AGED WOMEN.

Angered Because a Meal Is Refused Them, They Club Victims Into Insensibility and Rob House.

Springfield, O., Aug. 27.—Miss Benson, aged 70, and Mrs. Phillips, aged 60, residing four miles east of this city, were clubbed into insensibility and their house robbed this evening by two tramps, who were angered because their request for food was refused. It is believed Mrs. Phillips is fatally injured. Farmers are searching the country for the tramps.

SHIPS COLLIDE; 1,100 IN PERIL.

Steamers Crash in New York Bay—Disaster Averted by One Man's Presence of Mind.

FEARFUL PANIC ON BOARD

Adroit Use of Steerage Passengers as Human Ballast Prevents the Ship from Sinking.

New York, Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The incoming Italian royal mail steamer Liguria, with 1,100 passengers and crew, was run down in the Narrows, at the entrance to the upper bay this afternoon, by the outgoing British steamship Peconic.

The Italian's hull was cut to the water line, and in an instant there was a frightful panic on board. The vessel was inbound from Naples and carried twenty-one saloon, twenty-nine second cabin, and 965 steerage passengers.

Passengers Hard to Control.

The officers of the Liguria restrained the panic stricken passengers with difficulty. The men, women, and children had crowded the decks, gazing with eagerness at the shores of the new land to which they were coming to seek fortune and home.

All of the immigrants were crowded together on the forward deck. As they saw the bow of the other ship coming at them men, women, and children joined in a yell of terror. There was a rush for the other side of the ship till it looked as though many were being trampled to death. A number of the immigrants tried to jump overboard, but were restrained. The officers and crew hastened among the immigrants, many of whom were on their knees. A number of the women who were hysterical were taken aft, and this helped to quiet the men.

When the two steamers crashed together the screams of the frightened passengers were plainly heard on shore. Tons of water began to pour into the great hole in the side of the Liguria, and the steamer listed to port so suddenly that there was momentary fear that the vessel would turn turtle.

Drives All Across the Ship.

Capt. Montano preserved admirable presence of mind, and in a few minutes drove the panic stricken passengers over to the starboard side of the vessel. The weight of 1,100 persons suddenly thrown on one side caused a heavy list to starboard, raising the hole cut by the Peconic far above the water.

This prompt action on the part of the Italian captain doubtless saved the vessel from sinking and prevented what would otherwise have been the worst marine disaster of recent years.

Signals Not Understood.

The cause of the disaster has not yet been fully ascertained. The Peconic, fruit laden, had just left port, and the Liguria was just entering the bay.

As the two vessels approached each other there was a succession of whistle blasts. Evidently there was a misunderstanding of signals, for there was a tremendous crash, and the Peconic's bow smashed into the hull of the Liguria just forward of the foremast.

The Italian's hull was cut to the water's edge, and water poured into the aperture. The Peconic as it drifted away scraped the white hull of the Liguria and carried away the companion ladder. The bow of the Peconic on the port side was stove in and the stem turned to starboard.

Hole Twenty by Ten.

When the bow of the fruiter struck the liner on the port bow a foot or so above the water line it crashed through its iron plates and made a hole which exposed all the steerage quarters to view. This hole was about 20 feet by 10.

The bow of the Peconic struck in three other places on the liner's side, also making smaller holes, the most serious of which was one about two feet below the waterline, amidships. The hole opened into the engine rooms, but before serious damage from flooding resulted the captain's action in shifting his human ballast had saved the ship.

Capt. Montano's Story.

According to Capt. Montano, the Peconic was heading out, but well in under the Staten Island shore. Opposite and on the Liguria's starboard was another steamer passing out. The Liguria was heading between the two. To notify the Peconic Capt. Montano says he blew his whistle once.

The Pecopic did not answer for several minutes, and then suddenly blew two whistles, the signal that it was going to cross the Liguria's bow. Those on the Liguria saw the Peconic's helm put over at the same time, and it was apparent to all that there was imminent danger of a collision.

The Liguria gave three sharp blasts, the signal that it was going astern. The captain also rang for the liner's engines to be reversed. Had the Peconic's captain done the same thing, Capt. Montano says, there would have been no collision. The Peconic, he added, continued on at the same speed. The liner did not back fast enough to get out of the Peconic's way.

There was a crash and the iron prow of the Peconic went through the Liguria's side as a foot would go through the side of a peach basket. A second later the Peconic bounded back. Then it came on again, striking the liner amidships. Then the two ships drew apart.

Augustinian General on Board.

Among the passengers on board the Italian steamer was Father Rodrigues, general of the Catholic order of the Augustinians.

The head of the Augustinians was standing near the bridge when the Liguria was struck. He did not seem surprised at all. Some one asked him if he was scared.

"Not at all," said he. "I have never seen so many ships in my life as in this harbor, and I had already made up my mind that collisions were the usual thing here and that we would be hit. I think it wonderful that every ship isn't hit."

Father Rodriguez was met at Quarantine by Father Murphy of the Augustinian monastery at Tompkinsville, S. I. He will proceed directly to Washington, probably this evening.

Comes Back for Repairs.

The Peconic was so damaged that it had to return for repairs. The Liguria, after the inspection of passengers at quarantine, proceeded to its dock.

There were no casualties on board the Liguria nor on the Peconic. The latter vessel was in charge of Pilot Charles Thompson and was deeply laden.

YATES SUED FOR "5 PER."

CHICAGO MAN WANTS RETURN FROM "SLUSH FUND."

When the Governor Arrives a Constable Will Greet Him with a Summons from a Justice Court, Where H. C. Clasen, Formerly a Painter at the Elgin Asylum, Has Begun Action to Recover $12 Paid as a Political Assessment.

When Gov. Richard Yates next comes to Chicago he will be met by a humble constable. This constable will have a writ summoning the chief executive of the state to appear before a justice of the peace. And when the governor appears there the question will be asked why he should not pay back to a man who used to be a painter in the Elgin asylum $12 which the painter paid to the 5 per cent assessment fund.

The governor will not be the only defendant in the case. With him in the suit brought late yesterday afternoon before Justice Underwood are grouped A. L. French, who is popularly supposed to be the custodian of the fund; J. S. Neville, also supposed to be one of the trustees; Dr. Frank Whitman, superintendent of the Elgin insane asylum; and W. C. Thiers, chief clerk there, to whom the plaintiff says he paid his assessment. The plaintiff is Harry C. Clasen, now living at 162 Ninety-second street, Chicago.

Redeems "Slush Fund" I. O. U.

"Clasen was employed at the insane asylum, working in the paint shop there at a wage of $55 a month, and, according to the complaint his attorney makes before Justice Underwood, he had to give up 5 per cent of that amount in quarterly payments to the "slush fund." The last payment he made to this account was for the quarter ending Oct. 1, 1901, and that time he had to give a due bill to Thiers, which he redeemed afterwards. The next payment he missed, and in April was discharged. The suit is brought to recover the $12 he paid on Oct. 10.

Wallace E. Shirrs, the attorney for Clasen, in discussing the case, said:

"We expect to prove that Clasen paid this money under duress, and he is undoubtedly entitled to recover. The reason the governor is made a defendant in the case along with the other people who have been managing the fund is that it is necessary to show where this money goes to as well as to whom it is paid in order to recover. The suit is brought under the old three 'common counts.'

Will Prove Tax Compulsory.

"When the case comes to trial we will be prepared to show that Clasen had been notified he must pay 5 per cent of his salary to this 'slush fund' every quarter. That when it came time to make the payment in October he did not have the money, and when pressed for it gave W. C. Thiers an 'I. O. U.' for the amount, which he afterwards paid.

"We will show, too, that next time he still could not pay the assessment, and was called into the office of Dr. Whitman and asked to settle. He said his life insurance payment was due, and he needed the money for that. Then Whitman told him that was all right, adding, 'I have understood things are not going on as they should in the paint shop.' On Clasen's repeated refusal to pay the assessment Clasen was discharged.

Says Governor Can Explain.

"The governor has been joined in the suit along with Thiers, to whom the money was paid, and Whitman, who is at the head of the asylum, for the reason that it is necessary to find out where the money so collected has gone to.

"It is believed the governor can shed considerable light on this important question, and Messrs. French and Neville may also. The understanding is that Neville and French are the custodians of the fund."

SOOT FROM SKYSCRAPER SHOVELED INTO THE AIR.

Cheap Way Taken of Cleaning Marquette Block Roof at Expense of Pedestrians and Buildings to Leeward.

The smoke and flying dust had company yesterday in the form of soot and dirt from the top of the Marquette building. The accumulations on the roof of that skyscraper were shoveled into the air by cleaners and permitted to blow away. Supposedly, this scheme was adopted as the easiest and cheapest way of getting rid of the stuff.

All that was necessary, apparently, was the simple shoveling. The wind was strong enough to do the rest. It carried the dirt clear of the building, but was not strong enough to carry it beyond the city limits. Within two and three blocks it sifted down to the streets and pavements, and sprinkled itself in generous quantities on the hats and clothing of people.

Little clouds of black soot could be seen shooting up a few feet from the roof, then rolling away to the southwest. People in the top stories of the Monadnock block and the Great Northern hotel could see that men with shovels were scraping the dirt into piles, then throwing shovelfuls of it as high as they could and watching it float away.

HORSE THIEF AN EX-CONVICT.

Man Arrested at the Monroe County, Wis., Fair Is Found to Be Pat Ryan, a Notorious Criminal.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The man arrested at the Monroe county fair last week on suspicion of being the leader of the horse thieves who have been operating in Wisconsin, Minnesota, and Iowa for several months, has been identified as Pat Ryan, one of the most notorious horse thieves in the west. Ryan was sent to the state penitentiary from La Crosse county a number of years ago for horse stealing, was twice convicted in Crawford county and committed to Waupun prison for a similar offense. He also figured in a jail breaking episode at Prairie du Chien, where the sheriff's sister, who endeavored to prevent his escape, was severely beaten. A meeting was held here tonight by a hundred sheriffs of this and surrounding states to plan a concerted campaign against horse thieves.

FOUR GIRLS AND A MAN DROWN.

Rowboat Filled with Employes of Battle Creek Sanitarium Struck by a Steamer.

Battle Creek, Mich., Aug. 27.—Five employes of the Battle Creek sanitarium, nurses, probationers, and stenographers, were drowned at Lake Goguac this evening as a result of a collision between the steamer Welcome and a rowboat containing a party of young people. Those drowned were:

Mr. Bennett, Dallas, Tex.
Fannie Brady, Battle Creek, Mich.
Mabel Ricard, Traverse City, Mich.
Ella Dorsey, Allegheny, Pa.
Fanny Willis, North Toronto, Ont.

Carrie Fyock of Johnstown Pa., clung to the boat, and was the only one saved.

PRESIDENT GIVES SERMONS ON DUTY

Roosevelt Addresses Great Crowds at Bangor and Waterville, Me., Ignoring Politics.

PRAISE FOR THE FARMERS

Executive Speaks in Evening at Ellsworth, Saying Navy Is Best Guarantee of Peace.

Ellsworth, Me., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt preached two sermons on the duty of citizens today. His first speech was at Watertown, on his way from Augusta to Bangor, and in the afternoon he spoke before an immense crowd on the fair grounds at Bangor.

He did not mention politics. He simply preached two earnest, old fashioned sermons and praised the farmers. His speeches were filled with epigrams and were received with "amens."

Tonight the president spoke here, declaring a great navy the best guarantee of peace, and outlining his views on trusts and their regulation.

The president's second day in the Pine Tree state was full of interest. Starting from the governor's residence at an early hour, he was taken for a drive through the city of Augusta, and at 9:30 left for Bangor.

Sends for His Old Guide.

Just before leaving Augusta the president heard that his old guide, Bill Sewall of Island Falls, Me., who had accompanied him on many hunting expeditions and who had for a time been employed on his ranch in Dakota, was at Bangor. He telegraphed Congressman Powers at Bangor to "corral" Bill. That the congressman carried out these instructions was proved when he produced the tall, rawboned, red whiskered hunter upon the president's arrival.

"I'm glad to see you, Bill," said the president. Whereupon Bill replied: "You ain't no gladder than I be."

Tells of Hunting Trips.

The president told the story of friendship of many years with the old guide and how many years ago, while on a hunting trip through Maine, owing to the shortage of the meat supply, they had eaten muskrat together. The president seemed to delight in the simplicity of the man and insisted that he should sit down to dinner with him. Bill therefore had the distinction of dining with the chief executive of the nation and the governor of his state.

On the drive through Bangor the president's carriage was stopped in front of the portico of the orphans' home, where the little ones were assembled, and they greeted him in song.

The platform from which the president spoke was directly in front of the grand stand on the Bangor racetrack, which was packed with humanity. Behind him was another dense crowd. He informed his audiences that he did not think he faced both ways, but that on that occasion he would have to.

Speech on Bangor Fair Grounds.

The great crowd on the fair grounds cheered wildly as the president arose. He spoke as follows:

"I am glad to greet the farmers of Maine. During the century that has closed the growth of industrialism has necessarily meant that cities and towns have increased in population more rapidly than the country districts. And yet it remains true now, as it has always been, that in the last resort the country districts are those in which we are surest to find the old American spirit, the old American habits of thought and ways of living.

"Conditions have changed in the country far less than they have changed in the city, and in consequence there has been little breaking away from the methods of life which have produced the great majority of the leaders of the republic in the past. Almost all of our great presidents have been brought up in the country, and most of them worked hard on the farms in their youth and got their early mental training in the healthy democracy of farm life.

"The forces which made these farm bred boys leaders of men when they had come to their full manhood are still at work in our country districts. Self help and individual initiative remain to a peculiar degree typical of life in the country, life on a farm, in a lumbering camp, on a ranch. Neither the farmers nor their hired men can work through combinations as readily as the capitalists or wageworkers of cities can work.

Much Progress in Farming.

"It must not be understood from this that there has been no change in farming and farm life. The contrary is the case. There has been much change, much progress. The granger and similar organizations, the farmers' institutes, and all the allegiances which promote intelligent coöperation and give opportunity for social and mental intellectual intercourse among the farmers have played a large part in raising the level of life and work in the country districts. In the domain of government the department of agriculture since its foundation has accomplished results as striking as those obtained under any other branch of the national administration.

"By scientific study of all matters connected with the advancement of farm life, by experimental stations; by the use of trained agents, sent to the uttermost countries of the globe; by the practical application of anything which in the ordinary has been demonstrated to be efficient; in these ways and in many others great good has been accomplished in raising the standard of productiveness in farm work throughout the country.

"We live in an era when the best results can only be achieved if to individual self-help we add the mutual self-help which comes by combination, both of citizens in their individual capacity and of citizens working through the state as an instrument. The farmers of the country have grown more and more to realize this, and farming has tended more and more to take its place as an applied science—though, as with everything else, the theory must be tested in practical work and can avail only when applied in practical fashion.

Farmer Still Typical American.

"But after all this has been said it remains true that the countryman, the man on the farm more than any other of our citizens, is called upon continually to exercise the qualities which we like to think of as typical of the United States throughout its history; the qualities of rugged independence, masterful resolution, and individual energy and resourcefulness. He works hard (for which no man is to be pitied) and often he lived hard (which may not be pleasant), but his life is passed in healthy surroundings, surround-

ings which tend to develop a fine type of citizenship.

"In the country, moreover, the conditions are fortunately such as to allow a closer touch between man and man than, too often, we find to be the case in the city. Men feel more vividly the underlying sense of brotherhood, of community, of interest. I do not mean by this that there are not plenty of problems connected with life on the farm and in our rural districts. There are many problems, and great wisdom and earnest disinterestedness of effort are needed for their solution.

"After all, we are one people, with the same fundamental characteristics, whether we live in the city or the country, the west, east, north, or south. Each of us, unless he is contented to be a slumberer on the earth's surface, must strive to do his life work with his whole heart. Each must remember that while he will be noxious to every one unless he first do his duty by himself he must also strive ever to do his duty by his fellow.

Qualities of Good Citizen.

"The problem of how to do these duties is acute everywhere. It is most acute in great cities, but it exists in the country, too. A man, to be a good citizen, must first be a good breadwinner, a good husband, a good father—I hope, the father of many healthy children—just as a woman's first duty is to be a good housewife and mother.

"The business duties, the home duties to one's family, come first. The couple who bring up plenty of healthy children—who leave behind them many sons and daughters fitted in their turn to be good citizens—such a couple emphatically deserves well of the state.

"In the first place, if the work is done in a spirit of condescension it will be better never to attempt it. It is almost as irritating to be patronized as to be wronged. The only safe way of working is to try to find out some scheme by which it is possible to make a common effort for the common good. Each of us needs at times to have a helping hand stretched out to him or her.

Duty to Aid the Fallen.

"Every one of us slips on some occasion, and shame to his fellow who then refuses to stretch out the hand that should always be ready to help the man who stumbles. It is our duty to lift him up; but it is also our duty to remember that there is no earthly use in trying to carry him. If a man will submit to being carried that is sufficient to show that he is not worth carrying. In the long run the only kind of help that really avails is the help which teaches a man to help himself. Such help every man who has been blessed in life should try to give to those who are less fortunate, and such help can be accepted with entire self-respect.

"The aim to set before ourselves in trying to aid one another is to give that aid under conditions which will harm no man's self-respect and which will teach the less fortunate how to help themselves as their strongest brothers do. To give such aid it is necessary not only to possess the right kind of heart but also the right kind of head. Hardness of heart is a dreadful quality, but it is doubtful whether in the long run it works more damage than softness of head. At any rate both are undesirable.

"The prerequisite to doing good work in the field of philanthropy—in the field of social effort, undertaken with one's fellows for the common good, is that it shall be undertaken in a spirit of broad sanity, no less than of broad and loving charity.

Takes Text from Alsatian.

"The other day I picked up a little book called 'The Simple Life,' written by an Alsatian, Charles Wagner, and he preached such wholesome, sound doctrine that I wish it could be used as a tract throughout our country. To him the whole problem of our complex, somewhat feverish modern life can be solved only by getting men and women to lead better lives. He sees that the permanence of liberty and democracy depends upon a majority of the people being steadfast in that good, plain morality which, as a national attribute, comes only as the result of the slow and painful labor of centuries, and which can be squandered in a generation by the thoughtless and vicious.

"He preaches the doctrine of the superiority of the moral to the material. He does not undervalue the material, but he insists, as we of this nation should always insist, upon the infinite superority of the moral, and the sordid destruction which comes upon either the nation or individual if it or he becomes absorbed only in the desire to get wealth. The true line of cleavage lies between the good citizen and the bad citizen, and the line of cleavage may, and often does, run at right angles to that which divides the rich and the poor.

Good and Bad Citizens.

"The signs of virtue lie in man's capacity to care for what is outside himself. The man who gives himself up to the service of his appetites, the man who the more goods he has the more he wants, has surrendered himself to destruction. It makes little difference with him whether he achieves his purpose or not. If to his point of view is all wrong he is a bad citizen, whether he be rich or poor.

"It is a small matter to the community whether in arrogance and insolence he has misused great wealth, or whether, though poor, he is possessed by the mean and fierce desire to seize a morsel, the biggest possible of that prey which the fortunate of earth consume.

"The man who lives simply, and justly, and honorably, whether rich or poor, is a good citizen. Those who dream only of idleness and pleasure, who hate others and fail to recognize the duty of each man to his brother, these, be they rich or poor, are the enemies of the state."

Speaks to Waterville Paper Men.

At Waterville, on the way from Augusta to Bangor, where are located a number of large paper mills, a stand had been erected close to the station, and from there the president greeted a large number of people, many of whom had come from a distance in all sorts of conveyances to hear him. He spoke briefly, saying:

"My Fellow Citizens: I wish to thank you, to thank all the people of Maine, for the way in which I have been greeted. I feel in a certain sense a right to the greeting, for at least I am trying to put in practice the principles in which you believe. I feel that the art of successful government in our country is the art of applying practically the every day principles of decency, morality, and common sense, which must be applied by the average citizen if he is to be a good husband, a good father, a good neighbor, and a good citizen. There is not any wonderful brilliancy or genius in it. What we need is the applicaton of the every day principles that a man needs if he is to make his business a success, if he is to do his duty in his own family and to his neighbor.

Duty to Help Others.

"All of us stumble at times. There is not a man here who does not at times need a helping hand stretched out toward him. Shame on the man who, when the opportunity to help is given, fails to stretch out the hand. Help the man who stumbles. Help the brother who slips. Set him up on his feet. Try to start him along the right road. But if he lies down make up your mind you cannot carry him. If he won't try to walk himself he is not worth carrying. That is so among your neighbors; that is so in your families.

When to Extend Aid.

"The only way by which in the long run any man can be helped is by teaching him to help himself. Of course, there may come sudden cataclysms where you have got to extend help with a free hand, thinking only of the immediate need, not of the ultimate results. Of course, new conditions will arise here and there, especially in the complex industrial life of great cities, where you must shape legislation of the country on a new basis to meet the new conditions. But fundamentally it is true that the only permanent betterment in the condition of any nation is to raise the standard of individual citizenship throughout that nation."

Talks at Ellsworth.

The presidential party was accompanied to Ellsworth by Gov. Hill and his staff and Congressmen Burleigh and Powers. The president was driven from the station to the Pines, the home of Senator Hale, by the senator. A little later the president sat down to a dinner in his honor.

Senator Hale introduced the president, who said in part:

"I have thoroughly enjoyed the two days that I have spent in your beautiful state. I have enjoyed seeing the state, and I have enjoyed the most meeting what really counts in any state—the men and women. There are other countries than ours just as fitted by nature to be agricultural, commercial, industrial centers, and they fail to reach the height that ours has reached because they have not the same men to take advantage of the conditions. Now, we ought not to say that in any spirit of boastfulness. We ought to say it as a reminder to us that we are not to be excused if in the future we do any less well than has been done in the past.

Nation Must Face Trials.

"There are plenty of problems ahead of us. We stand on the threshold of a new century. No one can say what trial will be before this nation during that century; but that there must be trials we may be sure. No nation can face greatness without having to face trials. Whether we will or not, we must hereafter play in the world the part of a great power. We can play that part ill or we can play it well, but play it somehow we must. It is not open to us to dodge the difficulties. We can run away if we want to, but I do not think that you are built that way.

"We have to face difficulties at home and abroad, for the great problems always before any nation are the problems of keeping up its honor in international affairs and when there is armed assault from without. In international affairs, in times of peace, our honor is in our own keeping.

Great Navy Insures Peace.

"I believe there is but small chance of our having to face trouble abroad; but we shall avoid it, not by blindly refusing to admit that there ever might be trouble, but by safeguarding against it. And the best possible safeguard for this nation is an adequate and highly efficient navy.

"You do not win victories merely on the day on which the battle is fought. You have got to prepare for them in advance. When Manila and Santiago were fought, great glory came to the men aboard the ships, who did the fighting, but an equal amount of praise belongs to those men who prepared in advance. Dewey's ships won their great victory under the presidency of McKinley, but they were built under Presidents Arthur, Cleveland, and Harrison. His men and the officers aboard them were able to do what they did because through months and years of patient practice, often under officers to whom it was denied to be in actual battle, they were trained to the point of efficiency we saw.

"The men in congress, such as my host of this evening, and his fellows, who saw the need, who voted for the ships, who voted for the guns, who voted to allow money for powder which could be used to best advantage by being used up in practice—those were the men who rendered that victory possible. Now, it is the work that is being done in the navy which will render that navy fit to respond to any call that may be made upon it, if, which heaven forbid, such call shall ever be made.

Talks of Trust Problem.

"Even more important is it to deal well and wisely with affairs within our own borders. Our great progress has brought many problems in its train.

"Now, there is no patent way of solving all these problems. There is no pet recipe or pet nostrum which you can take as a whole and have all the problems of the body politic solved.

"Take the evils that come up to our mind when we speak of the trusts. Some of the evils alleged are imaginary, others are real. Certainly the change produced along a number of lines by the increase of power of these corporations, by their increase in magnitude, is not a change that most of us welcome. There is every reason why we should resolutely declare our purpose, and put into effect our purpose, to take cognizance of the evils and find out which of the evils are real and which are imaginary, and to find out what legislative or administrative expedients can be employed to minimize or to do away with those evils.

Wants All Evils Eradicated.

"But the one thing sure is that if we try to apply those expedients which in any way border upon the hysterical we are going to fail. I want to see the knife used to cut out any evil, but I want to see it used so that it will be more dangerous to the disease than to the patient. You can perfectly well reduce the prosperity of the trusts by reducing the prosperity of everybody. In 1893 no trusts flourished—nothing flourished. But we want to devise some method by which we can minimize any evil they do without interfering with the general prosperity, which is a benefit to all. We wish to avoid trying any solution of the problem which would involve us all in a common disaster—a disaster that would be felt most severely by those least well off in the world's goods. On the one hand I believe that the men of great means should understand that when we demand some method of asserting the power of the nation over all corporations we are acting not against their interest but in their interest.

"On the one hand let men of great wealth realize that in seeking for this remedy we are both unalterably bent upon finding it and are doing it in no spirit of hostility to them, but in a spirit to find out what is best for them and for all of us alike. That is what they must realize. And on the other hand, let those who feel that there is something wrong avoid above all things being led to act in a spirit of ignorant envy, of rancor, general or sectional.

"If we are going to solve this problem aright it will be because we approach it with all the sanity, with all the temperateness, the sound intelligence that there is at our command. But the minute that we let our eyes be dimmed by the mists of envy, and hatred, and rancor we shall unfit ourselves to act either in our own interests or in the interests of our common country."

EPIGRAMS FROM ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH DELIVERED YESTERDAY AT BANGOR, ME.

It is almost as irritating to be patronized as to be wronged.

The country districts are those in which we are surest to find the old American spirit.

A man to be a good citizen must first be a good bread winner, a good husband, a good father.

The man who lives simply, and justly, and honorably, whether rich or poor, is a good citizen.

The forces which made these farm bred boys leaders of men are still at work in our country districts.

In the long run the only kind of help that really avails is the help which teaches a man to help himself.

Almost all of our great Presidents have been brought up in the country, and most of them worked hard on the farms.

Hardness of heart is a dreadful quality, but it is doubtful whether in the long run it works more damage than softness of head.

Material prosperity without the moral lift toward righteousness means a diminished capacity for happiness and a debased character.

We live in an era when the best results can only be achieved, if to individual self-help we add the mental self-help which comes by combination.

The man on the farm, more than any other of our citizens, today is called upon continually to exercise the qualities we like to think of as typical of the United States.

The true line of cleavage lies between the good citizen and the bad citizen, and the line of cleavage may, and often does, run at right angles to that which divides the rich and the poor.

WIRELESS WORD TO PRESIDENT.

Catalina Island, Off California Coast, Sends Greetings to Roosevelt by New System.

Ellsworth, Me., Aug. 27.—President Roosevelt tonight gave out the following dispatches received and sent by him:

"Avalon, Catalina Island, Cal.—Catalina Island, Cal., heretofore isolated in the Pacific ocean, sends greeting to her great American president on the occasion of her being put in communication with the entire world, brought about through the medium of the Pacific wireless telegraph, a purely American invention, now in successful operation.

"A. L. New, General Manager."

"To A. L. New, Catalina Island, Cal.: Please extend my greetings to the citizens of Catalina Island and my cordial congratulations upon the establishment of telegraphic communication. THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

BRITISH WITH ROOSEVELT

LONDON DISCUSSES ATTITUDE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Declarations on Monroe Doctrine Favorably Received and Trust Policy Is Commended—Papers Praise His Courage and Predict He Will Win Over Party Leaders Who Oppose Him — Turf Reform Suggested as Remedy for Monopoly.

LONDON, Aug. 28, 3 a. m.—President Roosevelt's declaration on trusts and the Monroe doctrine are both subjects of extensive comment in the London press this morning. Discussion of the former matter centers less upon the intrinsic merits of the trust question than upon the outcome of the presidential struggle with the party leaders. All the newspapers express admiration of President Roosevelt's courage and boldness, but hesitate to predict the result.

The Daily News says: "Many chances are on Mr. Roosevelt's side. St. George goes out to meet the dragon, and the wishes of the whole world will be with him in his fight."

The Daily Telegraph expresses the opinion that the trust question will prove to be the most epoch making issue in American politics since Bryan's schism on silver, and says there is absolutely no discernible limit to the vista of political convulsions, vicissitudes, and divisions which may be the outcome thereof.

While recognizing the danger of the unchecked growth of commercial combines, this paper finds it difficult to conceive of any form or process of interference which would not produce a tremendous financial crisis and jeopardize America's economic supremacy.

Sees Remedy in Tariff Reform.

The Daily Telegraph contends that tariff reform would, politically and economically, be the least dangerous and the most effective way of keeping the national monopolies in order.

The Morning Post and the Daily Chronicle both admit that Great Britain has no cause to cavil at what they characterize as "President Roosevelt's modified interpretation of Monroeism," which, plainly stated, they declare to be a sanction of the status quo on the American continent, and which the Post says means that British possessions in the Americas are to be secured by what is practically a United States guarantee.

The Post expresses the hope that President Roosevelt's declaration foreshadows the acceptance by the United States of its responsibilities for the keeping of better order in the South American republics.

Fear the United States.

The Chronicle thinks the matter wears a different aspect to the continental powers, who see in South America the last and the most tempting field for colonization and for new markets. This paper doubts, however, whether any power will risk the tremendous chances of war with the United States, be the prize never so seductive. "One thing seems clear," says the Chronicle, "if Monroeism is ever seriously challenged it will be soon. The United States appears to realize this, and is building a fleet to defend the doctrine."

British Should Not Object.

The Times says it believes President Roosevelt has reasserted Monroeism in a more distinct and definite form than it has been presented to the world by any person with authority to speak on the subject since the policy the doctrine represents came into being, and says:

"As Monroeism is defined by President Roosevelt, in strict conformity indeed with its original conception and objects, it is a policy to which Great Britain has no right to take exception and which we have no interest in obstructing, and, at the same tiem, we have no reason to object to the protest of the United States against the acquisition of new territorial rights in North or South America by any of the European powers. That is not a principle of international law but a question of policy, and one upon which every government has an indisputable claim to take its own line."

ADOPTED CHILDREN GET RICHES

Each of the Three Foster Daughters of a Late Ohio Millionaire Given $300,000 by Court.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The sensational contest over the estate of the late F. P. Mast, the millionaire manufacturer of Springfield, was settled today, and each of his three adopted daughters will get $300,000. One is the wife of Francis B. Loomis, a Cincinnati newspaper man, who was at one time United States minister to Venezuela and is now minister to Portugal.

PIONEER CIRCUS MAN IS DEAD.

George W. De Haven, Who Inaugurated the Railroad Show and Roman Hippodrome, Passes Away.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Aug. 27.—George W. De Haven, pioneer circus proprietor, is dead here, aged 65. He was the first showman to inaugurate the "railroad" circus, and also introduced Roman hippodrome races in circus performances.

KANSAS CITY ONE WAY $5.50—

Round Trip $10—St. Louis Round Trip $8.00—Via Chicago and Alton, "The Only Way."

One way tickets to Kansas City good going Aug. 29 to Sept. 1 inclusive. Round trip tickets good leaving Chicago night trains Friday, Aug. 29, all trains Saturday, Aug. 30; return limit up to last train leaving St. Louis and Kansas City Monday, Sept. 1. Good in palace reclining chair cars, free of extra charge, and Pullman sleepers. Tourist sleepers between Chicago and Kansas City, rate $1.00. Tickets at C. and A. city ticket office, 101 Adams street (Phone Central 1707), and Union Passenger Station.

YERKES RETURNS; TALKS OF PLANS.

Says Morgan's London Railway Interests Do Not Amount to Much.

KNOX EXPECTS TRUST LAW

Attorney General Declares Nation Can Do Away with the Big Combines.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 27.

Charles T. Yerkes, chairman of the Underground railway company of London, arrived on the liner Majestic this evening. Mr. Yerkes soon will return to England. In regard to the underground system Mr. Yerkes said the company's interests were not in any way connected with those of J. Pierpont Morgan.

Yerkes Returns and Talks of London Roads.

"We have four different franchises passed by parliament," he continued. "Those four, with that of the Metropolitan District railway, which is run by steam, comprise our system. The underground roads of London carry about 200,000,000 persons annually, and the completion of our system will increase the traffic from 50 to 100 per cent. We will operate about 1,000 cars, and the motive power will be furnished by the third rail."

Mr. Yerkes was asked what Mr. Morgan's underground interests were.

"They consist," he replied, "of nothing, or next to nothing, except an application to parliament, which we are fighting, and which is for permission to build a railroad that will parallel the district road, with three tracks underneath the Piccadilly and Brompton road. If this franchise were granted it might cause us some harm by taking away some of our business, and then again it might, as we contend, weaken the structure of our railroad.

"Millions will be spent by us and the most strenuous opposition will be made to prevent any attempt by the friends of Mr. Morgan to establish a road which will compete with ours.

"In fact, we have what we want, and so far they have nothing.

"Why this enterprise has been fostered by Mr. Morgan and his associates is past my understanding. I think it has been advanced by engineers who are friends of their London house and want the employment which would come from the development of such a scheme.

"In eighteen months we expect to have our lines running. Last year we did not get far advanced, but a new company with a capital of $25,000,000 has absorbed the old company, which was capitalized at $1,000,000, and also obtained four different franchises, which had already been passed through parliament.

"When completed our lines will go in an oval under the heart of the city of London, and these different lines will connect with this oval. This makes through lines from the mouth of the Thames at the sea with the town of Richmond, sixty miles away. When finished there will be sixty-six miles of double track to connect with other lines for the whole length, all electrically equipped, and the majority of the distance being run through subways practically the same as the one now under construction in New York."

On her promise not to solicit alms in the future Mrs. Jean Harris Hunter, who was arrested here by officers of the Charity Organization society for begging, has been allowed to go without trial.

Knox Says the People Can Do Away with Trusts.

Attorney General Philander C. Knox, with his son, Reed Knox, sailed for Europe today on the steamship Oceanic. When seen on the steamship Mr. Knox said, among other things, that President Roosevelt's speeches, in which he referred to the trusts, would undoubtedly cause congress to take some action at its next meeting. He also said it all rested with the people whether the trusts be abolished or not.

"I am going abroad for the purpose of obtaining a clear title to the property bought by us from the Panama Canal company," said Mr. Knox. "I shall also investigate the treaty between the Panama Canal company and the Colombian government which is to be transferred to us.

"I have no doubt that everything will go through all right, and the reports that I have received from Mr. Russell of the department of justice, who has been in Paris during the last six weeks, show that all is going harmoniously.

"In regard to the president's recent speeches on the trust question, I can only say that I am heartily in accord with everything he has said. I think after what the president has said that something in regard to the trusts will be forthcoming at the next meeting of congress. The president has been making great and wise speeches, which will undoubtedly bear fruit."

Mr. Knox was asked to give an opinion on the prediction by Russell Sage in which he said that the formation of trusts would surely bring on a revolution.

"If the American people want the trusts done away with it will be done," Mr. Knox said. "It would be shameful for the American people to admit that they could not do anything that they wanted to."

Firemen on a Harlem river tugboat line have struck for more pay, because, they declare, their work has been almost doubled by the use of soft coal. The deckhands also struck for $2 a day, saying the increased cost of foods has made it almost impossible for them to live on $1.50.

Auto Aids Patrol Wagon in Fifth Avenue Man Hunt.

Automobilists in a big machine and a patrol wagon filled with policemen took turns in a chase after two alleged burglars this morning, in which hundreds of pedestrians joined as it continued for about half a mile. John Murphy, 17 years old, an expressman, was captured. The other got away. They both baffled the horseless wagon by taking to the Forty-fifth street footbridge across the New York Central railroad yards.

The thieves were discovered examining silverware in a caterer's basement. They ran out, where a policeman took up the chase. At Forty-fifth street and Fifth avenue the automobile, which carried two men and two women, turned out of the avenue and followed with ever increasing speed, but the men gained the approach to the bridge just as the heavy rubbered wheels bumped against the curb behind them.

The fugitives parted at Lexington avenue and ran in opposite directions. Murphy turned south just as the patrol wagon came along after delivering a load of prisoners to the Yorkville court. The horses were lashed into a gallop behind him. He turned east in Forty-third street, and had nearly gained Third avenue when he was overhauled. A policeman leaped from the flying vehicle, collared the now thoroughly winded youth, and the chase was done. A candle was the most incriminating thing found upon him.

A project for combining the various towing lines of this harbor has been revived, and material progress is said to have been made towards bringing about a consolidation of the more important concerns.

Many Notables Arrive on the Majestic.

Among the passengers who arrived tonight per steamer Majestic from Liverpool and Queenstown were the Right Hon. Sir Edmund Barton, premier of the Australian commonwealth, and Lady Barton; the Right Rev. H. N. Chunton, bishop of Nassau; Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting and Miss Cutting; the Right Hon. Sir John Forrest, minister of defense of the Australian commonwealth, and Lady Forrest; Bishop J. C. Hartsell, and Gen. J. H. Wilson.

The civil service board has been examining 1,300 men who want to become policemen. The officials told the candidates today that if any of their number had paid for a set of the questions to be asked and would tell them about it they would put him in the way of getting his money back. Nobody would admit having bought the question paper.

Wrong Questions Sold to Would Be Policemen.

Several of the men examined secured question papers in advance, but were doomed to disappointment, for the civil service board had prepared a new set for the aspirants to answer.

The examination today was in spelling, arithmetic, writing, knowledge of the city, and the rules and regulations of the department. The board considers the civil service rule requiring a six foot policeman to weigh 145 pounds, while a fireman must tip the scales at 135 pounds, a foolish requirement.

The Rev. Thomas Gallaudet, D. D., a Protestant Episcopal clergyman who was noted for his work among deaf mutes, died at his home in this city today. He was born at Hartford, Conn., in 1822.

Fire Chief Croker carried his first point in his fight against Fire Commissioner Sturgis today when Justice Hall, in the Supreme court, issued a peremptory writ of mandamus ordering that the "suspended" chief be restored to duty at once as the active head of the fire department. Practically every contention put forward by the deposed chief is granted.

Court Orders Fire Chief Croker Restored to Duty.

Counsel for the chief insisted on Friday that under the charter the commissioner could not "suspend" the chief, and that it was specially provided that he could be only dismissed on charges, fined, or reprimanded.

It was claimed that the action of the commissioner was an attempt to dodge the plain provisions of the charter. This the justice upholds.

At a special stockholders' meeting of the Interborough Rapid Transit company it has been voted to increase the capital stock of the company from $25,000,000 to $35,000,000, the purpose being to raise funds to defray the expense of building the projected tunnel from Manhattan to Brooklyn.

State Convention Has Power to Reject Devery.

The confidence with which the friends of David Bennett Hill have announced their intention to keep William S. Devery out of the democratic state convention when it meets in Saratoga on Sept. 30, no matter how many votes he may receive in the primaries, is due to the fact that the primary election law does not extend to state conventions, the acts of which are not reviewable by the courts.

The state convention and the state committee are the only political organizations in the state which are beyond the courts. They can do whatever a majority of the members wish without fear of any court upsetting any act of theirs.

The convention, therefore, can throw Mr. Devery out, alone and all by himself, or it can take his whole delegation of three and throw them out, and give the seats to any one whom it wants to see in them, regardless of the number of votes they received at the primaries.

The primary law protects Devery in his membership in all other conventions and committees, such as the county convention and the general legislative committees.

Real Estate to Be Assessed at Its Full Value.

The tax commissioners have completed plans by which they hope to reduce the tax rate for next year to less than $1.50. This reduction is to be brought about by the enforcement of the law which provides that real estate shall be assessed upon its full value. Heretofore real estate in this city has been assessed on a percentage basis, a system that had led to many inequalities. The present assessment is upon not more than 54 per cent of full value. The change will mean the increasing of the assessed valuation of the real estate of the city by nearly $1,179,000,000.

Stuart Robson Sues Railway for Lost Performance.

Actor Stuart Robson is suing the Southern railway company in the City court to recover $2,000 damages for alleged failure of the company to carry out an agreement to deliver baggage, costumes, and scenery in time for a performance at the Academy of Music at Richmond, Va., on the night of Jan. 3 last. His effects did not arrive until 10:47 o'clock that night, and he says the audience had to be dismissed, losing him $2,000.

The alleged contract was embraced in part in the time table. This had the train carrying his effects scheduled to arrive that day at Richmond at 5:45 p. m. The train was late. The company sets up the provision printed on its time tables and other stationery that it will not be responsible for the trains failing to keep to the schedule. The company also denies that it had any knowledge of the theatrical engagements of Mr. Robson.

Jealousy Prompts Double Murder; Slayer May Die.

Jealousy led Christian Ganze, a tailor, to shoot and kill Lizzie Hall and Arthur W. Campbell, who had supplanted him in the woman's affections, today. After the double murder Ganze shot himself in the head. He is dying in Bellevue hospital. The shooting occurred in the apartments of the woman at 214 East Twenty-fifth street. Her real name was Lizzie Otto, and she is said to have come from a wealthy family of Stroudsburg, Pa. The woman had lived at the Twenty-fifth street house for about eight months. She occupied three small rooms in the rear of the ground floor.

BURGLARS GET $2,700 IN GOLD.

Safe in Courthouse in Edmonds County, S. D., Robbed of All Cash on Hand.

Aberdeen, S. D., Aug. 27.—The safe and vault in the courthouse at Ipawich, Edmonds county, were robbed of $2,700 last night, presumably by some one familiar with the office. All the money was in gold.

Tennessee Postoffice Robbed.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 27.—Burglars broke into the postoffice at Ridgetop at an early hour this morning, blew open the safe and secured $800 worth of stamps. It is thought the burglars were escaped convicts from the state penitentiary.

CARRY RELIGION TO FACTORIES.

Delegates to Young Women's Christian Association Tell of Work in the Crowded Districts.

Williams Bay, Wis., Aug. 27.—The extension of the Young Women's Christian association into congested parts of cities was taken up today in the Lake Geneva conference. Representatives from the association's houses in Chicago and the association settlement in Kansas City, Kas., were present. Miss Wolf, extension secretary of Milwaukee, told of the series of meetings held in cigar, soap, and other factories. Miss Gertrude Beeks of Chicago read a paper on what a woman can accomplish in organized work in an industrial center. J. E. Brown, Illinois state secretary of the Y. M. C. A., also was a speaker.

SUES PYTHIAN GOAT FOR $300.

John B. Beels of Hartsville, Ind., Claims Damages for Injuries Received in Initiation.

Columbus, Ind., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—John B. Beels today sued Hartsville lodge No. 162, Knights of Pythians, for damages, demanding $500. Beels alleges that while he was being initiated into the lodge, April 16, 1902, he was roughly handled and fell to the floor. Then, he says, four able bodied men fell upon him and he was injured so seriously that he was confined to his bed for three weeks.

TAKE BARTHOLIN SUSPECT

ALLEGED MURDERER MAY BE UNDER ARREST IN INDIANA.

South Chicago Police Informed of the Capture Near Whiting of a Man Who Is Supposed to Be the Slayer of His Mother and Sweetheart—Detectives and Missing Girl's Brother Go to Identify—Chief O'Neill Aroused in the Night.

William Bartholin may be in custody. The South Chicago police were notified late last night that a man corresponding to the description of the fugitive had been arrested between Indiana Harbor and Whiting, Ind., as he was traveling along a sandy road. The suspect was detained and taken to a house between the two towns.

After investigating the story the police at the South Chicago station sent for Robert Mitchell, brother of Minnie Mitchell, who left early this morning to try to identify the prisoner.

Chief Told of Capture.

Capt. Shippy was sent for, and when he reached the station and learned of the information that had been received he aroused Chief of Police O'Neill from bed and reported the matter to him. A number of detectives were sent to Indiana to the place where the man is held.

The police will not say from whom they learned of the capture of the fugitive, but they say that he is a man who ought not to make a mistake in the identity of Bartholin.

In the party that went to try to identify the prisoner were Capt. Shippy, Detectives Duffy and Mitchell, and Robert Mitchell, the brother. They left the police station about 1 o'clock in the captain's carriage and drove to Indiana.

Another Clew Exploded.

What seemed an important clew was discovered by the police earlier in the day, but later it was exploded. Miss Jessie Collins, 4146 Wabash avenue, was the alarmist. She stated positively that she had seen Minnie Mitchell and young Bartholin together in St. Joseph, Mich., on Aug. 3, four days after the supposed murder of Miss Mitchell. Later she modified her declaration, saying it was on July 20 that she had seen the two together. Thus the clew collapsed, as it was on July 30 that Bartholin and Miss Mitchell disappeared. They were known to have visited St. Joe on July 29.

The police have little hope of finding the three diamond rings and two watches which Mrs. Bartholin is supposed to have had or the gold ring which Miss Mitchell wore when she disappeared. They have been unable to obtain definite descriptions of the articles.

Suspect Is Released.

G. G. Holcombe, arrested in Rock City on suspicion of having been Bartholin, was released yesterday by the sheriff of Stevenson county. He was identified as a former Chicago accountant.

Miss Clara Walther, for whom the police have been searching, was found yesterday. She was married nearly two years ago to a south side business man. They went to board at the Bartholins', where they remained for five or six months. Mr. Walther said yesterday that neither he nor his wife knew anything that would be of value to the police.

PACKARD IS WELCOMED BACK TO CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Former Dowie Follower and Legal Adviser Is Reinstated to Membership by Oak Park Congregation.

Samuel W. Packard, former follower of Dowie and for years the legal adviser of the Zion leader, returned to the Congregational fold last night and was received with open arms. At a meeting of the First church of Oak Park it was voted unanimously to reinstate the erstwhile Zionist to membership. The following letter was read by the pastor, the Rev. William E. Barton:

Dear Dr. Barton: Will you please convey to the church my sincere thanks for the kind resolution adopted on the 13th inst. and state on my behalf that I take pleasure in accepting the invitation contained in the resolution to renew my membership in the church.

And I wish to reiterate what I expressed in my letter of withdrawal, that I deeply appreciate the kindness, consideration, and help which I have received from the church during the many years of my connection with it.

My prayer is that the blessing of God will continue to rest upon it, and that it will become more and more a power for righteousness in this community.

I remain, yours in the bonds of Christian fellowship. SAMUEL W. PACKARD.

Following the adoption of the resolution to receive Mr. Packard into the fold Dr. Barton said he was satisfied the motive which prompted Mr. Packard to leave the Congregational church was as sincere as the one that brought about his return.

BRIDE OF THREE MONTHS TAKES LIFE BY HANGING.

Mrs. Minnie McCurdy Commits Suicide Because It Is Said She Feared She Was Losing Her Mind.

Only three months a bride Mrs. Minnie McCurdy committed suicide yesterday by hanging herself by a rope from a gas fixture in her residence at 211 Wood street. Fear that she was losing her mind is believed to have caused the act.

Her husband, John McCurdy, a coal dealer at 421 Ogden avenue, found the dead body of his wife on returning to the house shortly after noon. He found two letters, one addressed to himself, and one to his wife's sister, Mrs. L. M. Framheim, 325 Twenty-fourth street. These were turned over to the Lake street police, and their contents will be made public at the inquest. The letter to the sister inclosed a check for $1,000 on the Illinois Trust and Savings bank.

Mr. McCurdy and his wife were married in June of this year. The husband and sister are prostrated, and are under the care of a physician. It was said last evening that Mr. McCurdy was unconscious, and it was feared that serious results would follow.

SELLS "RIPE" MEAT FOR GOOD.

Kansas City Retail Butcher Makes Some Revelations in the Beef Trust Inquiry.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 27.—The beef trust inquiry, begun yesterday, was continued today with the cross examination of John Wood, a local butcher. He admitted that the retail butchers had agreed upon a scale of prices, and that the packers had made "concessions" in the matter of overripe meat, which he had sold at the regular scale for first class meat.

CANDIDATE TO NOMINATE SELF.

Gen. A. Sanders Platt Will Place His Own Name Before the Ohio Democratic Convention.

Bellefontaine, O., Aug. 27.—Gen. A. Sanders Platt, 81 years old, brother of Don Platt, author, journalist, and statesman, who died several years ago, will present his own name to the state democratic convention for the nomination for governor of Ohio.

THIEVES ROB A HOUSEMAID.

Enter Home of J. W. Embree, 35 Woodland Park, and Take $32 Belonging to Miss A. Holze.

While John W. Embree, secretary of the Rittenhouse & Embree Lumber company, is in New York, burglars entered his home, 35 Woodland park, yesterday afternoon and robbed the domestic, Miss A. Holze, of $32. The theft occurred while the woman was away to buy provisions for her Sunday meal. Nothing was taken but the savings of the woman.

COLOMBIA BUYS AID OF VETERAN.

Henry H. Marmaduke, Ex-Confederate Naval Leader, to Fight Against Rebels.

GOES TO WIN OR PERISH.

Aged Warrior Will Command War Vessel That Sails from Seattle in Few Days.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Henry H. Marmaduke of Missouri, graduate of the United States Naval academy, veteran of the civil war, ex-officer of the confederate navy, and survivor of the memorable battle between the Monitor and the Merrimac, has sold his sword and become a soldier of fortune.

Capt. Marmaduke left Washington several days ago, after resigning his position in the war department, and accepting a commission as captain in the navy of the Colombian government. He left for Seattle, where he will at once take command of the new war vessel recently purchased by Señor Concha, the Colombian minister to the United States, and as soon as possible will sail for the Pacific coast of Colombia, where he will give battle to the naval force of the victorious insurgents.

With Capt. Marmaduke went two ex-gunners of the United States navy and a number of seamen and marines, who have been quietly reeruited in this city. Capt. Marmaduke received his commission from the Colombian government nearly a month ago, but so quietly have preparations been carried on that it was not until several days after his departure that the facts in the case came to light.

Pathetic Story Back of Act.

In the resignation of the confederate veteran from his position in the war department, he renunciation of the Stars and Stripes, and his decision to serve the rest of his life under the flag of a foreign country, there is more involved than a mere desire to return to a martial life. Beneath the surface there is a pathetic story of unfulfilled hopes, unrealized ambitions, and revolt against and uneventful and colorless old age.

Capt. Marmaduke is the brother of ex-Gov. Marmaduke of Missouri, of a family wealthy before the war and ruined by that conflict. Shortly after his graduation from the naval academy, the civil war began, and Capt. Marmaduke, a believer in the doctrine of "state rights," resigned his commission in the United States navy and took service under the stars and bars. He participated in many engagements, and was an officer on the ironclad Merrimac during its battle with the Monitor, and later served on the ram Alabama during its battle with the Hartford and other vessels of Commodore Farragut's Mississippi squadron. He was a watch officer on the Alabama when the ram was sunk by a torpedo fired by Lieut. Cushing.

After the close of the war Capt. Marmaduke engaged in private business, but was unsuccessful. During the two administrations of President Cleveland he held an important position in the war department, but upon the return of the republican party to power was reduced to the position of a $1,000 clerk on the temporary roll, where he remained until recently.

Enlists in Colombian Cause.

After the defeat of the Colombian naval forces on the Pacific coast of the isthmus some time ago and the capture or destruction of all the government vessels by the insurgents, Señor Concha, the Colombian minister to the United States, was instructed to endeavor to secure the services of an American naval officer, preferably one who had seen hard service and whose reputation for gallantry was well established.

Señor Concha, after making a number of inquiries and investigating Capt. Marmaduke's record, offered him a commission as captain in the Colombian navy. Capt. Marmaduke accepted, and secretly set to work to enlist men for service in South American waters. He found any number of adventurous spirits willing to sell their services and do or die for the cause of the Colombian government. He finally secured the services of two ex-gunners in the United States navy to man the heavy guns of his craft, and having completed all arrangements with Señor Concha, left for Seattle to take charge of his command.

The war vessel purchased by Señor Concha while not of great displacement is for that reason best suited for work in South American waters. It carries a number of big power guns purchased in England, and a secondary battery of one and six pounder rapid fire guns, the counterparts of those whose fire fairly smothered the Spanish torpedo boat destroyers in their futile dash from the harbor of Santiago during the Spanish-American war.

Says He Will Never Return.

Capt. Marmaduke is over six feet tall and straight as a lance. Despite his 60 odd years the fire and ambition of youth burns in his eyes, and it is not hard to believe the tales that history and tradition tell of his reckless daring and gallant bearing in the face of danger.

Capt. Marmaduke says he will never return to the United States. He considers that for the rest of his life his services belong to the country that has bought his sword. If he is successful in sweeping from the waters of the Pacific the converted gunboats and captured government vessels that comprise the insurgent force, he has been promised a substantial reward, and an admiral's commission in the Colombian navy. If he fails, he intends, as he has told one or two intimate friends in Washington—to emulate the words of Lawrence and "go down with the ship." There will be no such thing as defeat, Capt. Marmaduke says. For him it will be truly a case of "victory or death," as all his ambitions are centered in his new venture, and all his hopes are directed toward the outcome of his step.

Expect Battle Next Month.

The Colombian government plans to attack the revolutionary fleet off the

IA BUYS F VETERAN.

rmaduke, Ex-Con- aval Leader, to gainst Rebels.

VIN OR PERISH.

or Will Command That Sails from in Few Days.

C., Aug. 27.—[Special.]— uke of Missouri, graduate ates Naval academy, vet- war, ex-officer of the con- d survivor of the memor- en the Monitor and the ld his sword and become e.

ke left Washington sev- r resigning his position in nt, and accepting a com- in in the navy of the Co- ent. He left for Seattle, once take command of the ecently purchased by Señor ombian minister to the d as soon as possible will coast of Colombia, where e to the naval force of the nts.

rmaduke went two ex-gun- d States navy and a num- d marines, who have been n this city. Capt. Marma- commission from the Co- ent nearly a month ago, ve preparations been can- was not until several days re that the facts in the

Story Back of Act.

ion of the confederate vet- cation in the war depart- lation of the Stars and decision to serve the rest the flag of a foreign coun- e involved than a mere de- a martial life. Beneath is a pathetic story of un- unrealized ambitions, and d uneventful and colorless

ke is the brother of ex-Gov. issouri, of a family wealthy nd ruined by that conflict. graduation from the naval vil war began, and Capt. believer in the doctrine of resigned his commission in e navy and took service and bars. He partici- gagements, and was an of- nclad Merrimac during its Monitor, and later served ama during its battle with other vessels of Commo- Mississippi squadron. He cer on the Alabama when k by a torpedo fired by Lieut.

of the war Capt. Marma- private business, but was uring the two administra- ut Cleveland he held an in- in the war department, but of the republican party to ed to the position of a $1,000 mporary roll, where he re- antly.

n Colombian Cause.

eat of the Colombian naval Pacific coast of the isthmus and the capture or destruc- government vessels by the er Concha, the Colombian United States, was instruct- to secure the services of an officer, preferably one who ervice and whose reputation as well established.

after making a number of investigating Capt. Marma- offered him a commission as olombian navy. Capt. Mar- ed, quietly secretly set to work service in South American and any number of adven- billing to sell their services or the cause of the Colom- t. He finally secured the ex-gunners in the United man the heavy guns of his ing completed all arrange- or Concha left for Seattle his command.

purchased by Señor Concha st displacement is for that ed for work in South Ameri- carries a number of high chased in England, and a ry of one and six pounder , the counterparts of those smothered the Spanish for- yers in their futile dash from antiago during the Spanish-

Will Never Return.

uke is over six feet tall and ce. Despite his 60 odd years bition of youth burns in his not hard to believe the tales d tradition tell of his reck- gallant bearing in the face

uke says he will never return tates. He considers that for life his services belong to the e bought his sword. If he is reeping from the waters of converted gunboats and ment vessels that comprise rce, he has been promised a ard, and an admiral's com- olombian navy. If he fails, e has told one or two inti- n Washington—to emulate awrence and "go down with e will be no such thing as armaduke says. For him case of "victory or death." ions are centered in his new l his hopes are directed to- me of his step.

Battle Next Month.

n government plans to at- tionary fleet off the Pacific ns about the middle of Sep- w war vessel on which the e are now being placed at rmerly the Jessie Banning, amed by Colombia. It will ney down the coast to Pana- ys, and the Colombian gov- fficials express confidence that dispose of the revolutionary uch difficulty.

negotiating for another war t is expected, will shortly be dispatched to reinforce the ore Seattle.

been handicapped so far by a single government vessel oast, especially in the mat- of troops to the isthmus of revolutionists have three ves- ast—the Boyaca of 600 tons, red from the government illa of 500 tons; and the tug-

tion at Panama.

nalled account of the situ- thmus of Panama as it stood contained in a report just navy department from Com- n P. Potter of the U. S. S. ow lies at Panama. He says: information has been re- d to the results of the opera- bulce. It is believed that the es are surrounded, and can- ch longer.

ities are apprehensive of an ama, and have few troops place, and have no means of from other points. It was intention to bring 1,000 men tura on the British steamer he British gunboat Phaeton t point on the 15th to pro- being put on board.

f Panama is in the same un- ndition. The health of the of this vessel is good."

TRIPLE ALLIANCE NEEDS MENDING.

Italy's King Visits Berlin to Prove Friendship for Germany.

NEW DEALS IN EUROPE.

Dreibund Injured by Recent Treaties with Russia and France.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 28, 3 a. m.—Detailed accounts of the reception of the king of Italy at Potsdam are printed here, with perfunctory comments upon the stability of the triple alliance. The importance of the king's visit to Germany is evidently overaccentuated by the Berlin press, in accordance with the emperor's wishes.

Neither the German foreign office nor the Italian foreign minister can remove the impression that the triple alliance has been impaired by the independent action of the government at Rome in promoting closer trade relations with France, and the improved dynastic relations with the Russian imperial family.

Italy, like Germany, has been free to adjust its diplomacy to new conditions when the two rival alliances are so closely balanced that the interests of European peace require an exchange of compliments and amenities all around.

To Balance the Alliances.

The improved relations of Italy with Russia and France involve the necessity for consenting to what might otherwise have been a ceremonious visit into a great affair of state, with the streets of the capital lavishly decorated, and with a splendid military pageant when both monarchs make a triumphal entry.

While the importance of the triple alliance is duly emphasized by the cordiality with which the two monarchs embrace each other, European coalitions are not what they were in Bismarck's time. They are correctly described by practical diplomatists as rival trusts which have established working relations with each other and may ultimately introduce economies in the direction of disarmament.

A. B. Markham, M. P., has come badly out of his campaign against the great capitalists of the Rand. Some eighteen months ago he genially informed the house of commons that he was ready to prove that Wernher, Beit & Co. were thieves and swindlers, and that so overwhelming was the evidence of their turpitude that he intended to repeat his characterization of them outside the privileged walls of parliament and face the consequences. He carried out his threat, but he now withdraws it unreservedly, and Wernher, Beit & Co. have decided not to proceed with a libel suit.

Chamberlain Not Worried.

There is no evidence at the colonial office or elsewhere that the ministry is deeply concerned over the results of the Boer conferences in Holland or over Mr. Spriggs' expedition as a political trimmer at Cape Town.

South Africa has been left to stew in its own juice, and Chamberlain does not meddle with the kettle, even with a long spoon. There is an optimistic feeling among officials here that Gen. Botha, after separating himself from such irreconcilable Boers as Kruger, Leyds, and Reitz, will return to south Africa with Fischer, Wessels, De Wet, and Delarey and become the leader of the rational peace policy. Chamberlain's desertion of the loyalists of Cape Colony and the moral support of Spriggs' alliance with the Afrikander bond are explained in the same quarter as the natural effect of his own faith in the efficacy of representative institutions. He has a characteristic English prejudice against suspending the constitution when it would be difficult to return to the principles of self-government after abandoning them.

I. N. F.

VATICAN TORN BY CONFLICT.

Rospigliosi Controversy Grows in Bitterness and Members of Sacred College Are Involved.

ROME, Aug. 27.—The Rospigliosi controversy is increasing in bitterness, and nearly all the members of the sacred college here have become participants. Prince Rospigliosi, under the advice of one of the cardinals, has formally protested to the congregation of the holy office against the order forbidding the assistance of a nun during the recent confinements of the princess, his wife.

The prince is withholding the salaries of the priests on his estates who are allied to the prelates who oppose him and is turning over these salaries for the benefit of clergymen who are under the authority of those cardinals who sympathize with him.

The Princess Rospigliosi, who was Miss Marie Reid of Washington, D. C., was married to the prince after her divorce from Frederick Parkhurst of Bangor, Me. The Roman Catholic church did not recognize this divorce and refused to give permission to a nun to nurse the princess at her confinement, holding that the marriage to the prince was nonexistent. The princess gave birth to a daughter on Aug. 2.

POLITICAL RIOT IN PORTO RICO.

Three Men Killed and Three Wounded in Fighting at Humacao, on Island's East Coast.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Aug. 27.—There was serious political rioting at Humacao last evening. About 100 shots were fired. Three persons were killed and three wounded, two of the latter being now in a serious condition. All the victims were natives.

The circumstances indicate that the aggressors made a premeditated attack upon their rivals. At 8:30 o'clock a signal was given by the firing of two shots in rapid succession at a place outside the city, and this was immediately followed by firing in front of the principal drug store in the city. It was at this point that the principal fighting occurred. The police had the rioters under control by about 11 o'clock.

Political orators at Humacao have been advocating violence for a week past. There was rioting at the same place on the occasion of the last election.

AFTER BIG ESTATE IN BOHEMIA.

Austrian Subject Who Died in Minnesota Left Farm Rich in Minerals and Worth $5,000,000.

PRAGUE, Bohemia, Aug. 27.—United States Consul Watts is examining the claims for shares of the estate of Johann Mueller, an Austrian subject, who died in Minnesota two years ago. Mueller left a farm believed to be worthless, but which, it is now reported here, is worth $5,000,000 in consequence of the discovery of minerals. Among the claimants are the widow and children and a Bohemian society, which alleges that Mueller, when its secretary thirty years ago, embezzled several thousand gulden.

DEFEAT FOR HAYTI TROOPS.

Government Forces Compelled to Give Up Limbe After Battle with the Insurgent Army.

CAPE HAYTIEN, Hayti, Aug. 27.—The army of the provisional government, commanded by Gen. Nord, has been compelled to surrender Limbe after a battle with the supporters of Gen. Firmin.

It is further reported that the inhabitants of Aux Cayes and Aguins have risen against the provisional government, and that Gen. Binon, commander of the department of the south, who has declared in favor of Gen. Firmin, is marching on Miragoane.

ENGLISH PEERESS WRITING PLAY FOR AMERICAN ACTRESS.

As told in a cable to THE TRIBUNE, printed yesterday, the duchess of Sutherland is at work on a play to be produced in the United States by Ethel Barrymore. It is a comedy based on modern incidents, and is to be ready for the season of 1904. Miss Barrymore, whose social success in England has been as great as in the United States, met the duchess last winter. The new playwright is a woman of many activities, and is the author of two successful books, one an account of travel, and the other a novel, "One Hour and the Next," which deals with the labor problem.

HORSES DIE IN LONG RACE

FALL UNDER RIDERS IN INTERNATIONAL MILITARY CONTEST.

Frenchman, on a Dying Animal, Covered with Blood, Comes Into Ostend from Brussels the Victor — Dismounts Amid Plaudits of Thousands, While His Steed Sinks Down by the Roadside—Others Fall Dead by the Way, Exhausted by Terrible Ordeal.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BRUSSELS, Aug. 27.—On a dying horse, its flanks dripping with blood from wounds of the spurs which had urged it on mile after mile, over roads deep in mud, Lieut. Madamet, a Frenchman, rode into Ostend this afternoon the victor in the international military ride from Brussels. He dismounted amid the cheers of the thousands of assembled spectators, and the animal, which had borne him over the eighty-two and one-half mile course in six hours and twenty minutes, staggered to the roadside, sank down, and died.

This was not the only horse to die during the race. All along the course animals less strong gave out and sank, dead, under their riders.

Horses Are Ridden to Death.

After passing the sixty-two and one-half mile point the hardest part of the ride began, and the affair developed into the severest kind of an ordeal. Many horses fell exhausted. When near Ostend the French lieutenant, Bauzil, who noticed that his horse was dying, drew his revolver and blew its brains out. The only English officer in the contest, Lieut. Gibbon, saw his mount was exhausted and dismounted while the animal panted its life away.

The scene at Ostend when the Frenchman, Lieut. Madamet, riding a Hungarian thoroughbred, came in first was one of great enthusiasm. The second, third, and fourth at the finish were all Frenchmen. Then came a Norwegian, a Dutchman, and a Belgian.

Great Crowd Sees the Start.

An enormous crowd witnessed the start, which was made in a violent hail storm. The horses were hoof deep in mud during the contest. There were sixty-one competitors and they started at intervals of five minutes. They were divided into six squads.

From the fifteenth to the thirty-seventh mile a French dragoon named Valder held the lead. Before the forty-fourth mile two more Belgians and one Dutchman gave up the struggle because of the exhaustion of their horses.

At the sixty-two and one-half mile post the leader was Capt. Kielland, a Norwegian, who made the distance in four hours and twenty-one minutes. Lieut. Bauzil, a Frenchman, was second, in four hours and twenty-eight minutes. Lieut. Madamet was third at this point, in four hours and forty-four minutes.

SANTOS-DUMONT NOT ANGRY.

Aeronaut, in an Interview Printed in Paris, Says He Was Not Disappointed by American Reception.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The Matin prints an interview with Santos-Dumont in regard to his experiences in the United States. The aeronaut said he was not disappointed at his reception in America. He denied that he had ever referred to the gigantic bluff of the Americans. He said he would return to the United States when the proper terms were concluded. The Aero club of New York first offered him $100,000, then $50,000, then $30,000, next $20,000, and finally $1,000. Then he took a boat for France in a disgusted frame of mind.

SULTAN CAN'T PAY: NO SHIP.

Germans Refuse to Deliver Vessel Built for the Turkish Navy Until All Payments Are Made.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—The managers of Howaldt's shipyards at Kiel refused today to deliver a warship which had been ordered by the Turkish government because of the inability of the porte to pay the third installment on the price of the vessel. Four Turkish officers and forty-four sailors who had arrived at Kiel to bring the vessel to Turkish water will now have to return without the ship.

RICH GIFT FOR PHILADELPHIA.

United States Ambassador Tower Presents City Library with 2,500 Russian Books.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 27. — Charlemagne Tower, the United States ambassador to Russia, has presented to the Philadelphia library a valuable collection of 2,500 Russian books, embracing the whole field of Russian history and literature. Catalogues will be distributed to the learned societies of the United States.

$5.00 CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS AND RETURN

Via the Wabash.

Good to leave Chicago on all night trains of Friday, Aug. 29, and all trains of Saturday, Aug. 30. Good to leave St. Louis returning up to and including the 11:32 p. m. train of Monday, Sept. 1. Pullman sleepers and free reclining chair cars. Ticket office, 97 Adams street. Central 2046.

TO VIEW AMERICAN LABOR

ENGLISH COMMISSION TO VISIT UNITED STATES IN OCTOBER.

Industrial Methods of the Great Republic Will Be Especially Examined by a Body of Representative English Labor Leaders—Relations Between Employer and Workingmen the Subject of Investigation—Some Antagonism to the Proposed Visit.

[Copyright: 1902: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 28, 3 a. m.—The British commission on industry in the United States, which is being organized by Alfred Moseley, has been provisionally selected. It was originally intended to send out two commissions simultaneously, one to investigate the state of education on the continent and in America, with special reference to its bearing on commerce and industry, and the other to inquire into the conditions of labor in the United States and the relations existing between employer and workman.

Owing to the government education bill Mr. Moseley has decided to wait for another year before starting the commission of education in order to allow the various bodies under the new measure to be represented.

Will Start in October.

The industrial commission is to start from England at the end of October so as to reach New York in time for the opening of the new building of the chamber of commerce on Nov. 11.

After attending the opening of the building of the New York chamber of commerce the visitors will proceed to the section affording facilities for their respective lines of investigation in which they will be assisted by civic federationists and labor leaders.

Mr. Moseley was first impressed by the success of Americans in south Africa in turning old and nonpaying properties into flourishing concerns and then by his personal visit to the United States.

Workmen Hold Aloof.

Some difficulties are being encountered in the matter of acceptances of his invitations to visit America. Mr. Bachelor, secretary of the Operative Bricklayers' society, said he would not accept Mr. Moseley's invitation because British bricklayers have nothing to learn in America.

Mr. Maddison, secretary of the Iron Founders' society, is also reluctant to accept Mr. Moseley's invitation. He said the American iron founders may turn out more product than the British workers, but this is at the cost of shorter lives, the average life of the British iron founder being fifty-four years, as against forty-four years for the American iron founder. Mr. Maddison strongly objects to the Pittsburg bonus system on this account.

Where America Beats England.

In an interview today Mr. Moseley said he considered it especially needful to inquire into the question of the relations existing between employers and workmen in the United States, which he characterised as more friendly and confidential than those existing in Great Britain, and which he said resulted in greater energy and adaptability being thrown into the work and a readiness to utilize labor saving improvements.

GEN. CORBIN IN BERLIN.

AMERICAN GENERALS GUESTS OF THE KAISER.

Maj. Gens. Young and Leonard Wood, with the Adjutant General, to Attend the Gala Opera Performance on Thursday and to Be Presented to Emperor William at the Parade of the Tempelhof Field Next Saturday Afternoon.

BERLIN, Aug. 27.—Maj. Gen. Corbin and Maj. Gen. Young of the United States army, who, with Brig. Gen. Wood, are to attend the army maneuvers, their aids, and Mrs. Corbin and Mrs. Johnson arrived here today and found at their hotel Emperor William's invitations to attend the gala opera performance on Thursday.

His majesty has intimated through the United States embassy that he will be pleased to receive the American generals in audience at an early date, but the time is not specified, doubtless because the emperor is occupied in entertaining the king of Italy.

The presentation of the generals will probably take place at the parade of the Tempelhof field on Saturday next when the American officers will ride with the reviewing party.

Work for St. Louis Exposition.

President Roosevelt informed Maj. Gen. Corbin when he left Washington that he had the St. Louis exposition personally much at heart, and asked the general to lose no opportunity of pointing out the strong interest the government and the country felt in the success of the exposition.

If the occasion presents itself Maj. Gen. Corbin will mention the matter to the emperor.

The form in which Germany will officially recognize the exposition is now for the first time indicated.

Germany Is Interested.

Several newspapers, discussing the exposition this week, intimated that the United States should not be disappointed if Germany's representation is not up to American expectations, because the German manufacturers felt that they had been spending too much money on expositions in recent years.

The St. Louis exposition is among the subjects which Emperor William will dispose of during the next fortnight, and it is quite probable that a commissioner will be designated, thus giving the exposition a broader German representation than at first contemplated.

ON A NEW TRAIL FOR TAX FIXERS.

Notes, Some of Them Forged, Payable by Firms to Luke Wheeler.

ACCUSED MAN AT LARGE.

Said to Have Been Spending Money Lavishly on Strange Luxuries.

(Continued from first page.)

What Mr. Deneen wants to find out from Rowe is why the case was dismissed. That is a point which the real estate dealer asserts concerns no one but himself.

Hahn Approached by "Fixers."

The examination of Hahn, Healy, James B. Hoy, and Lynch Wormley developed the fact that Hahn, as chief clerk of the south town collector's office, was approached by two men with a proposition to fix the Masonic temple taxes. It was declared that $15,000 was offered as a division of spoils. Hahn is said to have declined to have anything to do with the proposition and later to have reported it to Chief Clerk John Becker of the county treasurer's office.

Healy was with State's Attorney Deneen for several hours in the morning and a stenographer took down his statements. Hahn confronted both Hoy and Healy in the presence of the state's attorney and said that they approached him in February. Lynch Wormley was then taken into the room and he is said to have identified the two men as those frequently seen at the south town collector's office.

Under this evidence Healy is said to have weakened and to have admitted things concerning his own connection with the business and to have implicated other men in it. Mr. Deneen refused to say that any of these statements connected Capt. Edward Williams of the Masonic temple with the proposition.

Mr. Deneen Tells of Interviews.

"We questioned both Lynch and Hoy and secured considerable information for use later," said State's Attorney Deneen. "I will not say that either of the men confessed or that we have connected Capt. Williams with the business. One thing certain is that Hahn and Wormley were approached with a proposition to fix the Masonic Temple taxes while they were employés of the south town collector's office. For reasons which I am not able to state at this time the scheme was not worked in the office of the south town collector. Later it seems to have been accomplished by certain persons through the county treasurer's office. There will be no arrests today, and none of the men under suspicion is in custody. The whole matter is still in the process of investigation. Much of the information we receive is hearsay and must be verified."

Attempts at Fixing Common.

Former South Town Collector Maurice Fitzgerald said that he knew numerous attempts were made under his administration to fix the assessments of large corporations by offering bribes to his subordinates. He says he prevented frauds by adopting an intricate system of bookkeeping by which the records were carefully checked at the close of each day's business. He will probably be called to the Criminal court building this morning and questioned by State's Attorney Deneen.

Proposition to B. W. Hyman.

The details of the plan by which the tax fixers proposed to operate were told by Mr. Hyman. It was outlined to him by a man supposed to be Luke Wheeler, but was rejected by the real estate man when he learned of its character.

The tax fixer proposed to the taxpayer to reduce his taxes by securing a certificate of error from the board of review. Then the taxpayer was required to place in escrow the amount he would have to pay when this certificate was secured. Then when the tax fixer had paid the tax and delivered to the taxpayer the receipt for it, the money in escrow was to be turned over. Ostensibly the tax fixer proposed to make his money by securing a certificate of error for an amount larger than that agreed upon with the taxpayer.

Broached by Attorney Owen.

The plan was outlined to Mr. Hyman June 30. Some time previous Attorney Malcolm Dale Owen had approached to Hyman the subject of reducing his taxes, and said that he knew a man who would look after the work. The man supposed to be Wheeler appeared in Hyman's office, supposedly as the one to whom Owen referred. After he introduced himself as Wheeler, Hyman says, the following conversation took place:

"Your taxes of $2,800 must be paid soon to avoid extra charges. I can save you 25 per cent of the tax."

"How can you do that?" asked Hyman.

"I will get a certificate of error of $700 from the board of review. Then you will have to pay only $2,100."

"How do you make anything, then?" asked Hyman.

"I'll get a certificate of error for $1,400 and take half for myself," was the answer.

Hyman says he did not believe the man could do anything with the board of review, as there was no error in his tax, and he had confidence in the members of the board, but he kept up the inquiry for a time.

"You put the $2,100 somewhere where it will be safe," the man continued. "I'll get the certificate of error and pay the tax, and when I bring you the receipt for the tax I am to get the money."

"You would either have to forge the certificate of error or the tax receipt," Hyman replied. "I don't believe you can get any reduction of my tax honestly, and I will have nothing to do with the plan."

"I don't think Owen knew what the man's scheme was," said Hyman, in speaking of the matter. "It is unpleasant to be mixed up in this matter, but I feel it my duty to tell of it. I could identify the man again. I do not know that he was the Wheeler whose name has figured in the Masonic temple investigation. He was a large man and blonde. He said his name was Wheeler, but I don't recall that he mentioned his first name."

Owens Thinks It "On the Square."

Owen is said to have disclaimed before the state's attorney that he knew anything of the nature of Wheeler's scheme. He supposed, he said, that the man was familiar with the work of the board of review, and knew how to go about securing a reduction of taxes in a legal way.

"Could Capt. Williams have been caught on a scheme similar to the one proposed to Hyman?" was asked Attorney Chancellor of the Masonic Temple association.

"Williams has declared that he himself paid the taxes in the treasurer's office, and received his receipt there," answered Chancellor.

"But the receipt is said to be a forgery."

"If it is a forgery, Williams didn't know it," said the attorney. "When Williams secured the receipt he believed it to be genuine."

"Wouldn't the victim of such a scheme believe his receipt to be genuine?" was asked.

"Yes, I suppose he would," said Attorney Chancellor. "You may be sure Capt. Williams didn't doubt the genuineness of the receipt when he took it."

Owen had a desk in room 616 Ashland block until May 1. It is said that he rarely visited the office during the week, and what work he did do there was done on Sunday. There is said to be a big bundle of mail matter awaiting him there, and the janitor of the building is said to have the desk and other effects of the young attorney.

Deputy County Treasurer Andrews and Chief Clerk Becker declared that Williams' claim that he paid the $26,770.19 in currency in that office, and received the receipt there, is impossible. They declare that the receipt held by Williams could not have been issued by any man in the treasurer's office, as there is no stamp there to correspond with the signature of S. B. Raymond as stamped on the Williams receipt.

Mr. Becker declared further that the "paid entry" on the tax warrant book was such a bungle that he did not believe any clerk in the office was responsible for it. He admitted his inability to explain how any other person might have gained access to the book.

In the signature stamp used in the treasurer's office the initials "S. B." of the signature are interwoven. Above the name "Raymond" is the figure "1" and below the name are the abbreviations "Co. Coll.," underneath which again is the letter "A." The whole signature is in this form:

1
S. B. Raymond.
Co. Coll.
A.

In the signature on the Williams receipt the figure "1" does not appear. The initials "S. B." are distinct, though connected. The letter "A." with a colon following it, appears on the same line with the abbreviations "Co. Coll.", making the words of the signature appear like this:

S. B. Raymond.
A: Co. Coll.

"A genuine receipt has to pass through six hands from the time the money is paid until the receipt is issued," said Mr. Becker, "and the taxpayer gets his receipt from a different man from the one to whom he paid the money. Almost the first thing the receiving clerk does when the money is paid to him is to make the 'paid' entry on the book. After the receipt has gone its course it reaches the paying teller, and a boy calls out the name of the taxpayer. This man must then announce to the teller the amount of money he paid to the receiving clerk before he is given his receipt.

"The 'paid entry' did not appear on the books until after July 1, six weeks after the date of the Williams receipt. Then it was entered as if the tax had been paid to the town collector. The entry itself was a bungle. Any person familiar with the manner in which entries are made would not have made such a mistake.

"I do not believe the entry was made by any person in this office, but how any outsider could have gotten access to the book is what is puzzling us."

Surprise to Sim Weinman.

Sim R. Weinman, the agent for a wine company, whose name has been connected with Wheeler's, sent word from Delavan Lake yesterday that he was much surprised to find his name used in this connection.

"I wish to state that I know nothing whatever of the affair," he said. "I am spending my vacation at Delavan Lake and am ready to return at a moment's notice."

An anonymous letter was received during the day by the state's attorney, asserting that the writer, signing himself "a large taxpayer," had been approached on occasions by men with propositions to "fix" his taxes. He gave numerous suggestions, which were valueless because no names were used. Mr. Deneen now is endeavoring to get into communication with him.

MONT PELEE IS AGAIN VIOLENT.

Martinique Volcano Believed to Be in Serious Eruption—Cable Line Is Broken.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., Aug. 27.—A dispatch received here from the island of Dominica, dated yesterday, Aug. 26, at 3 p. m., says:

"Since 2 p. m. today (Tuesday) prolonged noises in quick succession have been heard from the southward. There is every indication that Mont Pelee is violently erupting."

Efforts made to communicate by cable direct with the island of Martinique have proved unsuccessful. The French cable company has no cable working to that point, and the company's officials are unable to say when communication with Martinique will be resumed.

Setamship Deal in Germany.

HAMBURG, Aug. 27.—The Boersenhalle announces that the shipping firm of A. C. De Freitas & Co. of Hamburg is negotiating for the purchase of twenty-eight steamships of the Lloyd Brazileiro line of Rio Janeiro, Brazil.

MANY QUAKES IN MINDANAO ISLE.

Four Hundred Distinct Shocks Reported from Island Since Aug. 21.

TWENTY MOROS ARE DEAD

Native Forts Badly Damaged and Army Storehouses Are Destroyed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANILA, Aug. 27.—There have been severe earthquakes and 400 separate and distinct tremors in the island of Mindanao since Aug. 21. Twenty natives were killed by falling walls. The Moro forts were badly damaged and the United States commissary warehouses and army storerooms were destroyed. There were no American casualties.

The upheaval occurred in the country, adjacent to the Lake of Lanao, in the Moro section of the island, near Camp Vickers, which is now the headquarters of the American forces stationed in Mindanao.

Mountains and Rivers Changed.

Gen. Chaffee in a cable report to the war department at Washington says the mountains and rivers and other streams were considerably disturbed and much damage done. The full extent of the damage, however, has not yet been reported. It is presumed here that the seismic shocks occurred about five days ago, though the date is not mentioned in the brief dispatch at hand.

This is the first serious earthquake reported from that country during American occupation of the Philippines. The most important previous seismic disturbance in Mindanao was the one that partly destroyed Palak, Kota-Batu, and the village on the banks of the River Mindanao in 1872. This phenomenon closely followed the eruption of the volcano of Makaturin.

Military Situation Unchanged.

The military situation in Mindanao remains quiet and unchanged. No attacks have been made on the American forces at Camp Vickers for eight days.

Sentenced for Sedition.

E. O'Brien, editor of the newspaper Freedom, Frederick Dorr, the proprietor, and Manager Dorr, who were convicted of sedition last Monday, were brought up for sentence today. The editor and the proprietor were condemned to pay a fine of $1,000 each and the manager a fine of $25. Dorr and O'Brien had already been sentenced to six months' imprisonment in Bilibid jail and to pay a fine of $1,000 each for libeling Benito Legarda, a native member of the civil commission.

Judge Ambler in imposing the sentences quoted the code and said the article in question was per se scurrilous and malicious and had been published recklessly and without any attempt being made to verify the statements it contained. They had not substantiated a single feature of the seditious article complained of.

To Damage the Government.

A week after the publication of the article the paper, in an editorial, requested natives, Americans, and foreigners to come forward and supply them with testimony in aid of their charges. This editorial failed to produced one iota of evidence in support of the statements of the paper.

The judge said the defendants had almost a year to retract the statements, but they did not do so and deliberately aimed to damage the government.

Guidi to Go to Manila.

ROME, Aug. 27.—Although it will not be officially announced until the end of the week, the appointment of Mgr. Guidi as apostolic delegate at Manila is considered assured.

Aguinaldo Fears for His Life.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 27.—Manila papers brought by steamship Empress of China from the orient say that since Aguinaldo was liberated he goes around in constant fear of his life and has asked repeatedly for the protection of the United States soldiers. He travels at night, fearing to be seen and recognized in the day time.

AMERICAN OFFICERS SEE KING.

Capt. Craig of the Cruiser Albany and His Subordinate Visit the Ruler of Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 27.—King Christian, in the Amalienborg palace, at noon today received in audience Capt. J. N. Craig and the executive officer of the United States cruiser Albany, now in these waters.

The crown prince, Frederick, was also present. Laurits S. Swenson, the United States minister, presented Capt. Craig and Lieutenant Commander Rush. The king expressed great admiration for the American navy.

Commodore Prince Waldemar, youngest son of the king and commander of the Danish training squadron, paid a long visit to the Albany, and Princess Marie of Orleans, his wife, sent her visitors' book for the signatures and photographs of the officers, and with the response sent to her were flowers and Albany has bands.

A banquet was given this evening by Rear Admiral Johncke, minister of marine, in honor of the officers of the Albany and of the Dutch warship Holland.

TRYING TO SWIM THE CHANNEL.

Two English Swimmers Attempt to Cross Water Between England and France.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DOVER, Aug. 28, 6 a. m.—Holbein is making another attempt to swim the English channel. He started last evening, accompanied by two luggers.

The Dover packet Le Nord reports that it passed Holbein at 12:05 this morning about half way across the channel.

While Holbein is swimming from France toward England, Frank Holmes of Birmingham is trying to swim the channel in the opposite direction. Holmes started from Dover at 5 o'clock this morning.

ROOSEVELT SAVES HAGUE COURT

French Diplomat Declares American President Has Prevented Failure of the Arbitration Court.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Baron d'Estournelles de Constant, the diplomatist who presided at The Hague peace conference, has written to the Temps saying in effect that President Roosevelt has saved The Hague tribunal from being a dead failure by submitting to its arbitration the dispute between the United States and Mexico with regard to the pious fund.

NUNS SAVED BY OLD LAW.

Catholic Sisters Expelled from French Province Return Under a Decree Dated in 1828.

BREST, France, Aug. 27.—The Catholic sisters who were recently expelled from Landerneau discovered a decree dated 1828 which removes them from the scope of the association's law, and they have resumed possession of their school.

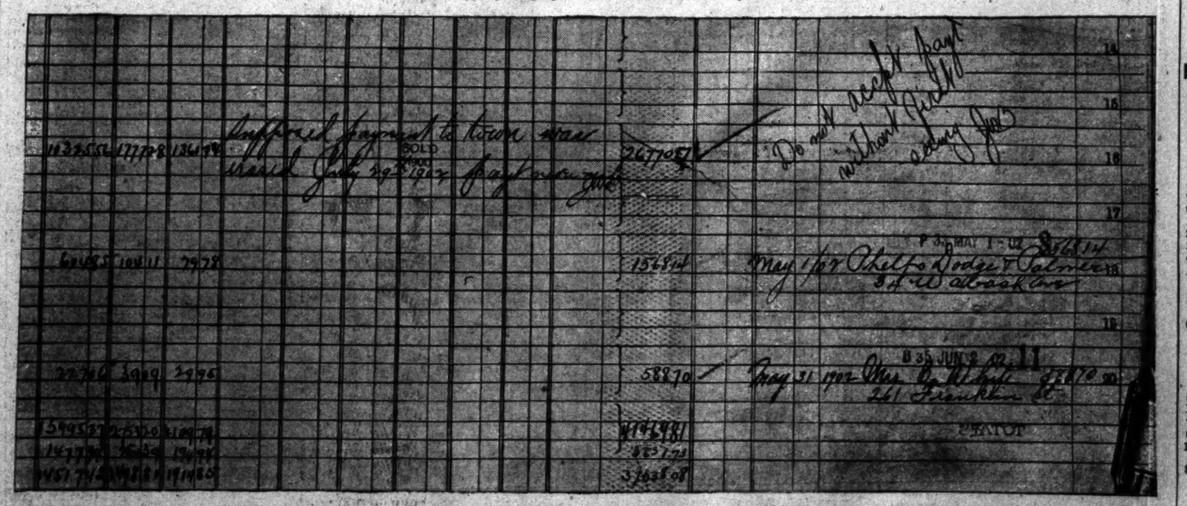
$33, CALIFORNIA, OREGON & WASHINGTON

Chicago and Northwestern Ry.

Very low rates daily during September and October, to Helena, Butte, Spokane, Ogden, Salt Lake. Only $33 to San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Seattle, and Tacoma. Low round trip rates also. Tourist sleeping cars daily. Personally conducted excursions Tuesdays and Thursdays. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. (Tel. Cent. 721) and Wells-St. Sta.

PAGE OF TAX LEDGER IN COUNTY TREASURER RAYMOND'S OFFICE SHOWING DISPUTED MASONIC TEMPLE ENTRY WHERE FORGED WORD "PAID" WAS ERASED.

[From a photograph taken for THE TRIBUNE.]



The page of the county treasurer's ledger on which are entered the Masonic temple taxes will be important evidence when the alleged tax forgers are placed on trial. The above cut is a photographic reproduction of a part of the page, showing the Masonic temple entry. At the top the word "Paid," written after the numbers, was erased by Chief Clerk Becker. In its place he wrote: "Supposed payment to town was erased July 29, 1902; payment never made. J. W. B." To this Mr. Becker added the following caution to his clerks: "Do not accept payment without first seeing J. W. B."

The entry on the ledger with the tax receipt held by Capt. Williams are the proofs of payment offered by the Masonic temple officials. The discovery that both were forgeries started the present investigation of the supposed gang of tax sharks, of whom Luke Wheeler, it is charged, was the head.

GERMAN TRUSTS IN BIG COMBINE.

Iron, Steel, and Coal Interests Join to Fight for Trade.

TO LIMIT PRODUCTION.

Fund Will Be Raised to Pay Bounties on All Material Sold Abroad.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.

German Iron, Steel, and Coal Industries Unite.

Iron, steel, and coal industries of Germany have combined for the purpose of limiting production and to continue to be stubborn competitors in the markets of Europe, South and Central America, Africa, and the east. This information has been furnished the department of state by Consul General Mason at Berlin. This combination was caused by the fear of overproduction, breaking down the markets and bringing ruin and disaster to German industries.

"The midsummer outlook for the German metal and mining industries is not so reassuring," says the consul general, "as had been confidently hoped for since the beginning of the year. The reports of several chambers of commerce, (notably those from cities in busy industrial centers, like Bochum in Westphalia, have recently appeared, and in summing up the results of the fiscal year are decidedly pessimistic on one point—namely: the persistence of manufacturers in building and opening new and costly plants which will still further increase their productive capacity at a time when the home market is overstocked with most industrial products and when prudence would dictate that the output should be judiciously reduced.

"It is true that the exports of iron and steel are enormous and steadily increasing. A comparison of the exports of iron and steel and manufactures thereof during the first six months of the last five years shows a striking development. There is shown an increase in bulk of more than half a million tons, or 51½ per cent, over the exports of the first half of 1901, which were at that time the largest on record. As compared with those of 1900—the export for the last six months have more than doubled.

"It is only when the fact is noticed that the increase in the aggregate values of these exports is only from $37,143,800 to $70,852,400, or 22.7 per cent, that the vital fact of the situation becomes apparent, which is that a large part of the vast bulk of exports has been marketed abroad rather on the basis of a clearing out sale, in which the goods were offered at whatever sacrifice might be necessary to secure their sale. Since, as the statistics show, the percentage of increased total values of metal exports is less than half their increase in quantity the inference is obvious that there has been at the same time a general and substantial reduction in price. This conclusion is further confirmed by other facts of common knowledge.

Export Bounties to Be Paid by Syndicate.

"At Cologne recently there assembled," says Consul General Mason, "representatives of the coal, iron, and steel industries of Germany. The avowed purpose of the conference was to consider the general unsatisfactory condition of the home market, the persistent increase in productive capacity, and the low prices obtainable for exports. After a full discussion it was decided that the situation demanded and justified a return to the system of export bounties which had been used with such effect in the early years of German industrial expansion.

"Thereupon Mr. Kirdorf, president of the Westphalian coal syndicate, proposed a union between the coal and iron interests for the purpose of providing export bounties among all the leading syndicates in the metal and mining industries. This was agreed to, and the combination was formed to include the coal syndicate, the coke syndicate, the Westphalian pig iron syndicate, the Siegen and the Lorraine-Luxemburg pig iron syndicates, the Halbzeug (semi-finished product) syndicate, the Wire Drawers' association, and the syndicates of sheet metal, girders, and structural iron, besides all analogous bodies in process of formation at the time of meeting.

"This vast and powerful export association is based upon an agreement that its members shall contribute to pay to such members as export their products a bonus equal to the difference between the current price of the merchandise in the German markets and the price actually obtained for it abroad. Thereupon a central office for verification was organized and established at Cologne under the management of Messrs. Schrodter and Ottman, who will be assisted by a third member, who represents specially the coal and coke system."

Peary Returning; Navy Tires of His Long Trips.

Civil Engineer Robert E. Peary of the navy is expected to return soon from the Arctic region, where he has conducted a number of exploring expeditions. His leave of absence will expire on Nov. 15. He will not be able to report for duty at once, owing to the fact that he will be obliged to undergo an operation on his foot. On his return from the former Arctic expedition he had considerable trouble with the toes of one foot, and since his return to the cold region he has suffered considerably, with the result that he must again obtain relief from the surgeons.

It is expected, however, that by the beginning of the new year Peary will be able to report for duty under the bureau of yards and docks. There is a great demand for civil engineers in the navy, and if Mr. Peary desires to go north again it is likely that he will be informed he must resign from the navy.

The department is not in favor of granting that officer another long leave for the purpose of making Arctic explorations.

Hopkins Stops at Capital on way to Chicago.

Representative Hopkins arrived here from New York this afternoon and left for Chicago three hours later.

He goes to Illinois to continue his campaign for the United States senatorship. Mr. Hopkins is confident of success. He still predicts a large republican majority in the state and asserts that the republican representation in the next congress will be much larger than in the present one. Mr. Hopkins, who has been over nearly the entire state, says he did not find any sentiment favorable to tariff revision.

Small Decrease in Output of Gold and Silver.

Director Roberts today issued his final estimate of production of gold and silver in the United States during the last calendar year. The production of gold was 3,805,500 ounces, valued at $78,606,700, a decrease of $504,800, or .636 per cent, as compared with the yield for the previous year. The production of silver was 55,214,000 ounces, the commercial value of which was $33,128,400. This was 2,433,000 ounces, or 5 per cent, less than was produced in 1900.

Ten of the nineteen states and territories yielding gold showed an increased production. California leading with $1,023,200, an increase due entirely to the normal development of the mining industry. Nevada showed the material gain of $607,000, which came largely from the newly discovered camp of Tonapah, in Nye county, although nearly every county in the state increased its production.

South Dakota also made a gain of $300,900, Idaho $144,000, and Oregon $128,400.

The greatest decrease—amounting to $1,285,300—was in Alaska. This was due to the lateness of the season, which delayed the opening of the placers, and to litigation, which interfered with the development of the industry. Colorado's production diminished $1,135,900, a fact explained by the decline in the grade of ores extracted, the tonnage having increased.

The greatest gain in the production of silver, 1,493,200 ounces, was in Utah. Nevada, New Mexico, and Washington also made substantial gains. The production of Colorado, owing to the decline in the grade of ores extracted, fell off 2,046,100 fine ounces, while Montana's yield diminished 1,063,700 ounces. Idaho's yield 880,200, and South Dakota's 458,200.

Total of the Precious Metals $111,795,100.

During the year the total of the precious metals produced in the United States amounted to $111,795,100, which was $1,964,100, or 2 per cent, less than the yield for 1900. The following table shows the distribution by states and territories of the production of gold and silver in the United States for the calendar year 1901:

State or territory.	Gold value.	Silver, commercial value.
Alabama	$ 3,100	$ 30
Alaska	6,882,800	98,740
Arizona	4,691,000	1,987,400
California	18,697,400	655,300
Colorado	27,662,800	11,662,060
Georgia	134,600	1,000
Idaho	1,660,300	3,325,740
Michigan	20,800	43,600
Montana	4,744,100	7,870,020
Nevada	2,063,800	1,087,500
New Mexico	688,400	338,040
North Carolina	55,000	12,100
Oregon	1,818,100	96,060
South Carolina	46,700	120
South Dakota	6,479,500	46,900
Texas	900	283,440
Utah	5,090,200	6,456,480
Virginia	5,300	1,420
Washington	580,500	206,040
Wyoming	12,700	12,840
Totals	$78,000,700	$33,128,400

INTERSTATE COMMERCE REPORT

Statistics of Railroad Operation in the United States for Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1901.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—The interstate commerce commission today issued a summary of the annual report covering the year ending June 30, 1901. The number of railways in the hands of receivers on that date was forty-five, a net decrease of seven as compared with the corresponding date of the year previous.

The total single track railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1901, was 197,237 miles, this mileage having increased during the year 3,893 miles.

The number of persons in the employment of the railways of the United States on June 30, 1901, was 1,071,169, an increase of 58,516.

The amount of railway capital outstanding was $11,688,177,901. This amount, on a mileage basis, represents a capitalization of $61,528 per mile.

The number of passengers carried was 607,276,121, an increase for the year of 30,412,891.

The number of tons of freight carried during the year was 1,069,226,440, a decrease of 12,458,708 being shown.

The gross earnings from the operation were $1,588,526,037, being $101,451,223 more than for the fiscal year 1900. The operating expenses were $1,030,397,270, having increased $68,993,709.

The total number of casualties to persons on account of railway accidents was 61,794, the number of persons killed having been 3,455 and the number injured 58,339.

BIG SUM GIVEN IN PENSIONS.

Cost of Allowances to Army and Navy Veterans and Relatives Is $137,400,741 for Last Year.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—The annual report of the auditor of the interior department shows that the disbursements from the appropriations for army pensions for the year ending June 30, 1902, amounted to $133,536,039, as follows:

Survivors of the Mexican and Indian wars and the war of 1812, $963,020; invalids, $100,707,109; widows, $28,155,087; minors, $1,112,304; dependent relatives, $2,400,616; helpless children, $123,930; army nurses, $93,362.

The disbursements for navy pensions for the same period amounted to $3,844,702, as follows:

Invalids, $2,617,906; widows, $1,114,939; minors, $33,089; dependent relatives, $76,691; helpless children, $1,776.

CITY RULERS IN CONVENTION.

League of American Municipalities Meets at Grand Rapids, Mich., with Many Delegates Present.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—President Charles S. Ashley, mayor of New Bedford, Mass., today opened the sixth annual convention of the League of American Municipalities, and urged upon the 200 mayors and other city officials present the necessity of the right of municipal ownership as a club to protect cities from corporate greed.

Two hundred delegates were present, and by tomorrow there will be 200 more in attendance, making the convention one of the largest ever held by the league. An address of welcome by Mayor Palmer of Grand Rapids opened the morning session. This was followed by the address of President Ashley.

Mr. Ashley said much thought and discussion had been given to the subject of municipal administration by members of the league and they had been the cause of provoking concentrated attention to the question of municipal ownership.

PRINCIPAL OF WALSH SCHOOL, WHO IS DEAD.

Mrs. Rice, who died on Tuesday, was for over thirty years principal of the Walsh school in this city. After the big fire in 1871 she accepted the suggestion of the superintendent of schools that all teachers who had homes vacate their positions as teachers in favor of those who were less fortunate, but in the following spring she was recalled to the principalship, where she remained until her death. Mrs. Rice was born at Stephentown, N. Y., on April 8, 1843, and moved to Joliet, Ill., with her parents in 1845. She graduated from the high school there in 1859, and began her teacher's career at once. She was placed at the head of the Walsh school in 1870. She was married to Dr. N. B. Rice in 1882, and their residence was at 584 West Adams street. The funeral will be held at the house tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, with interment at Graceland.

LESSONS FROM WAR GAME

HIGGINSON URGES WIRELESS SYSTEM FOR NAVY.

Victor in First Problem of Maneuvers Praises His Vanquished Foe and Commends Work of Coast Scouts, but Declares Method of Quick Communication Between War Vessels Is Imperative—Reports Good Result from the Mimic Campaign.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Rear Admiral Higginson, who captured the white squadron under Commander Pillsbury, has made an official report to the navy department on his victory in the first war game. In his report Rear Admiral Higginson urges the necessity of speedily establishing wireless telegraphy on warships.

The department today made public the report, which is as follows:

"U. S. Flagship Kearsarge, Menemsha bight, Mass., Aug. 25, 1902.—Sir: I have the honor to report that at 5:40 a. m. of the 24th inst., off Magnolia, Mass., the blue fleet, under my command, captured the white fleet, under the command of Commander John R. Pillsbury, U. S. N., after four days of anxious watching. Commander Pillsbury's fleet was deficient in speed. His evasion of the outside scouts and arrival on the coast undetected was, I think, very creditable to him.

Considers Results Valuable.

"The result of the operation, in regard to my own force, was to gather valuable information for the intelligence office concerning the capabilities of defense and means of communication along the stretch of New England coast from Cape Cod to Portland. This information is valuable and should be preserved for future use. I directed the observers at the different stations to answer the questions on the inclosed list, in regard to the point at which they were stationed.

"The line of coast over which I had charge was divided into five districts, each in charge of an officer provided with scouting vessels and a number of observers at shore stations. These districts all reported by telephone or telegraph or by whatever means of communication they could establish with the central district at Rockport, where Ensign Berry, U. S. N., was in charge of the central office, and transmitted to me by means of steam launches, torpedo boats, and signals from shore whatever information was received.

"The reports of the district commanders and observers will be forwarded to the department for its information.

Urges a Wireless System.

"I can only say that the operations have been beneficial in training the young men in scouting and as observers. I have already written to the department about the valuable service rendered by the torpedo boat flotilla under the command of Lieut. Chandler.

"I take this occasion, however, to urge upon the department the establishment upon all vessels of the navy of a wireless telegraphy outfit. In my opinion it is of incalculable value, and no expense should be spared to hasten its adoption.

"The squadron has been withdrawn to Menemsha bight, preparatory to the combined army and navy maneuvers.

"FRANCIS J. HIGGINSON,
"Rear Admiral, Commander in Chief U. S. naval forces on North Atlantic station."

The following is the special order referred to in Admiral Higginson's report, which has been issued to the observers who were at various stations along the coast:

Questions Asked of Scouts.

"The commanding officer of the scouting districts and all observers will make reports on the search problem as far as their special duties extend. In making up their reports they will answer the following questions as far as they pertain to the duty they were employed upon:

"1. What means of communication did you use or establish?

"2. What other means would you suggest (outside of wireless telegraphy)?

"3. What difficulties did you encounter in keeping up the communications, or of reporting to stations?

"4. Could you reach all places by telephone, and what centers did you have to go through?

"5. What stations did you establish, and were they efficient?

"6. What other stations would you establish now after the experiences of this problem?

"7. What accommodations were found for lodging and subsistence?

"8. What should be the outfit of stations to suit the conditions you found?"

CROSSES PACIFIC TO WED.

Bride of Lieut. G. E. Thorne, U. S. A., Journeys Alone from the Philippines to Join Betrothed.

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Lieut. G. E. Thorne, U. S. A., brother of Mayor Thorne, will arrive here on Sunday with his bride, who crossed the Pacific to become his wife. She was a school teacher in the Philippines and they became acquainted while Lieut. Thorne's regiment was stationed in the islands.

MIMIC WARFARE ON LAKE.

NAVAL MILITIA TO BOMBARD LINCOLN PARK SEA WALL.

Training Ship Dorothea, in Charge of Capt. H. A. Allen, Will Attack the Land Forces, Who Will Be Led by Lieut. Commander Granville Kimball—Fight Will Occur About Noon on Sunday, the Warship Attempting to Establish a Base on Shore.

Chicago is not to be deprived of the excitement of mimic warfare because it is on an inland sea. Illinois naval militiamen who saw service during the war with Spain will take up the gauge of battle laid down by their fellows in the regular service.

The recent activity of larger vessels on the Atlantic coast has led officers of the militia to decide on a battle for the "fresh water" lads, and accordingly the little Dorothea will man its guns once more.

Park Sea Wall to Be Bombarded.

Instead of having a coast line as the point of attack, the boys on Lake Michigan will confine their attack to the sea wall of Lincoln park, and the 100 men who will man the Dorothea will have 300 of their friends on the shore at the park to become the enemy for the time being. All of the plans for the fight have been completed, and on Sunday, near the hour of noon, the Dorothea will open fire. The naval militia of Chicago will be aboard the training ship, and the other three ships' crews will be ashore to repel the attack.

Capt. H. A. Allen will command the Dorothea, and Lieut. L. C. Roberts will be the ordnance and navigating officer. Chief Engineer Granville Kimball, who piloted the Dorothea from Philadelphia harbor to the Chicago basin, will be ashore with the land force and will direct the work of repulsing the small boats that will attempt to land. The battle will be fought where thousands who never have seen a gunboat in action can enjoy the sight.

Fit the Men for Warfare.

The purpose of the fight will be to give the inland sailors as much actual experience as possible that they may be better fitted for service should they again be called to salt water.

Lieut. Commander Kimball, who is also chief engineer of the Dorothea, found many points that could be improved upon during the late war. He watched the working of the gunboat Leonidas until the new men who came aboard were taught properly to care for the machinery. After coaling and supplying ship Commander Kimball spent all of his time below until his men had made the port of Key West. This was because he had to teach his men their new tasks. Now he wants to prevent a recurrence of such conditions by training the naval militia until its members fully understand their work.

WOMAN STARTS FOR A WALK AND STRANGELY DISAPPEARS.

Mrs. William G. Martin Missing and Her Husband Believes She Is Victim of Absent-Mindedness.

Mrs. William G. Martin, wife of an agent for the Chicago and Milwaukee Telegraph company, has disappeared, and the police have been asked to assist in finding her. She left her rooms at 2500 Michigan avenue Monday morning, saying she was going for a walk, and has not returned.

"I believe," said Mr. Martin last evening, "that she is safe somewhere, but that for some reason she is unable to identify herself. She has been an invalid for some time, and lately has shown signs of absent-mindedness. She has only been in Chicago six weeks, and is comparatively a stranger here. We came from Des Moines.

"She left no word as to where she was going, which satisfies me she had not expected to go far or stay long. She had two $5 checks with her and some small change. I cannot think of suicide, as she was religiously opposed to it. The only reason I can advance is absent-mindedness or accident, and the absence of anything by which to identify her."

Mrs. Martin is 38 years old, of medium height and slender, with dark brown hair and blue eyes. There is a scar over her right eye.

ACCUSED OF DEFRAUDING IN INSPECTION OF CEDAR.

Charles Vroman Arrested on Charges Made by His Employers, Raber & Watson—One Man in Prison.

On the charge of conspiring to defraud the cedar firm, Raber & Watson of Chicago and Menominee, Mich., Charles Vroman has been arrested at Whatcom, Wash.

It is alleged that Vroman got $7,111 of the firm's money. A warrant is out for his supposed accomplice.

There were two Vromans employed at Iron Mountain as inspectors for Raber & Watson under Archie V. Freeman, who is now serving a sentence in prison at Marquette, Mich., for forgery and embezzlement while working for the same firm. Shortly before Freeman fled the Vromans disappeared. It was thought they had left the country but Sheriff Stiles of Menominee yesterday telegraphed from Whatcom that he had made the arrest.

RAILROAD PRESIDENT IN COURT.

Chief of the Union Pacific Is Forced to Answer Criminal Charges Brought by Workingmen.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Much against his will, President Horace G. Burt, arrested yesterday on charges preferred by workmen, who alleged they had been imprisoned in railroad cars, was forced to be present in the police court of Justice Berka this morning. He endeavored to have the preliminary matters settled by his attorneys, but County Attorney Thomas insisted that the defendant be present. Mr. Burt entered a plea of not guilty in each of the ten cases and was released on $2,000 bail. His trial was set for Sept. 3.

The complainants are machinists who were brought from Indianapolis to Omaha by the Union Pacific to take the places of the strikers. These men say they were told there was no strike on the Union Pacific, and they charge that they were falsely imprisoned in the cars at Council Bluffs, where they learned of the strike. They allege that President Burt issued the orders which held them prisoners.

DIES BEGGING TO SEE HUSBAND.

Wife's Last Words a Vain Plea for Return of Man from Whom She Had Parted.

Seriously ill, and begging for the return of her husband, from whom she had parted, Mrs. Mae Alyea Miller, 23 years old, sank rapidly when he failed to come and died yesterday in Hammond. When Mr. Miller went away he took his two children with him. When his wife became suddenly ill a week ago she wrote to him praying that she might see him and the children before she died. He did not come—perhaps not hearing in time—and Mrs. Miller, concluding her husband would not be reconciled, gave up the battle for her life. She will be buried today near the scene of her courtship.

FIRE TAKES BIG LUMBER YARD.

Flames Consume 4,000,000 Feet, but 10,000,000 Feet and Planing Mills Are Saved.

Bay City, Mich., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The planing mill plant and 10,000,000 feet of lumber belonging to Bradley, Miller & Co., West Bay City, barely escaped destruction by fire this evening. A large quantity of shingles and lath and about 4,000,000 feet of lumber were burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000, with partial insurance.

PLEADS TO AVOID CARMEN'S STRIKE

National President Mahon Urges Union First to Submit to Arbitration.

MEET TONIGHT TO DECIDE

Radical Leaders Favor Issuing an Ultimatum to President Roach at Once.

In an effort to head off a strike by the street railway employes of the north and west sides National President W. D. Mahon last evening addressed a communication to the officers and members of the union, urging that no such action be taken at the meeting to be held in Aurora Turner hall tonight.

It was generally understood yesterday that the radical element in the union, which apparently had the upper hand, was prepared to vote that an ultimatum be submitted to President John M. Roach of the Union and Consolidated Traction companies to grant the demands of the men at once or face a strike. The arbitration method was to be ignored.

Pleads to Avoid a Strike.

The communication from President Mahon was intended to impress on the minds of the men the necessity for arbitration. It was delivered to Secretary William Taber of the union, and was addressed to the members of that organization. It was as follows:

On Thursday evening, Aug. 21, there was submitted to you a proposition in the form of an agreement as a settlement of the contentions existing between you and the companies. It was decided to submit this proposition to a referendum vote of all the members, it being announced that should a majority of the members vote "yes" the agreement should be accepted. Should a majority vote "no" the proposition would be rejected and the whole matter would be submitted to arbitration.

While your committee has refused to give out the result of the ballot it states that the proposition was lost, and has asked me if I will indorse without submitting the matter to arbitration. I take from this that it is the intention of your committee to recommend that you deliver the company an ultimatum refusing any arbitration, and that you go on strike if the ultimatum be refused by the company. I take this opportunity to advise against such a course as this.

First, it is contrary to the laws of your association. The corner stone on which the Amalgamated association is founded is voluntary arbitration, and in accordance with our laws no national officer can indorse a strike until arbitration has been offered and refused by the companies.

Points to an Argument.

Second, The agreement you have with the company has a provision which states that should any question arise over which you cannot mutually agree the matter shall be submitted to arbitration.

In connection with this I would also inform you that voluntary arbitration has been advocated by the entire trades union movement of our country as a means of settling our disputes with employers.

In the interests of organized labor, and as an officer of your international association, I beg of you to commit no such blunder, but, on the other hand, to stand firmly by the principles and laws of our association.

It has been rumored that there is an estrangement between your committee and myself, but this is not true. I have disagreed with the committee on the above policy and stood firmly on our laws; beyond this there is no bad feeling. Should it become necessary to go farther than to petition, and enter a contest for our rights, if you do so in accordance with the constitution and laws of our association, you will find me with you, doing everything in my power to assist you. Fraternally yours, W. D. MAHON.

May Lose Its Charter.

If the union goes back on the principle of arbitration tonight it is said to be certain that its charter will be revoked. No announcement of the referendum ballot was made yesterday, and it was declared that nothing would be given out until the mass meeting of the union.

The action of National President Mahon, following the refusal of Local President Larkin to give him the official count of the ballot, has had a tendency to cool the ardor of some of the strike leaders.

The position of the truck teamsters, whose action would have an important bearing in event of a strike, was outlined yesterday by Business Agent Hugh McGee:

"If the street car men strike, the public cannot depend on the trucks for transportation. The trucks will continue to haul freight and nothing else. If a wagon, loaded with five tons of merchandise, gets stuck on the rails, I do not see how any one can expect the driver to get it off the track with a team of horses. That is where we stand."

Demands on Chicago General.

The Chicago General railway company encountered the street car men's union during the day, when National President Mahon and Organizer Clarence O. Pratt submitted the demands of the men to Frank H. Sellers, receiver of the company. Mr. Sellers said he would have to submit the proposed schedule to the court on Sept. 15.

The proposal provides that all motormen and conductors on single cars shall get 24 cents an hour, the runs to be not less than ten nor more than eleven hours. Trippers are to have $1.75 for six hours' work, anything more to be figured as a regular day. Men on night cars are to have 33 cents an hour. New men are to be given 19 cents an hour for thirty days, and plow and sweeper crews 45 cents an hour. All new men are to become members of the union after sixty days, and the demerit and bonding systems are to be abolished.

The difficulties of the employes of the south side lines come up before the arbitration board at 10 o'clock this morning. The meeting will be held at the Chicago Athletic club.

DENIES STORY OF TRAINMEN.

Grand Chief Morrissey Says the Report of a Demand for Wage Advance Is Wrong.

P. H. Morrissey, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, who was in Chicago yesterday, denied emphatically that there was any general move on the part of the trainmen on western roads to demand a horizontal advance in wages in the near future.

"The story sent out from Milwaukee is wrong," he said. "In the first place there is to be no general conference. Of course, the wages and conditions on parallel roads are similar, but there is never any concerted action, as each branch acts for itself. We have no general meetings except the biennial conventions, and there will not be one of these until next year."

Seventy packers, checkers, and shipping room employes were paid off and discharged from Butler Bros.' store yesterday. This is said to have been done to forestall a strike. The trouble broke out in Lyon Bros. last week and in Montgomery Ward & Co.'s store on Monday.

ASKS BANKRUPT LAW CHANGE.

President of the National Association of Referees Suggests Improvements in the Statute.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 27.—Separate courts to deal with the bankruptcy proceedings, with referees as judges; greater care upon the part of the agents of the commercial reporting agencies in preparing reports covering the financial standings of tradesmen; and greater care upon the part of merchants in extending credit to the smaller tradesmen were advocated by President Thomas T. Crittenden of Kansas City in his annual address to the National Association of Referees in Bankruptcy today. A closer relation with the National Credit Men's association was urged.

Grand Duke Boris at Niagara.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Grand Duke Boris of Russia and party arrived here today. After viewing the points of interest they left this evening for New York.

RIOTS IN MINE STRIKE.

TROOPS RUSHED TO PANTHER CREEK VALLEY FIELD.

Angry Mineworkers Threaten Serious Outbreaks at Summit Hill and Lansford, Pa.—Soldiers Start for the Scene of Disturbances and Trouble Is Expected—Trolley Poles Cut to Prevent Moves by Militia—Entire State Guard May Be Called.

Tamaqua, Pa., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Panther creek valley is in the hands of riotous and angry strikers. Mob law rules in Summit Hill and Lansford. Troops are holding the strikers in check and more are likely to be rushed into the district.

Maj. Gearhart of the Twelfth regiment appealed to Gov. Stone to send the Governor's troop from Shenandoah to Lansford and the troop was rushed to the scene of trouble tonight.

The streets of Lansford and Summit Hill are crowded with strikers. They are in an ugly mood and an outbreak is feared at any time.

Tomorrow morning the troops will be sent the length of the valley, and citizens here predict serious trouble.

All State Troops May Be Called.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The governor's troop left for the Panther Creek region tonight. The Second City troop of Philadelphia, with Capt. Schermerhorn in command, will arrive here during the night and take the place of the governor's troop.

Everything is in a turmoil throughout the region and it is expected the entire National guard of the state will be called out before the strike grows much older. Shenandoah is still the hot bed of the strike, despite the presence of the troops, and if an attempt should be made to operate even a washery here a clash will be sure to occur.

Mitchell Replies to Hewitt.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—President Mitchell tonight replied to Abram S. Hewitt's statement regarding the arbitration of the coal strike. He states that he and Mr. Hewitt have on several occasions discussed the policy of miners' organizations and that it surprised him to find that Mr. Hewitt had given to the public statements neither founded on fact nor justified by any demand made by the miners' union. The statements, he said, were repeated by John D. Crimmins, and he believes the intention was to obscure the real issues involved in the strike and divert the public attention from the unfortunate conditions under which boys and men have to labor in the coal regions.

Shiras Talks of Arbitration.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 27.—Justice Shiras of the United States Supreme court, who arrived in Pittsburg from a long vacation, talking of the anthracite coal strike, said:

"Incorporation of all labor unions is the primary step toward the passage of an arbitration law. The unions must be responsible for the carrying out of an agreement, and until they are there is little hope for compulsory arbitration of labor troubles."

Shoot in Resisting Ejection.

Hinton, W. Va., Aug. 27.—Great excitement exists in the vicinity of Red Ash and Beury today caused by constables removing the striking miners from the company houses. Forty families who were notified to leave the houses of the Red Ash Coal company refused to vacate, and when the constables began to remove their household goods a volley of shots was fired at the officers from the opposite side of the river. They returned the fire. Eight hundred shots were fired.

DeMuth & Co.

Hanan's Fine Shoes

For Men and Women.

New Fall and Winter Styles made on specially designed lasts by Hanan.

HIGHEST GRADE MATERIALS. HIGHEST MECHANICAL SKILL.

Perfectly Made Shoes for Careful Dressers. Patent Calf, Patent Colt, Patent Kid, Enamel, French Calf, Box Calf, Velour Calf, Phoenix Kid, and Vici Kid.

$5 $6 $7

Send for Fall and Winter Catalogue with instructions how to order by mail. Sent free on application.

NOTE—Sept. 1st we will vacate our store No. 109 State Street, consolidating same with our main store, corner State Street and Jackson Boulevard.

The Corner Building. State-st. and Jackson-blvd.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Every Day DURING September AND October

One-way tickets to the Pacific Coast via Chicago & North-Western Railway, only $33.00 from Chicago. A double berth in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars, daily to San Francisco or Portland, only $6.00.

Stop-Overs

permitted en route. Round-trip tickets also on sale daily at reduced rates; special low rates in effect on specified dates.

Three trains daily to the Coast without change. Free Reclining Chair Cars, Compartment, Standard and Tourist Pullman Sleeping Cars, Dining, Observation, Library and Buffet Cars. Fast time and the best of everything.

TICKET OFFICES
212 Clark Street (Tel. Central 721) and Wells Street Station.

Does Your Fountain Pen Work Like This?

Do you have to shake and hammer it to get the ink down? Then it is not

The SWAN FOUNTAIN PEN

The Swan Fountain Pen starts writing the instant it touches paper, with a steady even flow of ink. The feed can be readily adjusted to meet the needs of the heaviest and fastest or the slowest and lightest of writers. Every pen guaranteed to work perfectly.

MABIE, TODD & BARD, 98 State St., Stewart Bldg., Chicago.

Most painters and paint-makers have a lot to say about "strictly pure" and this or that "process."

Nonsense! What do you care for that? When you paint you want results; will the paint wear? If it doesn't, who's going to make it good?

We guarantee results with Devoe ready paint: we authorize the dealer to make the guaranty good.

When you paint use Devoe, and be safe. Your painter will do what you tell him.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE: CHICAGO.

There's no more reason for having your shirts made-to-measure now than your shoes or hats.

Cluett or Monarch shirts for business; Cluett dress shirts for "functioning;" they're as good as anybody can make, and ready-to-wear.

If your furnisher knows his business he has them. Our name is your guide.

Cluett, Peabody & Co.

Kansas City Excursion.

Santa Fe.

ROUND TRIP, $10

ONE WAY, $5.50

Two daily trains with Standard and Tourist Sleeping Cars and free Reclining Chair Cars leave Dearborn Station 6:27 p. m. and 10:00 p. m.

Berths Reserved Now.

Tourist Berth Rate Only $1.00.

Round Trip Tickets on sale Aug. 20 and 30, good for return until Sept. 1. One-Way Tickets on sale Aug. 29, 30, 31 and Sept. 1.

Also low one-way rates to St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth and many points West.

Get Tickets 109 Adams St., or Dearborn Station.

J. M. CONNELL, Gen. Agt., Telephone Central 2037.

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified advertising must be in this office Friday.

Almer Coe, Leading Optical Establishment. Glasses made to fit you. 74 STATE-ST., Directly Opposite Field's New Store.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Tailor, Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State.

WOMEN GOLFERS IN MATCH PLAY.

Defeats of Miss Leslie and Mrs. McIlvaine Surprise the Gallery.

SECOND DAY OF TOURNEY.

Eight Remain in the Contest for the Championship of the West.

Of the eight matches played yesterday in the first match play round for the western women's championship and the Governors' cup competition at the Onwentsia club, only two resulted in reversals of the form indicated in the qualifying round. These were the defeat of Miss Grace Leslie of the Skokie club by Mrs. C. L. Dering of the Midlothian Country club, and the victory of Miss Louise Gaylord of the Onwentsia club over Mrs. W. B. McIlvaine of the Onwentsia club, who had finished fourth in the qualifying round.

Miss Gaylord's victory was the most notable, as Mrs. McIlvaine, who won the Governors' cup in 1899, is a nervy and clever match player.

In the other six matches the regular quartet of players which has always shown up prominently in local tournaments kept up their reputation. Miss Bessie Anthony, Mrs. J. M. Cutter, Miss J. A. Carpenter, and Mrs. W. A. Alexander all winning their matches easily. A glance at the records will show these four experts have generally figured in the last rounds in the majority of the tournaments. The other two winners, Miss Frances Everett and Miss E. H. Young, are rapidly forcing their way to the front, and the former is conceded to be one of the most promising players in the city.

Weather Conditions Favorable.

Except that the wind was a trifle stronger, the weather conditions were similar to those of Tuesday, everything favoring good golf. The putting greens were a little slower.

No phenomenal scores were recorded, the best complete record for the eighteen holes being 98 by Mrs. W. A. Alexander. The attendance was small and few of the pairs had galleries.

Results of the day's play were as follows:

WESTERN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Miss Bessie Anthony, Glen View, defeated Miss Martha Wilson, Onwentsia, 4 up and 3 to play.
Mrs. J. M. Cutter, Exmoor, defeated Miss Miriam Anthony, Evanston, 4 up and 3 to play.
Mrs. C. L. Dering, Midlothian, defeated Miss Grace Leslie, Skokie, 1 up.
Miss Frances Everett, Exmoor, defeated Mrs. H. A. Beidler, Lake Geneva, 3 up and 2 to play.
Miss Louise Gaylord, Onwentsia, defeated Mrs. W. B. McIlvaine, Onwentsia, 1 up.
Miss E. H. Young, Auburn Park, defeated Miss Olive Mitchell, Racine, 2 up and 1 to play.
Miss J. A. Carpenter, Westward Ho, defeated Miss A. Wilson, Onwentsia, 7 up and 6 to play.
Mrs. W. A. Alexander, Exmoor, defeated Miss J. Trumbull, Edgewater, 5 up and 3 to play.

GOVERNORS' SOLACE CUP.

Mrs. E. C. Belknap, Evanston, defeated Miss Jo Sherman, Riverside, 4 up and 1 to play.
Miss Mabel Mitchell, Racine, defeated Miss K. Robertson, Springfield, 3 up and 4 to play.
Miss Elizabeth Congdon, Glen View, defeated Miss Blanchard, Evanston, 3 up and 2 to play.
Mrs. G. Harvey, Midlothian, defeated Mrs. A. Guilbert, Racine, 2 up.
Mrs. Aldrich, Onwentsia, defeated Miss Mary Ainslie, Westward Ho, 3 up and 2 to play.
Miss Sallie Ainslie, Westward Ho, defeated Mrs. Hulbert, Onwentsia, 3 up and 2 to play.
Mrs. E. C. Berriman, Edgewater, defeated Miss N. Lapham, Glen View, 3 up and 1 to play.
Mrs. Skinner, Rock Island, defeated Mrs. Van Vlissingen, Glen View, 7 up and 1 to play.
Mrs. Rice, Exmoor, defeated Miss A. Cotten, Chicago, 4 up and 3 to play.
Miss Emma Loesch, Edgewater, defeated Mrs. Dean, Onwentsia, 3 up and 2 to play.
Mrs. J. S. Driver, Riverside, defeated Miss Pauline Kohlsaat, Onwentsia, 1 up.

Miss Anthony Wins Match.

Western Champion Bessie Anthony was suffering from a swollen eye, the result of a cold, but had no trouble in defeating Miss Alice Wilson, who has been playing well this summer at Charlevoix. After winning the first hole, 5–6, Miss Anthony drove into the muddy portion of the bunker, and, finding after two attempts she could not get out, conceded the hole. This proved to be the only hole won by her opponent, who, however, played a plucky game against the best efforts of the champion and succeeded in halving a number of them.

Their cards were as follows:

Miss Anthony—Out	5	6	7	4	5	5	4	5	6—47
Miss Wilson—Out	6	4	7	5	6	5	5	6	5—49
Miss Anthony—In	4	5	6	5	5	4	5	5	5—44
Miss Wilson—In	7	5	6	5	5	5	5	5	5—48

Mrs. Alexander had all the better of the first nine holes against Miss Trumbull, winning the first, second, sixth, seventh, and eighth and halving the third, fourth, and fifth.

One of the closest matches of the day was between Miss Grace Leslie and Mrs. C. L. Dering. The Midlothian player was in excellent form, making the first nine holes in 46, and, although Miss Leslie took 52, she was only one down at the turn. The second half of the match was equally well contested. The cards:

Mrs. Dering—Out	6	3	7	5	5	5	5	5	5—46
Miss Leslie—Out	6	4	6	5	6	5	5	5	5—47
Mrs. Dering—In	6	4	6	5	5	5	5	5	5—46
Miss Leslie—In	6	4	6	5	6	5	5	5	5—47

Play for the Benedict Cup.

Thirty couples entered for the Benedict cup handicap competition in the afternoon. The disposition of the cup for another year was not determined, as Mr. and Mrs. W. B. McIlvaine and Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Pillsbury tied with a net score of 36. The former pair won the prize for best gross score. They made the first nine holes in forty-six, a splendid performance. Three holes were played, the first ten and the seventeenth and eighteenth. The summary:

Mr. and Mrs.	Gross.	Allowance.	Net.
W. B. McIlvaine, Onwentsia	91	55	36
W. F. Pillsbury, Onwentsia	97	61	36
C. L. Dering, Midlothian	98	57	41
George A. Tuttle, Kenilworth	98	57	41
J. O. Hinkley, Midlothian	98	60	38
W. A. Alexander, Exmoor	97	54	43
H. M. Donnelley, Midlothian	94	51	43
Solomon Sturges, Onwentsia	78	14	64
Mr. and Mrs. Edgewater	91	6	85
H. A. Beidler, Lake Geneva	92	55	37
H. O. Crane, Onwentsia	93	14	65
H. H. Skinner, Rock Island	72	6	66
Granger Farwell, Onwentsia	80	14	66
J. M. Cutter, Exmoor	67	6	61
A. Aldrich, Onwentsia	97	12	85
W. J. Osborne, Glen View	70	12	58
E. Berriman, Edgewater	77	9	68
A. A. Gilbert, Racine	77	9	68
F. F. Cummins, Exmoor	75	10	65
W. Morse, Skokie	91	12	79
W. V. Jacobs, Skokie	81	12	69
O. A. McKinlock, Onwentsia	76	9	70
C. Hopkins, Skokie	91	14	77
S. McLaughlin, Exmoor	85	11	74
Mr. and Mrs. Edward P. Martin, Chicago	91	14	77
Mr. and Mrs. William Waller, Onwentsia	97	14	83
Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Vincent, Onwentsia	97	14	83
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Clow, Glen View	96	14	82
Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Sprague, Onwentsia	97	14	83
Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Belknap, Evanston	97	14	83

The tie will be played off later in the week. The pairings for today are as follows:

WESTERN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Miss Bessie Anthony and Mrs. J. M. Cutter.
Mrs. C. L. Dering and Miss Frances Everett.
Miss Louise Gaylord and Miss E. H. Young.
Miss J. A. Carpenter and Mrs. W. A. Alexander.

GOVERNORS' SOLACE CUP.

Mrs. E. C. Belknap and Miss Mabel Mitchell.
Miss Elizabeth Congdon and Mrs. G. V. Harvey.
Mrs. H. Skinner and Miss Aldrich.
Mrs. E. C. Berriman and Mrs. F. F. Donohoe.

GOVERNORS' TYRO CUP.

Mrs. H. N. Tuttle and Miss Towner.
Miss Grace Smith and Mrs. H. H. Donnelley.
Miss K. Robertson and Mrs. H. Deane.
Miss E. Loesch and Mrs. J. S. Driver.

Play will begin at 9:45 o'clock. In the afternoon there will be a four ball "foursome at eleven holes, medal play.

Notes of the Golfers.

A team match is scheduled for this afternoon at Hinsdale with the Windsor Country club.

W. G. Sage won the fifth day's play in the men's midsummer handicap at the Homewood Country club yesterday, making the round in 85.

In the semi-finals for the Ainslie cup, played yesterday at the Westward Ho club, J. A. Shaw defeated Dr. Beebe, who was 4 up and 3 to play, and J. H. Phillips won from C. H. Wells, 2 up.

Playing at Belmont yesterday for the Crawford trophy, Herbert J. Tweedale accomplished the feat of driving 300 yards. He drove from the second tee with the wind at his back, but even under these conditions the drive was phenomenal. He was playing against J. Fish, who had an allowance of 4 strokes. Tweedle won by 2 up and 3 to play.

THREE CLEVER WOMEN GOLFERS WHO WON AT ONWENTSIA.

MRS. J. M. CUTTER. EXMOOR

MISS FRANCES EVERETT. EXMOOR

MISS J. A. CARPENTER. WESTWARD HO.

MOTHER GETS HER BABY.

IOWA WOMAN BEATS CHARITABLE SOCIETY BY TRICK.

Mrs. Vina Keller, Whose Infant Was Taken from Her and Held Despite Court's Decision, Has It Arrested as Vagrant and Gets Appointed as Special Constable—Case Bitterly Fought —Anybody's Child Can Be Taken Under New Statute.

Keokuk, Ia., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Mrs. Vina Keller today got possession of her 11 months old baby, which is said to be dying, despite the efforts of a charitable organization to prevent her seeing it. The mother caused the arrest of the infant on a charge of vagrancy, had herself appointed a special constable to take charge of the diminutive prisoner during a continuance of the case, and secured a victory over Secretary Elmer Park of the Associated Charities, who was landed in jail for nearly an hour for contempt of court in his attempt to deprive the mother of her child.

The baby was taken from its mother under a law passed last winter by the Iowa legislature at the instance of sociologists. Two club women took the child and the Associated Charities brought suit to get legal possession of the baby. The doctors told Mrs. Keller her child was dying. She was denied the right to see it.

Determined to Keep Child.

Yesterday a court here declared the new law unconstitutional and ordered the baby returned to its mother. Despite this order Secretary Park refused to surrender the child. He was arrested, charged with contempt of court, and after being in jail forty-five minutes was released on a writ of habeas corpus.

Secretary Park appealed from the decision, and as an appeal usually cannot be decided under two years the mother could be kept from seeing her child for that length of time. The attorney for Secretary Park said in court that this was the intention of his client.

Mother Has Baby Arrested.

The action of the Associated Charities stirred up much indignation. The mother was advised of a way in which she could get possession of her child. She arranged with a neighbor to file information in justice of the peace's court, charging the baby with vagrancy. A big constable soberly arrested the baby at the hospital, where it was being treated, and brought the infantile prisoner into court. The vagrancy case was continued to Saturday and the mother was made a special constable and ordered to keep the baby prisoner in safety until the case should be called again. The mother took the baby and hid it somewhere in the city.

County Attorney Marshall said tonight that the next move would be the prosecution of the justice and the lawyers for the mother on a charge of conspiracy in the vagrancy case.

Appeal Makes Decision Useless.

The law was passed at the instance of sociologists last winter. It provides the procedure by which children may be taken from incompetent, dissolute, or immoral parents and given to persons or charitable societies by courts or mayors of cities.

Judge Hughes in the superior court this afternoon construed the law to be that if the mother is found competent by a trial court and the child be given back the filing of a notice of appeal by the Associated Charities stops the execution of the order to return the child to the mother. The effect is to keep the child away from the acquitted mother until a long series of appeals are finally decided.

Can Take Anybody's Child.

Judge Hughes says it is true that the new law makes it possible for anybody to file information against anybody's child, and after acquittal keep the child from the parents for a long time by a series of appeals to higher courts. If the law is held constitutional, he says, he can see no escape from such a possible course.

The law is the result of a former law being found to be inoperative and incapable of enforcement in some cases here several years ago.

EX-CONVICT FINDS DAUGHTER.

Theodore Vaitrain of Pana, Ill., Finds Child He Lost When He Went to Prison Twenty Years Ago.

Pana, Ill., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Theodore Vaitrain found his daughter yesterday at Olney after looking her twenty years ago. Twenty years ago Vaitrain was sentenced to prison for life for killing his wife. His daughter was an infant at the time, and he never knew what became of her. After serving thirteen years he was pardoned by Gov. Altgeld. After his release Vaitrain married again, and is now considered rich. A few days ago he received a letter from his daughter, who is the wife of I. N. Martin at Olney. Their meeting followed.

TOWN IS MENACED BY A FIRE.

Blaze Which Started in a Lumber Yard Threatens to Destroy Harrison, Idaho.

Harrison, Idaho, Aug. 27.—A fire is raging here, and the entire town is in danger of destruction. The blaze started in the Cameron Lumber company's plant, the supposed cause being a spark from an engine. The Cameron plant, valued at $30,000, is already destroyed. A high wind is blowing. The citizens are fighting the fire, but are almost powerless, as the water works throws but feeble streams.

Auto Kills a Bulldog.

M. L. Dunning, 2822 Orrington avenue, Evanston, told the Evanston police yesterday that he would give a substantial reward for the detention of a certain yellow automobile long enough for him to interview the chauffeur. The machine yesterday ran over a bulldog, which Dunning valued at $200.

Censures Road for Grade Accident.

The coroner's jury, sitting on the case of Joseph Refien, 1807 West Fulton street, who was killed by a Lake street elevated train at the Prairie avenue crossing, Austin, censured the railroad for not employing a watchman at the crossing for public safety.

LEAGUE WILL MEET HERE.

REPUBLICAN CLUBS ARRANGE ALL BUT DETAILS.

Convention Is to Be Held Oct. 2, 3, and 4—President to Be Present on the Second Day, with Senator Dolliver and Senator Beveridge as Speakers at Other Sessions—The Gathering Is Expected to Be an Unusually Enthusiastic One.

Plans for the national convention of the League of Republican Clubs were partly framed yesterday. They contemplate a three days' meeting, to be held in Chicago on Oct. 2, 3, and 4. It is the plan to have President Roosevelt here on Oct. 3, while Senators Dolliver of Iowa and Beveridge of Indiana will be the principal speakers on the other days.

The executive officers of the league had a talk with Chairman Rowe of the state republican committee during the afternoon and were assured by him, as they had been by Congressman Lorimer on Wednesday, that Chicago and the state were anxious to have the league convention held in this city. After that it was merely a matter of making other necessary arrangements, and this is what remains to be done.

As stated, the plan is to have a three days' convention. It is figured by the members of the executive committee of the league that the opportunities in Chicago for getting a large number of republicans together are better than if the gathering were held in any other city in the country. The desire of the president can be here depended on to add to the enthusiasm of the gathering. Added to this is the fact that since President Hamilton has been in charge the league has got out of debt, and this it is thought will aid in making the meeting more successful.

"We expect to make it the greatest convention the league has ever known," said James Jay Sheridan, one of the members of the executive committee.

Hammond, Ind., is planning to get a glimpse of President Roosevelt during his coming western tour.

Hammond Wants the President.

An invitation has been sent the president by Congressman Crumpacker to lay the corner stone of the new Superior court house at the Indiana town in October. The Commercial club of Hammond is planning to make the corner stone laying an important affair.

Maj. Dan Hogan made out a part of his speakers' assignments for the republican state committee yesterday. In addition to the dates for Congressman Hopkins at Macomb and Belvidere the congressman will be at Altamont on Sept. 18 and Mattoon on Sept. 22. Attorney General Hamlin has been assigned to Oquawka on Sept. 2, Greenup Sept. 26, and Carlyle Sept. 27.

D. Morgan Smith, the democratic candidate for congress in the Third district, will open his campaign with a meeting at Fifty-seventh place and State street tomorrow evening.

Winston May Quit Ticket.

B. M. Winston, democratic candidate for member of the board of review, is likely to withdraw from the ticket. If he does Ernst Hummel, former city treasurer, will be named in his place.

Mr. Winston, who is a young man, has been subjected to considerable fire because of the fact that his father, Gen. F. H. Winston, is a large taxpayer, and has decided he does not like the political game. In speaking of his intentions yesterday he said:

"I do not know whether I will stay on the ticket or not. I find that my business interests are such I cannot spend the time necessary to make the canvass, and it is possible I may decide to quit. I have not yet made up my mind, however."

BOY ON WAY TO KILL SELF WRITES OF SLAYING BABY.

Strange Letter Received by the Police Is a Confession of Murder and of Cutting Off a Girl's Long Tresses.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—If the statements made in a letter received at the police station this morning are true, Iny Huffman is a murderer and a suicide. The letter was mailed at 5:35 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was received at the police station this morning. There was no stamp on the envelope. It was addressed to "Police station, Omaha, Neb." The letter said:

"Dear Sir: I am the one that cut off Dora Jackman's hair. I am 18 years old. Two months after my mother died I killed our baby, which was 4 months and 2 days old. I am on my way to jump in the Missouri river. I had nothing against her. She was always polite to me. Put this in the papers. I am so mean. I put on the clothes I had on when I cut off her hair. I put her hair in my pocket. I cut it off with a sharp razor. I could not stand to think what I had done, so I killed myself. INY HUFFMAN."

Iny Huffman cut a long braid of hair from the head of Dora Jackman during the early part of February. A complaint was filed against him at that time, but he was never arrested nor could any of his relatives be located by the police. The police are now making a search for the boy or his body. The body of an infant was found last June which was unidentified, and which the police believe to have been the baby mentioned.

Railway Club Elects Officers.

The board of directors of the Railway Employes' Twentieth Century club held its first annual meeting at the Great Northern hotel last evening and the following officers were elected: P. E. Conley, president; W. J. Swindle, vice president; N. B. Travis, secretary; Lof Brown, treasurer. Resolutions were adopted declaring the club's political policy to be the recognition of such men for office as pledge themselves to support legislation not inimical nor in opposition to the interests of railway employes or corporations in general.

CALIFORNIA PICKS MEN.

GEORGE C. PARDEE AT HEAD OF REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Gov. Gage Meets Defeat on Sixth Ballot at Sacramento After an Exciting Fight—Routed Faction Votes to Make the Nomination Unanimous—Successful Candidate Makes a Brief Speech, Thanking the Delegates—No Fight Made for Other Offices.

For governor ..... G. C. PARDEE
For lieutenant governor ..... ALDEN ANDERSON
For chief justice ..... W. H. BEATTY
For associated justice ..... LUCIEN SHAW and P. M. ANGELOTTI
For secretary of state ..... C. F. CURRY
For attorney general ..... U. S. WEBB
For surveyor general ..... VICTOR H. WOOD
For controller ..... E. P. COLLERAN

Sacramento, Cal., Aug. 27.—The most hotly contested factional fight in the history of the republican party in California came to an end today when the sixth ballot was taken in the state convention for the gubernatorial nomination.

When the convention reassembled this morning the forces of Gov. Gage were still hopeful of making some combination whereby the deadlock could be broken and the opposing forces manifested confidence of continuing the battle along the lines of yesterday. It had been reported that a secret agreement had been entered into between the Gage contingent and the managers of Dr. George C. Pardee's campaign whereby the latter was to be given the full force of the governor's strength if the fight looked hopeless for the administration element, but no definite information concerning the time of the transfer of the votes had been given out.

Break Comes on Fifth Ballot.

Gov. Gage reached his highest vote on the fourth ballot, when 339½ were credited to him, and on the next dropped to 335½.

The end came amid the greatest confusion. When Shasta county was reached in the sixth roll call the Gage people began to cast their votes for Pardee, and then the slide toward the Alameda county physician commenced amid an uproar that interfered with the taking of the ballot. Long before San Diego county was reached Dr. Pardee's nomination was assured and then the Flint men gracefully struck their colors and paid Pardee the compliment of voting for him.

Dr. Pardee was called to the platform and made a brief address, thanking the convention and predicting success.

Libel Suits Follow Charges.

For several months Gov. Gage has been the object of a determined fight, which has resulted in his filing suit for criminal libel against the owner and manager of one newspaper and in turn being sued by them on the same charge.

In addition the San Francisco Call charged the governor with having shipped convict made furniture and other articles manufactured in the penitentiary to his ranch at Downey, near Los Angeles. The paper also alleged that quantities of supplies ordered for the prison were used by the household of the warden, a relative of the governor, in the homes of other of the governor's relatives and even in the house of Mr. Gage himself. Forgers serving sentence at San Quentin were accused of making alterations of the bills for these supplies under the direction of the prison management.

In support of its contentions the paper published photographs of the way bills for the furniture and the bills for the supplies.

Action for Libel Begun.

In June Gov. Gage began action for libel against John D. Spreckels and W. S. Leake, proprietor and manager, respectively, of the paper, before a justice of the peace in Los Angeles county. The defendants insisted on trial in San Francisco. They were arrested, but at once released on bonds. Writs of habeas corpus were prepared and carried to the United States Supreme courts, where they are pending, blocking further proceedings in the original libel proceedings.

Meantime L. P. Boardman, an attorney, filed an action against the defendants before a San Francisco police justice on charges covering the same ground. It was alleged by the governor's friends that this was merely a ruse on the part of the defendants to avoid trial in the original suit.

The paper kept up its fight, making further charges, and the governor swore to three more criminal libel charges. Spreckels and Leake were again arrested, but released on bail Aug. 18.

Gen. Gage, in another newspaper, issued a signed statement Aug. 8, in which he referred to the Call as a "libelous sheet." Aug. 11, the day before the primaries, he himself was arrested on a charge of criminal libel. This suit took the same involved course as the others, and there the matter rests, each side seemingly being anxious to prevent an early trial in the case in which it is defendant.

POPULIST COMMITTEE MEETS.

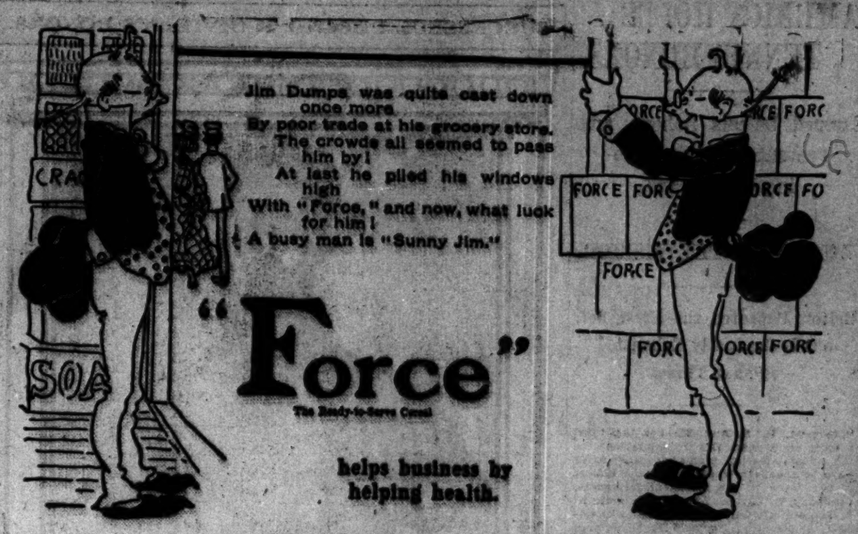
National Leaders Assemble at Springfield, Ill., to Make Plans for the Fall Campaign.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 27.—Chairman J. A. Parker of Louisville called to order the national executive committee of the People's party this morning. Six of the eight members of the committee were in attendance. This morning session was devoted to hearing reports. Those in attendance are: Chairman J. A. Parker, Dallas, Tex.; Joseph Hopp, Chicago; E. E. Cook, Carthage, Mo.; W. F. Bridgefort, Kentucky; Dr. J. E. Chambers, St. Louis; S. W. Williams, Indiana.

The afternoon session of the national executive committee was spent in the exchange of views regarding the best methods of raising money for the coming campaign in states where the party has tickets.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	District.	Name.	Party.
California	1	E. Gillett	Rep.
Illinois	13	Louis Dickes	Dem.
Iowa	11	T. M. Zink	Dem.
Kansas	7	E. Wagner	Fusion
Michigan	2	Fred H. Wood	Dem.
Missouri	4	M. Reed	Rep.
New York	25	N. Littauer	Rep.
S. Carolina	1	G. E. Legare	Dem.
S. Carolina	3	D. Johnson	Dem.
S. Carolina	4	E. Finley	Dem.
S. Carolina	6	R. B. Scarborough	Dem.
S. Carolina	7	J. Lever	Dem.
Texas	2	S. B. Cooper	Dem.



Everybody Praises It.

"Customers think 'Force' the nicest thing for a breakfast food that has ever been sold here. Everybody praises it."—D. C. HAYES, Grocer.

19

AUTO TRIP ENDS IN RACE.

CLUB HAS AN EXCITING RUN TO HAMMOND, IND.

Plan Is to Make It an Endurance Test, but Racing Machines Change It to a 100 Mile Dash, Which Ends When L. T. Roenitz's Machine Plunges Into Deep Ditch—Expert Takes a Sudden Swim in Mud Puddle—Some of the Party Go On to South Bend.

Fifteen automobiles started out yesterday afternoon at 1:30 from the Chicago Automobile club on what was intended to be an endurance run to South Bend and back. The idea was to find out which machines could run the hundred miles with one charge of gasoline and one oiling of the bearings. The fifteen had not gone far, however, before the endurance feature of the run was lost sight of, and the contest resolved itself into a speed race between three of the swiftest autos of the club.

It had been the intention to have the automobiles run along in a dignified procession, with President Donnell in the lead. But before Jackson park was reached President Donnell, Secretary Mudd, and everybody else were with the "also rans," and the "big three" were speeding far in advance. The leaders of the procession, which had now become a wild chase, were A. C. Banker, Louis T. Roenitz, and Paul Picard.

Between Jackson park and South Chicago there are some fine opportunities for speeding, and the racers made the most of their opportunities. They kept it up until they were within two miles of Hammond. Banker was leading, with Mr. Roenitz close behind. At that point the road is bordered by a ditch, eight or ten feet deep, which the recent rains had half filled with water. Beyond the ditch is a barb wire fence. On the other side of the road is a lake or pond.

As the two leaders approached this point something seemed to go wrong with the steering apparatus of Mr. Roenitz's machine. A minute more and a bolt had broken, depriving the driver of all power to direct his racer.

The auto promptly started for the side of the road. Roenitz reversed the engine, but the headway was too great. Down into the ditch dove the machine, burying itself two-thirds in the water and mud. Mr. Roenitz and Dr. Davis, who was occupying the back seat, managed to keep in the vehicle, but the third occupant, an expert, described a trajectory, alighting ten feet from the auto out in the water and mud.

When Mr. Roenitz found that he and his companions were alive, he crawled back to the road. Mr. Banker had turned back, a few of the stragglers had come up, and they all turned in to help fish out the lost auto. Mr. Smith's big machine was hitched on the rear axle of the Roenitz racer, and by dint of great assistance on the part of the tourists, it was dragged out. Mr. Smith then towed it into Hammond. Here Mr. Roenitz telegraphed for the necessary parts and within two days he expects to be at it again.

Some of the remainder of the party continued toward South Bend, while a number turned back to Chicago. Mr. Roenitz and Dr. Davis returned on the train.

FAMILY OF SOLDIER STARVING.

Deserter, Who Left Army to Provide for Wife and Small Children, Is Arrested at His Home.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Because his wife and three small children were asking him to come home or do something to provide for them Hermann Sandhoff left the United States army, was captured, and is now under arrest, charged with desertion. Some time ago Sandhoff enlisted in the army and was detailed to duty at Fort Leavenworth, Kas. He was obliged to leave his wife and children behind him in this city, and they soon became destitute, not having money enough to keep them till Sandhoff's quarterly pay could be received. The woman wrote repeatedly to her husband, but he never got the letters. Finally, a letter to his captain apprised Sandhoff of the situation and he deserted. Despite his wife's pitiable condition he will be turned over to the authorities.

GIRLS HIRED AS MESSENGERS.

Leading Company in Omaha Decides to Replace Boys and Finds Many Applicants for Places.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The leading messenger service company in Omaha yesterday advertised for girls to take the places of boys as messengers. All of the others, it is reported, will follow suit in a few days. The girls will ride bicycles, and only a few boys will be kept to go where their sister employes cannot with propriety. The managers of the messenger service company explain that it is almost impossible to get boys who are able to do the work satisfactorily. A large number of girls answered the advertisement, and they will be put to work at once. They will wear gray suits and caps.

DIES OF VACCINE POISONING.

Ten Year Old Girl of St. Paul, Minn., Dead as Result of Inoculation in January, 1899.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Gertrude Sullivan, 10 years old, is dead as the outcome of vaccine poisoning. The girl was vaccinated in January, 1899. Following this her arm began to swell. Six month ago she was compelled to remain at home from school. A month ago the case was pronounced general tuberculosis by several physicians. The child grew weaker until she died. The certificate of death was made out giving the cause of death as general tuberculosis. Consumption is generally the last form of vaccine poisoning.

PAYMENT OF $500,000 STOPS FAIR WILL CONTEST.

Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. Settle All Claims of Dead Sister-in-Law's Relatives.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt Jr. by the payment of what is currently reported to be $500,000 today put an end to all danger of a contest of the will of Charles L. Fair or of his wife, recently killed in an automobile accident in France.

Mrs. Hannah Nelson, Mrs. Fair's mother; Abraham Nelson, and Charles K. Smith signed deeds transferring all their claims to Charles Fair's estate, and Caroline Fair's property to the two sisters.

The only possibility of any future trouble lies in the discovery of a late will of Charles Fair, leaving property to others than his kinsfolk and his wife.

Charles Fair's estate includes real estate worth fully $7,000,000. Mrs. Fair's estate was worth about $250,000.

Bodies Shipped from Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—The remains of Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Fair were removed from the Church of the Madeline at 0 o'clock tonight. The remains may be forwarded to Cherbourg tonight and embarked on the American line steamer St. Louis for New York or they may be shipped to Havre tonight and possibly sent over to Southampton and put on board the St. Louis at that port.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

ASH—Aug. 27, 1902, Hannah C. Ash, aged 91 years. Funeral from 3650 Prairie-av. Thursday at 2 p. m. Interment Rosehill vault.

DUNNE—Aug. 27, Eleanor Dunne, aged 10 years, beloved daughter of Patrick J. and Hattie Dunne, of 1019 Polk-st. Funeral notice later.

SEAY—William A., aged 27 years, at his residence, 946 Washington-blvd.; member of Lincoln Lodge No. 11, O. C. F. Funeral notice later.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
TONIGHT AT 8 SHARP.
SPECIAL MAT. MONDAY (LABOR DAY) 75c, 50c, 25c.
THE... WIZARD OF OZ
TUESDAY, 100TH NIGHT SOUVENIRS.
Summer Prices—Lower floor, $1 & $1.50; 1st balcony 75c; 2d bal'y 50c & 25c. Mat. Wed. 25c, 50c, 75c

DEARBORN
LONGEST RUN SINCE WORLD'S FAIR.
15TH BIG WEEK
THE STORKS
A Musical Fantasy.
Every Eve. Mats. Wed. and Sat.
Wed. Mat., 50c, 25c. All reserved.
Monday, Labor Day, Special Mat.
Prices 75c, 50c, 25c. No higher.

STUDEBAKER
MISS. BOOM. ADA. MATTHEWS & HOYT.
Dec. 8-13, Feb. 2-10
ONLY 2 WEEKS MORE.
KING DODO
TONIGHT
Sixth Month Here.
Special Labor Day Mat. Monday, Sept. 1.
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK.
Charidah Simpson, Flora Zabelle, Greta Risley, Margaret McKinney, Arthur Deagon, Arthur Wooley, Wm. Norris, Chas. W. Meyer.
100—SUPERIOR SINGERS—100

EDELWEISS GARDEN
51st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.
Concert Every Evening by 35 Members of
THEODORE THOMAS' ORCHESTRA,
Under the leadership of ALBERT ULRICH.
Take Cottage Grove-av. car or South Side Elevated to 51st-st.

MASONIC TEMPLE
PAPINTA,
Macart Sisters, Lew Sully,
Delauro & Debriments, Sydney Grant
and Four Other Big Acts.
Sept. 7—JOHNSTONE BENNETT.

HOPKINS
MATINEE EVERY DAY. Tel., 642 Harrison.
THE SOCIAL MAIDS BURLESQUERS.

LABOR DAY.
Celebrate in the
Peach Orchard at South Haven
TAKE THE BOAT. Daily, 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. Sat., 9:30 a. m., 2:00 p. m., and 11:30 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m., 3:30 p. m., and 11:30 p. m. Dock, 7 Rush-st.

SOUTH SIDE BALL PARK.
Base Ball Today.
PHILADELPHIA VS. CHICAGO.
TWO GAMES. FIRST GAME BEGINS 2 P. M.

—GREAT— NORTHERN
TONIGHT 25, 50, 75c
25c MAT. SAT.
"There Ain't No Use of Your Trying to Get Seats If You Don't Buy Them Early."
ROSE MELVILLE IN SIS HOPKINS
Sunday Matinee—YON YONSON.

COLUMBUS
ALL THE PLACE THAT THE WORD PLEASE.
10 20 30 50
THE ENSIGN
SUNDAY MATS. All seats reserved. 25c
Daily Mats. 10-20 Best Seats.
Week Aug. 31—BLUE JEAN.

McVICKER'S
JACOB LITT, Lessee and Manager.
The Safest Theater in the World—30 Exits.
NOW
SEATS ON SALE FOR SATURDAY NIGHT AND TWO WEEKS OF WM. A. BRADY'S BIG PRODUCTION
FOXY GRANDPA
WITH JOSEPH HART AND CARRIE DEMAR
EXTRA HOLIDAY MATINEE LABOR DAY.

Chicago Jockey Club
HAWTHORNE RACES AUG. 18 TO AUG. 30
SIX RACES EACH DAY BEGINNING AT 2:00 P. M.
Music by Cicero Military Band. Admission $1.00

Illinois Central Trains leave Randolph-st. 12:15, 12:45, 1:05, and 1:30 p. m., stopping at Van Buren, Park Row, Halsted and Ashland-av.; returning special train after 5th race. Regular trains after last race.
C., B. & Q. trains leave Union Depot 12:15, 1:05, 1:35 and 2:10 p. m., stopping at 16th-st., Blue Island and Western-avs., returning after races.
The Metropolitan and Suburban elevated and Madison, Ogden-avs., 12th-st., and 22d-st. lines connect with electric cars direct to grounds every 7 minutes.
Special electric cars leave State and Van Buren at 12:30, 1:00, 1:10 and 1:20 p. m., stopping only at Canal, Halsted, Ashland and Ogden-avs., direct to track in 40 minutes. Wednesday & Saturday only.
Metropolitan Express trains leaving Pacific-av. at 12:30, 1:11 and 1:23 p. m. stop at all stations on Loop, Franklin, Halsted and Marshfield-av., reaching track 25 minutes from Franklin-st.

POWERS' 5th Season Opens Sept. 1.
SEAT SALE NOW OPEN.
AMELIA BINGHAM COMPANY IN A MODERN MAGDALEN
THE COMPANY INCLUDES
Wilton Lackaye, Henry E. Dixey,
Malcolm Bradley, Joseph Holland,
Ferdinand Gottschalk, Alfred Fisher,
William Moore, Robert Dudley,
Helge Cook, Effie Shannon,
Lucille Spinney, Adele Kerrington,
Rose Brabam, Lilian Wright,
Maude Moffat, Amelia Bingham.

ILLINOIS —JACKSON BOULEVARD.
Saturday Night, Aug. 30
Every Night, Wed. and Sat. Matinees.
Klaw & Erlanger's Great Drury Lane Spectacle,
THE SLEEPING BEAUTY AND THE BEAST.
SEATS SELLING FOR FIRST 4 WEEKS.
$2.00, $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c.
Orders by mail filed in order of receipt.

"Columbus"
$1 MILWAUKEE AND RETURN
"VIRGINIA" NIGHT BOAT 9 p. m. daily.
9:30 a. m. week days 10 a. m. Sundays.
Dock Foot Michigan-av.
City Ticket Office, 103 Adams-st.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Watson-Hutchings-

AMERICA HOLDS TENNIS HONORS.

Larned Defeats Doherty and Prevents Title from Going to England.

WEARS OUT THE VISITOR.

Briton Captures the First Set, but Is Gradually Exhausted in Next Three.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 27.—For the third time in eight years English aspirations for the highest American tennis honors in singles have been dashed when they seemed almost within reach of the persistent foreigners, for today William A. Larned of Summit, N. J., successfully defended his title as champion by defeating Reginald F. Doherty of England, three sets to one. The scores were 4—6, 6—2, 6—4, 6—6.

It was a grand game on both sides, but it sapped the vitality of each player, until it became a question of endurance, and the American proved to be in better condition.

A scorching sun was no insignificant factor in the result, and at the end Doherty, unused to such hot rays, almost collapsed. It was generally acknowledged that, had the day been cool, like those of last week, the battle would have been fought longer, harder, and, perhaps, with a different result. Larned, however, played the game of his life, for Doherty is undoubtedly the strongest player who ever came to America.

Will Try Again Next Year.

The defeat of the Englishman was not only a surprise but a bitter disappointment to the Doherty brothers. The team just missed capturing the Davis trophy, and now to be robbed of the American championship when it seemed almost theirs accentuated their disappointment. They will not go home empty handed, however, for the pair are the American champions in doubles, and next year they will return, not only to defend this title but for another chance at the more important single championship.

But if the result was disappointing to the English it set nearly 4,000 loyal Americans, who watched every stroke, almost frantic with joy, and the demonstration which followed the last play, when Doherty sent the ball into the net, will live for many years in the annals of the sport.

The Englishman was outplayed probably for the first time in his life at every point. Larned was stronger at the net, covered court far better, proved a sterling base line player, and, when the strain came in the third and fourth sets, showed himself to be in magnificent condition.

Englishman 5 to 2 Favorite.

Just before the match started the odds lengthened to 5 to 2 on Doherty. The latter won the toss and chose the west end of the court, giving Larned the service. The latter started well and won the first game amid much applause. Then he grew erratic and the Englishman captured the next three. Larned seemed nervous while the Englishman was cool. Larned resumed his net game and took the fifth; then the Englishman began the slow play that tired out Whitman yesterday, and, despite a really brilliant rally by Larned, finally captured the first set by a score of 6 to 4. Points:

Doherty	2	5	4	5	3	4	2	5	4—35—6
Larned	6	3	6	3	5	6	4	3	6—42—4

Larned was in fine form in the second series. The Englishman was within a point of the first game when Larned made it deuce and then won. He followed by taking the next to the renewed delight of the crowd. Larned seemed to increase his pace, both on the base line and at the net, while Doherty fell off. Larned won the third, a love game, making the score 3 to 0. The Englishman seemed badly affected by the sun, as the breeze had fallen. Twice his racket slipped in his hand, and he did not seem to get at the balls with his accustomed life. Larned, on the other hand, was right on his toes, playing with a dash that set the crowd wild. Still the Englishman played doggedly. Place shots figured almost entirely. Twice Larned scored on the ball rolling along the top of the net and dropping on the other side. The work was strenuous enough to make the perspiration stream off both players. Larned eventually took the set, 6 to 2. The points:

Larned	5	4	4	2	4	2	5	4	2—32
Doherty	3	6	2	4	2	4	3	2	4—30

Doherty in Distress.

The third set was bitterly fought, and was one of the most exciting ever seen on a tennis court. It was replete with long, brilliant, and taxing rallies. Larned won the first two games, the Englishman apparently saving himself. He rallied and captured the next two, then Larned took the fifth. The sixth was fierce, the Englishman finally winning. Then the games alternated until Larned won the eighth and ninth and set, giving him the lead in sets, two to one. The points:

Larned	4	6	1	1	5	5	4	2	4	7—39	6
Doherty	6	4	3	3	7	7	6	4	2	5—47	8

Doherty was plainly in distress. Once he walked deliberately out of the court without waiting to return the shot which Larned was attempting.

After the seven minute rest taken after the third set, Doherty seemed considerably refreshed, but Larned was even fresher, and had more spring to his step. The fourth and deciding set proved the longest of the afternoon. Doherty won the first game, but apparently tired, and Larned, amid great excitement, captured the next three. Then Doherty won a deuce game, 5 to 3, but Larned captured the sixth, making the score 4—2 in his favor. Then Doherty rallied desperately and won the seventh and eighth, making the score even. Larned took the ninth, Doherty the tenth, Larned the eleventh, and the Englishman the twelfth. This was the Englishman's last effort, for Larned by careful play captured the thirteenth and fourteenth games in succession, and won the set and the championship. Points:

Larned	2	5	6	4	3	4	1	0	4	2	4	1	7	3	6—60
Doherty	4	3	4	2	5	2	4	4	2	4	0	4	1	0	4—50

CLOSE MATCH AT RAVENSWOOD.

Beach and Morley and Bush and Weadley Prove Closely Matched in Doubles.

The most interesting match yet played in the Ravenswood tennis tournament was that in doubles yesterday between Beach and Morley and Bush and Weadley. The former team had won two sets when darkness stopped it, and the battle will be finished today. In the first set Beach and Morley were victorious only after eighteen games had been played. In the second set Beach and Morley again won, 6—3. In the third set the score stood 6—6 when the referee called the game. The match in singles between Wilbrenner and Hazelhurst was also exciting. The semi-finals in singles will be played today, and the finals on Saturday. The semi-finals in doubles will also be contested today, the finals coming tomorrow. Summaries:

Second round, singles—Burr defeated Zeuch, 6—4, 2—6, 6—3.

Third round, singles—Wherry defeated Lord, 6—3, 6—1. Hazelhurst won from Burr by default.

Fourth round, singles—Peters defeated Fargo, 6—0, 6—0. Morley defeated Wherry, 6—2, 6—4. Wilbrenner defeated Hazelhurst, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3. Orchard got a bye.

First round, doubles—Schlesinger and Corneau won from Morley and Trumbull by default. Bush and Weadley won from Hill and Wagoner by default. Jones and Egan won from Cook and Greeley by default. Greeley and Lightner won from Richards and Wood by default. Turner and Trautman won from C. Egan and G. Jones by default.

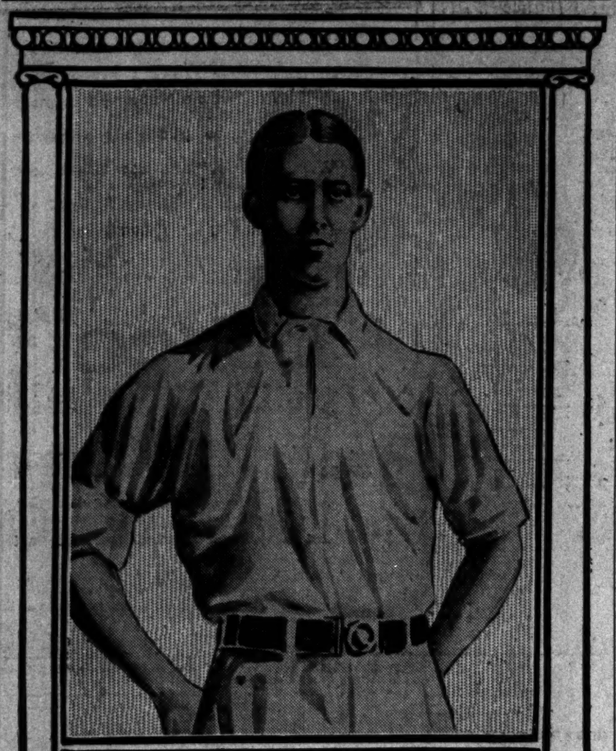
Second round, doubles—Beach and Morley won two sets from Bush and Weadley, 10—8, 6—3. Scott, Turner and Trautman defeated Lord and Scott, 6—3, 6—3. Peters and Wilbrenner defeated Hess and Fargo, 6—3, 6—3. Jones and Orchard and Zimmerman won from B. Jones and B. Egan by default. Lord and Hazelhurst won from Greeley and Lightner by default. Wherry and Drake won from Schlesinger and Corneau by default.

Fourth round, doubles—Orchard and Zimmerman defeated Lord and Hazelhurst, 6—1, 4—6, 6—4, 8—6.

Death of Local Cricketer.

Andrew Henderson, who for a number of years was prominent in local cricketing circles, died on Tuesday from the effects of an operation for cancer. He was for several years a member of the St. George club, and later of the Wanderers. The funeral will be held this afternoon from the home of his parents, 1404 East Ravenswood Park, at 2 o'clock. Burial will be at Graceland.

SUCCESSFUL DEFENDER OF TENNIS HONORS.



WILLIAM A. LARNED.

Larned, by defeating R. F. Doherty in the championship round of the all comers tournament at Newport yesterday, not only retains his title of United States champion but prevented it from going to England, as was feared after Doherty's easy victory over Whitman on Tuesday.

ASPIRANT LEADS TWICE.

WINS BOTH EVENTS AT WAUKESHA UNDER PROTEST.

Wollaeger Yacht Captures Third Class A Championship Race in Morning, Beating Anita by Thirty-four Seconds at Finish—Same Craft Takes Prize for Special Contest in the Afternoon, with Ordway and Clark's Crusader a Close Second.

Waukesha Beach, Wis., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Aspirant, owned and sailed by Edwin Wollaeger, representing the Nagawicka Yacht club, won the third class A championship race this morning, and the special regatta this afternoon. Jim Crack, the class B representative from White Bear lake, also led its class in both of today's races.

Aspirant won each race under protest. The start of the class A race was most exciting, Aspirant crossing just at gun fire. Down the wind Mavis got the best of it, leading Crusader by six seconds. Beating back to the weather mark brought out the skill of the skippers, Aspirant weathering the mark first, with Mavis and Crusader crowding closely. Reaching for home, Anita took after Aspirant, with Mavis, Crusader, and Breta following closely, and at the buoy all swing upon the line at same time.

On the second round Aspirant soon made tracks for the rest of the fleet, with Aderin and Anita following a minute to the rear. Beating back to the finish Aspirant by good work kept its position. Summary:

Aspirant, Nagawicka, 1:35:45; Anita, Neenah, 1:40:19; Breta, Cedar Lake, 1:40:30; Aderin, Pine Lake, 1:47:07; Mavis, Pistakee, 1:50:07; Cornet, Pewaukee, 1:50:02; Crusader, White Bear, 1:50:03; Challenge, ——, 1:51:20; Oconomowoc, Oconomowoc, 1:53:27; Caroline, Oshkosh, 1:54:22; Ruth II., Delavan, 1:55:08.

Class B—Jim Crack, White Bear, 1:56:27; Nokomis, Geneva, 2:00:58; Geronimo, 2:06:30; Spray, Oconomowoc yacht, 2:10:14; Serapis, Pine Lake, 2:14:06.

The afternoon special cup race for class A was started at 3:30, class B at 3:45. In better wind Aspirant and Jim Crack, by the clever work of their skippers, won out, though at some stages of the game nearly every boat took a turn at leading. Time of winners in each class;

Aspirant, Louis Wollaeger, 5:06:07; Crusader, Ordway & Clark, 5:06:38.

Class B—Jim Crack, Jack Ordway, 5:23:04; Spray, Capt. Jack Kohl, 5:24:56.

The judges, acting upon the protests filed against Aspirant and Mavis, disallowed the former and allowed the latter. Aspirant, therefore, holds its five points and Mavis loses one point. The protest against Aspirant in the afternoon was withdrawn, but Spray was ruled out without protest because one of its crew was a professional.

VENCEDOR DEFEATS ILLINOIS.

Wins Closing Race of South Haven Regatta by Narrow Margin—Losing Yacht Favorite in Betting.

South Haven, Mich., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Vencedor won from Illinois today in the closing race of the water carnival regatta. The two boats were neck and neck twice around a triangular course of two miles to the leg, with a rattling fifteen mile breeze. Thirteen boats were entered, the winners in the different classes being: Vencedor, Sallie, Mawaja, Vixen, Illinois, and La Rita.

In every class there was a close contest, which brought large sums of money out on the finish. Illinois made such a strong run that it was the favorite to the end. At the close of the race it was announced it had won over Vencedor on its time allowance, but this proved an error in calculation. Vencedor finished first, Illinois being nine minutes and twenty-five seconds behind. La Rita was seven minutes and thirty-nine seconds behind Vencedor on corrected time.

Prizes in the different classes were awarded tonight according to the number of points obtained by each boat by finishing first, second, or third. Summary of today's race:

Schooners (start 9:45)—	Finish.	Elapsed time.	Corrected time.
Sallie	11:26:18	1:43:18	1:43:18
Farta	11:30:31	1:39:31	2:04:39
Class B, over 32 feet (start 9:45)—			
Mawaja	11:37:00	1:52:00	1:48:26
Vencedor	11:37:34	1:52:34	1:42:23
Class B, under 32 feet (start 9:45)—			
Vixen	11:44:12	1:59:12	1:49:43
America	11:45:51	2:00:51	2:06:39
Imp	11:57:01	2:12:01	1:58:30
Class A, over 40 feet (start 9:55)—			
Wenonah	11:42:31	1:29:31	1:20:30
Class A, 27 to 40 feet (start 9:55)—			
Illinois	11:25:06	1:30:06	1:22:53
Michigan	11:42:51	1:47:51	1:42:43
Widsith	11:59:46	2:04:46	1:54:42
Class A, under 27 feet (start 9:55)—			
La Rita	11:35:07	1:40:07	1:28:19
Columbia	11:41:32	1:46:32	1:35:33

Tennis at Niagara.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., Aug. 27.—The international tennis tournament was begun here today. Summary:

Women's singles, first round—Miss Closterman, Cincinnati, beat Miss Todd, England, 6—0, 6—1.

Miss Marie Wimer, Washington, beat Miss Hedley, Toronto, 6—3, 6—2.

Miss Parker, Chicago, beat Miss E. Wimer, Washington, 6—4, 6—3.

Miss Stever, Chicago, beat Miss Summerhayes, Toronto, 6—0, 6—0.

Miss Champlin, Chicago, beat Miss Mackarell, England, 6—1, 6—2.

Miss Burgess, Toronto, beat Miss Pennington, Chicago, by default.

Miss Champlin beat Mrs. Burgess, 6—1, 6—3.

Paul Gardiner (owe 15), Chicago, beat H. Lloyd (owe 12, 15), Pittsburg, 6—4, 6—0.

Michigan-Chicago Golf Tourney.

Director Stagg of the University of Chicago has completed arrangements with Prof. Trueblood of the University of Michigan for a dual golf tournament. The interest shown at the recent university golf tourney led the maroon coach to correspond with Prof. Trueblood, president of the Michigan golf club. As a result Chicago's team will play Michigan at Ann Arbor this fall, and the Wolverines will play the maroons here in the spring.

SIX HEATS; NO DECISION.

GREAT BATTLE OF TROTTERS AT PROVIDENCE MEETING.

Roger Williams $10,000 Stake Postponed by Darkness After a Half Dozen Miles in Fast Time — Five Horses Left to Fight It Out Today, Dulce Cor Having Two Firsts to Her Credit and the Others One Apiece.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

Providence, R. I., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The best and most evenly matched field of fast trotters that has scored for the word this season answered the judges' bell today to contest the Roger Williams stake, a $10,000 event for 2:14 horses, and when darkness came and compelled a postponement six heats had been trotted without a decision being reached. Five horses won a heat apiece, and the sixth mile merely gave Dulce Cor the distinction of being the only two heat winner without settling the claims for first money.

Rythmic was favorite at a little better than even money over the field. The blind horse, when the word was given, was not going just right, and Hudson took him back. Reelected and Consuelo S. dashing away in the lead. Turning into the back stretch Rythmic was so far behind the leaders that no one thought Hudson would drive for the heat, but he caught the two leaders on the third turn, and at the three-quarters was in the lead. By this time Alice Carr had worked her way through the bunch and was after him. Until the horses were nearly to the wire it seemed that the stallion must win, but he faltered in the final sixteenth and was beaten, Alice Carr winning in 2:09¼.

The second heat gave the bettors another shock, as when the word was given Rythmic shot to the front and was never headed, winning by three open lengths from Alice Carr in 2:08¾. Wentworth, with McHenry up, was there in the third heat. Rythmic dashed off in the lead and five-eighths was in front. Then Wentworth shot out from the bunch. It was not until the wire was almost reached that he got to the stallion, and then for a few strides there was a battle of drivers rather than horses, and McHenry won, lifting his tired steed first under the wire by a neck.

The fourth heat fell to the little mare Dulce Cor, in 2:08½, the fastest mile of the race. But she had a hard battle all the way.

Roger Williams purse, $10,000, 2:14 trotters [unfinished]:

Dulce Cor, b. m., by Baron Wilkes						
[Miller]	11	8	8	1	2	1
Alice Carr, blk. m. [Garrison]	1	2	7	8	8	2
Rythmic, br. h. [Hudson]	3	1	2	10	9	5
Nut Bearer, br. g. [Foote]	6	6	3	3	6	4
Wentworth, blk. g. [McHenry]	2	3	1	6	7	3
Consuelo S., El Milag Ro, Directum Spier, Rowlan, Mobel, and Reflected also started.						
Time—2:09¼; 2:08¾; 2:09¼; 2:08½; 2:10¼; 2:12¾.						

Purse $1,000, 2:13 trotters:

Abbey King [Curry]	3 1 1
Aggie Medium, b. m. [McCarthy]	1 4 8
Hawthorne, ro. m. [Hudson]	4 3 5
A. J. D., Darwin Promise, Henry S., Alcy, Bessie Owen, Phoebe Onward, Ida Highwood, Pug, Flash Lightning, Malborn, Monte Carlo, Mary D., Red Princess, and Confessor finished as named.	
Time—2:10½; 2:11½; 2:11¾.	

Purse $1,500, 2:05 pacers:

Audubon Boy, ch. h., by Audubon [Hudson]	1 1
Fanny Miller, b. m. [Snow]	2 2
Dariel, b. m. [McDonald]	3 3
Fred S. Wedgewood, Riley B., and R. R. Sheldon finished as named.	
Time—2:04½; 2:04¼.	

Purse $2,500, 2:18 trotters:

The Boman, b. g., by McKinney [Benson]	4 1 1 1
Wilque, b. g. [McDonald]	1 3 3 2
Alice Russell, b. m. [Curry]	2 2 2 3
Austin Bay, My Chance finished as named.	
Time—2:11½; 2:10¼; 2:09½; 2:10¼.	

Purse $1,000, 2:14, pacers:

Beilworth Jr., b. h., by Bedworth [Hyde]	1 1
Olivewood, b. g. [Hayden]	2 2
Buckthorn, b. g. [Snow]	3 3
Home Circle, Dewey H., Go See, George Wilton, and Alice Holmes finished as named.	
Time—2:09½; 2:09½.	

Trotting at Woodstock Fair.

Woodstock, Ill., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The McHenry county fair races opened here today with three races. All were marked by good time, as the track was fast. Results:

2:27 trot, purse $500—Baby Islam, first; Maud Wilton, second; Belle G., third; Henry L., fourth. Best time, 2:21½.

2:11 pace, purse $500—Brown San, first; Guen Arthur, second; Carrie J., third; Baby Kid, fourth. Best time, 2:14¼.

2:14 pace, purse $500—Tonso, first; Gold Standard, second; Humbold Maid, third; Elfah, fourth. Best time, 2:15¼.

Trotting Results at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Ia., Aug. 27.—The track was slow at the state fair grounds today. Results:

2:14 pace, purse $500—Floesie O. won, Dr. Pettit second, Emoline third. Best time, 2:18.

2:18 pace, purse $1,000—Sarah Lou won, Hardcase second, Rex Americus third. Best time, 2:17¾.

2:40 trot, purse $1,000—Nosbod won, Star Twist second, Jean third. Best time, 2:25.

2:20 trot, purse $1,000—Senator W. won, G. W. second, Cherry Ripe third. Best time, 2:17¼.

2:35 pacing, purse $1,000, unfinished—Floesie O. took first two heats. Prideswood woon third. Best time, 2:16.

Windsor Park Race Results.

First race, 5 furlongs—Dolly Hayman, 5 to 2, won; President, 3 to 1, second; Melbourn Eclipse, 5 to 2, third. Time, 1:02.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Carrie I., 3 to 1, won; Lanetta, 10 to 1, second; Mr. Clay, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:30¾.

Third race, 6½ furlongs—Velma Clark, 7 to 2, won; Annie Thompson, 15 to 1, second; Annis Lauretta, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:21.

Fourth race, steeplechase, short course—Imperialist, 7 to 2, won; Pretty Rosie, 5 to 2, second; Sir Ellerslie, 8 to 1, third. Time, 2:50½.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Obstinate Simon, 6 to 5, won; Cast Iron, 8 to 1, second; Handcuff, 5 to 1, third. Time, 2:09.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Emma C. L., 4 to 1, won; Bonnie Maid, 6 to 1, second; Scortie, even, third. Time, 1:29¼.

Winners at Butte.

Sacco, Annie F., Dorothy Yates, Nellie Hawthorne, Lady Ordnance, John Carr, Castine, Kickumbob, Rey Hooker, John Boggs, Tobbwreath, Februsry, Wolhurst, Virgie d'Or, Eileven Bells, Miss Madeline, Hurtle, Amass, Coley, Gilssando, Autifers.

CROWD DOUBTS JUDGES' EYESIGHT

Close Finish In Fifth Race at Hawthorne Deceives Many Bettors.

THURLES GETS VERDICT.

Lakeview Belle Placed Second by a Head by Those in Position to Decide.

The deceptive angle of the finish line at Hawthorne, as seen from the left of the judges' stand, caused a slight demonstration after the fifth race yesterday. The event was won by Thurles by a head, but a large number of the spectators thought Lake View Belle had won, and gathered around the judges' stand shouting for the mare, who, from their viewpoint, was first over the line.

The judges, however, took no cognizance of the demands of the crowd, and dropped the "official" sign, leaving the finish of the three horses as they had caught them.

The deceptiveness of the finish was magnified by the fact Thurles was on the outside while Lake View Belle was near the inner rail.

It was a stirring finish between Thurles, Lake View Belle, Reseda, and Leviathan. There was margin enough between the first named pair to easily pick the winner, but Reseda and Leviathan crossed the line so closely together that it was the impression of those in almost a direct line of the finish that Leviathan, instead of Reseda, as placed by the judges, had finished third.

The closeness of the finish between that pair was, however, overlooked by those who misjudged the finish of Thurles and Lake View Belle.

The card presented yesterday was ordinary. The monetary event, a handicap for 2 year olds at six furlongs, went to George C. Bennett's colt, Au Revoir. Coburn beat the other boys at barrier rise, opened a gap of two lengths, and experienced no difficulty in retaining that lead to the end. Sidney C. Love, the favorite, and Lady Jocelyn ran heads apart over the last half mile and crossed the tape with the same small margin between them.

Little Robbins gave another exhibition of his jockeyship by whipping Whiten, a 40 to 1 shot, into second place in the third race, and incidentally clearly outriding Helgeson on Lampoon.

Starter Holtman was in good form and the "no recall" system worked to perfection.

Hawthorne Summaries Aug. 27.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, 6½ furlongs, purse $400, 3 year olds, maidens, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
12-1	Bissett, 112 (J. Winkf'd)	3	2½	2½	1½	1½
15-1	Leneta, 110 [Sheehan]	1	4	5½	3½	2½
11-1	Rae, 102 [Helgesen]	2	3	3½	2½	3½

Time, 1:21. Wild Oats, 112 pounds [Buchanan], Rosie Mac., 110 [C. Bell]; George Webb, 110 (Nutt); Ingoldmar, 112 [J. Ranch]; Hopeful, 115 [Birkenruth]; Blessed Damorel, 110 [J. McIntyre]; Toufifah, 115 [J. Walsh]; King's Court, 113½ [R. Williams]; Marshalleys, 110 [Connelly]; Trust Deed, 112 [J. Woods]; Jessie McBride, 110 [Seaton]; and Belle of Worth, 110 [Coburn], finished as named. Winner, E. Corrigan's br. g. by Hassetlaw—Danalila. Start perfect. Won in a canter. Wild Oats made up ground.

Second race, 5½ furlongs, purse $500, 3 year olds and upward, allowances:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-2	Headwater, 117 [Coburn]	3	1½	1½	1½	1½
5-2	Zyra, 105 [J. Ranch]	3	2½	2½	2½	1½
9-2	Scintillant [L. 117 [J. W'k'd]	4	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:20. Gonfalon, 114 pounds [Buchanan], also ran. Winner, H. Jones' br. g., by Watercress—Headtower. Start fair. Won easily.

Third race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
3-1	Flocarline, 107 (J. Ranch)	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½
25-1	Whitney, 99 [Robbins]	3	3½	3½	3½	2½
9-1	Lampoon, 108 [Helgesen]	5	6½	5½	2½	3½

Time, 1:15½. Perplexus, 110 pounds [Buchanan]; Fenman, 108 [Birkenruth]; Maxette, 107 [J. Walsh]; Senator Morrison, 107 (Coburn]; Prince of Endurance, 106 [J. Woods]; Sarah Maxim, 96 [R. Irvin]; and The Phantom, 107 [Jackson], finished as named. Winner, M. H. Tichenor's ch. f., by Florian—Carline. Start good. Won driving. Lampoon made up ground. Perplexus ran a dull race.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, purse $700, 2 year olds, handicap:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
18-5	Au Revoir, 109 [Coburn]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
9-2	Sidney C. Love, 107 [Ranch]	4	4½	2½	2½	2½
3-1	L. Jocelyn, 108 [J. W'k'f'd]	2½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:14. Gold Bell, 110 pounds [J. Woods]; Rheta, 110 [Birkenruth]; Topeka, 107 [Jackson], and Ethelreds, 99 [C. Bell], finished as named. Winner, G. C. Bennett's ch. c., by De Beauvoir—Au Revoir. Start fair. Won easily. Gold Bell finished with a rush. Rheta showed speed.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
20-1	Thurles, 112 [Donnelly]	5½	5½	3½½	2n	1n
5-1	L. Y. Belle, 106 [J. Ranch]	2½	2½	1½	1½	2n
3-2	Reseda, 109 [Buchanan]	7½	6½	4½½	4½	3n

Time, 1:46. Leviathan, 100 pounds [Birkenruth]; Rhubarb, 109 [Helgeson]; Dee Dee, 99 [Helgesen]; Cassava, 107 [J. S. Hicks]; and Birdie D., 103 [J. Winkfield], finished as named. Winner, E. J. Ashbach's ch. h., by Himyar or Masterstroke—Essay. Start fair. Won driving. Leviathan tired.

Sixth race, 1½ miles, purse $500, 3 year olds and upward, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
4-1	H. Hunter, 90 [Helgesen]	2½	1½	1½	1½	1½
3-1	Neil Newell, 98 [Donnelly]	4	3½	2½	2½	2½
9-2	Edith Sage, 102 [Birkenruth]	1	5n	4n	3n	3n

Time, 2:35¾. Lady Chorister, 105 pounds [J. Ranch]; Emathion, 89 [J. Walsh]; and Altona, 99 [J. Hicks], finished as named. Winner, C. K. Hurdeau's ch. g., by Handspring—The Lioness. Start poor. Won easily.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, ¾ mile:

Scotch Plaid	119	Carl Kahler	112
Ben Eadie	117	Light Ball	112
Layla	117	Emma R.	110
Alene Abbott	117	Lady Idris	105
Starney	115		

Second race, ¾ mile, 2 year olds, maidens, colts and geldings:

Long Hammon	118	Gilfain	110
Exr Nogx	112	Zepho	107
Blue Miracle	118	John F. Finerty	107
Judithmee	110	Olivilo	107
Canyon	110	Gov. Tanner	107
Rankin	110	Antagonist	107
Damaron	110	Marlin	107

Third race, short course, steeplechase, handicap:

Uncle Shriner	160	Golden Way	135
Meddler	147	Icenl	134
Lord Farandole	144	Bob Alone	133
Ada	130	Mazo	130
Capt. Conover	137	Dariene	130
Torreon	135		

Fourth race, 1¼ miles:

Flying Torpedo	110	Silurian	97
Hermencia	103	Artena	97
Scarlet Lily	98		

Fifth race, 6½ furlongs:

Cork	111	Best Man	102
Declaimer	110	Mabel Green	100
Red Tip	110	Little Gem	100
Judicious	108	Corinne Unland	100
Legal Maxim	107		

Sixth race, 1 mile:

Joe Frey	107	Rabunta	101
Jimines	107	Marcos	98
McChesney	103		

Results at Kinloch Park.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 27.—The racing at Kinloch park today was productive of two of the most sensational finishes ever seen on the local tracks. If You Dare, Tom Collins, The Bummer, and Verify finished noses apart in the third race in the order named, and Lennep and Guide Rock beat off their fields twenty lengths in the fifth event, and in a terrific drive the former won by a head. Results:

First race, 6 furlongs—Edna Kenner, 97 [Bridewell], 60 to 1, won; Aransas, 15 to 1, second; Anything, 5 to 1, third. Time, 1:20.

Second race, 1 mile—Star Cotton, 111 [Beauchamp], 5 to 2, won; Linden Ella, 8 to 1, second; Major Mansir, 9 to 10, third. Time, 2:21½.

Third race, 6 furlongs—You Dare, 106 [J. Wright], 11 to 5, won; Tom Collins, 4 to 1, second; Bummer, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:19½.

Fourth race, Ormhein handicap, 1¼ furlongs, 2 year olds—Will Shelly, 103 [Battiste], 7 to 2, won; Sinner Simon, 2 to 1, second; Deucefull, 60 to 1, third. Time, 1:13.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 20 yards—Lennep, 106 [E. Neel], 9 to 2, won; Guide Rock, 7 to 1, second; Lorter, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:48½.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Lassoo, 107 [Otis], 6 to 5, won; Lady Contrary, 6 to 1, second; Loiter, 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:21½.

ENTRIES.

First race, 1 mile—Corinne C., Lillian Reed, Little Tommy Tucker, Orlandine, 95 pounds; Mr. Mulvey, Invictus, King Barleycorn, Greyforge, Charles D., Ben Beach, Debias, 97; Duela, 90.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Lisks, Lelia May, Marian S., 103 pounds; Rose Geranium, 101; Ruth Lee, 98; Ravond, Lero, 106; Sid Silver, Doc Mayer, Burlap, Anseiger, 104; Hyland, 108.

Third race, about 1¼ miles, Brulare steeplechase Arius, 146 pounds; Imperialist, 147; Parole d'Or, Belle 143; Buck O'Dowd, 137; Teller, 130; Porphyrogene, 136; Sherwood, 138; Fearful, 147; Terra Incognita, 142; Dad, 132.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Dodie S., 98 pounds; Little Lois, 101; Federalist, Brewer Schorr, Cherbino, 104; Leroyd, 92; Ida Penzance, 104; Eugenia S., 103; Bacchus, Hucena, 93.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Nellie Bawn, Fugurtha, 92 pounds; The Phoenician, 97; Parole d'Or, Belle Simpson, Polly Bixby, Kitty G., 95; Little Arrow, Skillman, 100; Flop, Butch Carter, 92.

Sixth race, 2 miles—Clalee, 107 pounds; Velasquez, 96; Sinn, 103; Moderator, Has Gift, Palmette, 95; Barklyite, 100; Nobleman, 112; Hainault, Lovable, Dr. Scharff, Santa Ventura, 102.

Haggin Buys Kentucky Course.

Lexington, Ky., Aug. 27.—The famous Kentucky association race course has been bought by J. B. Haggin for a private training grounds. The track was owned by Charles Green of Cincinnati. It is believed the price paid was about $40,000.

PUT BAN ON J. S. O'BRIEN.

MINNESOTA HORSEMAN IN TROUBLE WITH SARATOGA STEWARDS.

Officials Think Hans Wagner Has Been "Doped" and the Westerner Is Suspended and His Case Referred to the Jockey Club—Colt Wins the Last Race After He Has Been Heavily Backed—Sombrero Runs Remarkably Fast Mile and a Half.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—After the last race this afternoon the stewards of the meeting—H. K. Knapp, W. S. Vosburgh, and Thomas Hitchcock Jr.—ordered the entry of the winner, Hans Wagner, be refused, suspended his owner, J. S. O'Brien, and referred the case to the Jockey club.

On his way to the post Hans Wagner was fractious, his behavior impressing the stewards that he was doped, hence the action taken. Whether there was any evidence to support the theory is known only by the officials who passed on the case. O'Brien says there is no ground for the action taken, that he has had no hearing, and has received no notification relating to the matter. He had $500 straight and $600 a place on the horse, which was quoted at from 15 to 25.

Just before the field reached the post John W. Schorr persuaded John A. Drake to "put a little bet" on Hans Wagner. Drake invested at odds of 15 and 12, and between his transactions and a trailing play nearly every book in the ring lost on the race after Davy Johnson had played G. Whittier, Pittsburg Phil had supported Bessie McCarthy, and other high rollers had backed Moskeeto.

The western contingent here is outspoken in defense of O'Brien, who, it is alleged, has in years past often been a victim of combinations between dishonest bookmakers and jockeys. As Billy Pinkerton expressed it, "he has been robbed thirty ways from the jack."

The Albany handicap, six furlongs, for 2 year olds, was won by Grey Friar, 117 pounds, with Eugenia Burch, 118, second, and Merry Acrobat, 100, third, a head before Counterpoise, 108. Charles Ellison's Capt. Arnold was abused at the post by an assistant starter and would not try after getting away. Grey Friar won cleverly.

Green Morris' good 3 year old, Sombrero, took up 121 pounds and won a handicap of a mile and a half in 2:31 4-5. He made Dunn yield at a mile and a quarter and finished galloping. Baron Pepper closed strong in the stretch and gained second place.

The fifth race, five and a half furlongs, between maiden 2 year olds, produced a dead heat between Bright Girl and Virgin Soil. The latter got up after a hard drive.

Saratoga Summaries Aug. 27.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, $600 added, 3 year olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	¾	Str.	Fn.
5-1	Stevedore, 110 [L. Smith]	2	1½	1½	1½	1½
7-5	Van Ness, 108 [Redfern]	4	3½	2n	2n	2n
15-1	The Fox of Surrey, 103 [O'Connor]	3	2½	3n	3n	3n

Time, 1:12 2-5. Bisarta, 101 pounds [Rice]; Feme Sole, 116 [Michaels]; Tribes Hill, 106 [Odom]; Pilliform, 106 [J. Daly]; Honolulu, 98 [Shea]; The Talisman, 98 [Henderson]; Drummond 115 [T. Burns]; Orrissa, 104 [Daly]; and Parisina, 101 [McCombs], finished as named. Winner, W. C. Smith

ASSESSORS MAY BE ASKED "WHY?"

Board of Review Finds That Much Taxable Property Has Been Overlooked.

TELL OF THE BREWERIES

Clerks Said to Be Responsible for the Apparent Sweeping Reductions.

So much property is being discovered by the board of review on which no assessment has been returned by the board of assessors that the reviewers may call for an explanation.

"It looks," said one of the reviewers yesterday, "as if the assessors' office was lacking in the system that is required to find property owners and get from them a schedule of their possessions. We have been digging up personal holdings every day for more than a week. The average is upwards of $100,000 a day, and these valuations the assessors never heard of.

"We had in hand today a large number of estates that could not be found on the books of the board of assessors, and cases of personal property as high as $200,000. It seems to me that when so many estates are overlooked the men sent by the assessors must have been negligent."

Explain as to the Breweries.

Reviewer Fred W. Upham stirred up the clerical force on his arrival at the board rooms yesterday morning in a way that is expected to prevent another such mistake as occurred on Tuesday in the cases of the brewing and malting concerns. Mr. Upham, as well as Reviewers West and Meacham, were surprised to read in the papers that they had reduced the valuation of thirty-two companies more than $8,000,000, when the reduction really was $240,000.

In explanation it was said that the American Malting and Brewing company controls twenty of the concerns that were in the list, and that these had been assessed in duplicate. Then, too, the assessment of $150,000 on the Weil Brewing company was thrown out entirely. This brewery was destroyed by fire last January, and was not rebuilt, but the assessors renewed the schedule of 1901. The assessment of the George Bullen plant was transferred from the American company to the Chicago Consolidated Brewing company.

Values That Were Overlooked.

Among the estates which were overlooked by the assessors, together with the valuations fixed by the reviewers, are:

Harriet E. Clapp	$120,000	Robt. Knoeppes	12,000
Centario estate	5,000	John N. Friedman	15,000
Alex F. Hjorisberg	15,000	Mary J. King	25,000
Lucy O. Downes	10,000	Volantine L. Turner	200,000
Gustav Faver	4,200	Hinbrecht Vandermith	20,000
Ella Kroeschell	10,000	Carl G. Linderberg	14,000
Jacob Schrade	3,000	D. F. Holman	20,000
Isah Cloyd	4,500	Sarah J. Leonard	5,500
A. W. Freer	7,000	Henry Weiss	7,500
Emilie Moller	40,000	Chas. Morteus	12,000
Marie Criegman	10,348	Henry Wischemeyer	48,000
Timothy McCarthy	2,000	M. B. Clancy	1,000
Wm. E. Smith	20,328	Theo. Lattan	17,000
Henry Hannshill	5,000	Griffens estate	10,000
Julius Hannshill	6,000		

Other values overlooked and on which the board of review supplied its own figures were:

Wood Vulcanizing Co.	$ 5,000	Union Tank line	25,000
National Graphophone Co.	5,000	Frank Groshauser	4,000
A. Origeto & Co.	1,000	Theodore Groshauser	4,000
Pauline Turner	177,822	Georgs Groshauser	4,000
Mary F. Curtis	5,000	Caroline Durrent	26,000
Elizabeth F. Curtis	5,000	Mary A. Flood	4,027
Mrs. Carl Keith	2,500	Iroquois line	2,500
Catherine Givick	5,000	Frances E. Hall	1,000

Assessors' Figures Raised.

The estate of Timothy E. Blackstone was raised from $17,940 to $22,000, of C. H. Wheeler from $9,000 to $22,500, of James H. Horace from $10,000 to $18,000, of James Dunham from $6,000 to $25,000, of Thomas D. Dennehy from $7,000 to $11,594, of John N. Landeck, $10,000 to $12,500; of Jonathan Clark, $6,000 to $45,000; of Sarah E. Wilcox, $5,000 to $15,000.

Among the other assessments raised were the Piano Manufacturing company from $301,822 to $350,000; Fred W. Bipper, $58,300 to $80,000; Louisa Gregg, $10,000 to $12,748; Garden City Fan company, $500 to $30,000, and Mrs. Isabella F. Blackstone, $48,100 to $80,000.

Hyman, Berg & Co. secured a reduction from $225,000 to $135,000.

Attorney Frank F. Ried appeared before the board and asked that the valuations of $200,000 on the American Sugar Refining company and of $55,000 on the Havemeyer concern be lowered. The reviewers agreed to consider the request.

H. A. KNOTT SUED FOR $50,000.

George Wilson Jr. Alleges That He Was Arrested on a False Complaint.

Henry A. Knott has been sued for $50,000 damages by George Wilson Jr., who alleges that Knott swore to a false complaint against him and caused him to be arrested. Wilson charges that Knott accused him of the embezzlement of $1,200 which he had collected as rent from a building on Thirty-first street and to which it is alleged he had no right. When the case was heard Wilson was discharged.

The trouble grew out of a lease on a bowling alley and saloon in Thirty-first street. Wilson contended he had a lease upon the building and collected the rents from the lodge halls and other rooms in the building. Knott, it is alleged, was the agent for another person, who claimed to have a lease upon the building and who declared that he had bought out Wilson.

A civil suit has been filed in the Superior court against Wilson asking for an accounting.

Concert at Douglas Park.

A concert will be given at Douglas park by Weldon's Second Regiment band tomorrow evening.

YE ART AND ARTISTS' CORNER

A monument is to be erected in Paris to Baudelaire, whose "Flowers of Evil" will perhaps live longest in the memory as associated with his name.

Although the National Arts club has started a subscription in aid of the fund for rebuilding the old Campanile in Venice, it is not intended to confine subscriptions to the members.

J. Massey Rhind's bronze statue of the Indian chief, Ledyuscung, has been purchased by Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Henry for $7,000, and presented by them to Fairmount park, Philadelphia.

Mr. Goscombe John has been commissioned to execute a marble statue of King Edward at Cape Town. The sculptor will be allowed perfect freedom in his work. The late Queen Victoria was extremely autocratic with regard to artists, but the king is more generous in this respect.

"The Great Elector," the finest equestrian statue in Berlin, which was executed by Andreas Schlüter in 1703, is hidden from the gaze of tourists at present by molds for a cast, which is being made at the direction of the emperor for the collection, which his majesty is to present to the Harvard Germanic museum.

Sculptors of all nationalities are invited to submit designs for a monument to Admiral de Ternay and the 500 French soldiers he brought with him to this country. The monument will be erected at Newport, R. I., and information and particulars may be had by addressing the De Ternay monument committee, 138 West Thirty-fourth street, New York.

The summer class in sculpture established in Montpelier, Vt., by John W. Burgess, professor in the law department of Columbia university, was for the carvers and stone cutters in the granite quarries. The instructor is Charles Lopes of New York. There is a dearth of skilled American granite workers, and it is Mr. Burgess' laudable desire to give the American workman the advantages of instruction in their craft, which have heretofore made the foreign workmen more successful in their craft than the Americans, who know only the rudiments of their trade.

O'HARA MUST OPEN CELLS

CORONER'S JURY ASKS DISCHARGE OF REHM AND ANOTHER.

Summoned at Request of Lieutenant Who Feared Habeas Corpus Proceedings to Free Prisoner Held in Police Murder Case—At Hearing Secret Arrest of Cabman Dwyer Comes Out and Verdict Calls for Dismissal of Both Men for Lack of Evidence.

The release of George Rehm, son of Capt. Rehm, and of Michael Dwyer, a cabman, both of whom had been arrested on the orders of Lieut. O'Hara, was recommended yesterday by the coroner's jury.

The inquest on Policemen Devine and Pennell had been continued until Sept. 26, but the jury was summoned hastily at the request of Lieut. O'Hara, who feared habeas corpus proceedings to release Rehm. During O'Hara's testimony the fact was brought out that Dwyer was secretly held in custody. His presence was demanded, and, after he had testified, his discharge was recommended.

Capt. Rehm when seen after the verdict had been rendered said: "I have no bitter feeling towards Lieut. O'Hara, but I believe he ought to have known he did not have enough evidence in his possession to warrant him in bringing my son to the inquest. However, I will not criticise Lieut. O'Hara as I believe he is an excellent police officer and has always done his duty to the best of his ability."

Held in the County Morgue.

The inquest was held in the county morgue and the little room was crowded. Mrs. Pennell and Mrs. Devine, widows of the murdered policemen, were present with a number of relatives.

Capt. Rehm declares he had no knowledge that the inquest was to be held until an hour before. He hurriedly went to Attorney Joseph Epstein, and the latter went to the inquest and questioned a number of witnesses.

Attorney Epstein succeeded in getting the information about Dwyer's arrest from Lieut. O'Hara while the latter was on the stand. Before knowing of the arrest of the cab driver evidence had been given by Frank Sheridan, a barkeeper in a saloon at 400 West Madison street, who said that a cab driver whose name he did not know and who was under arrest had come into the saloon with two other men at 2 o'clock on the morning of the murder and had several drinks. One of these men he thought was Rehm, but he would not say positively.

Attorney Epstein, upon hearing this, jumped to his feet and excitedly asked Lieut. O'Hara if it were true he had the cab driver in custody. The lieutenant admitted this was true. Then the deputy coroner asked:

"Why didn't you bring this man here. I am sure he can tell us whether Rehm was with him at the time in the saloon."

O'Hara Sends for Prisoner.

In reply Lieut. O'Hara, who knew then he had made a mistake, ordered two of his men to go after Dwyer, who was held at the Warren avenue station. The coroner adjourned until Dwyer appeared, and then he was put on the stand. Dwyer stated that on the day before the murder he had been drinking heavily. When he entered the saloon in Madison street he was accompanied by Jerry Holly and a man of the name of Deeton.

Other witnesses were Ernest McLaughlin and G. L. Orgibet and wife, who saw men running after the shooting. Policemen John Mitchell and Peter Lynch also testified.

Lieut. O'Hara stated that half an hour before the shooting John Healy, an ex-convict, and another man were seen at Twelfth street and Ogden avenue. Healy, until the shooting, had been in the habit of visiting saloons near Lake and Halsted streets, but since the policemen were slain he had not been seen.

DIVORCED FROM A PLAYWRIGHT

Mrs. John Arthur Frazier Secures Separation on the Ground of Excessive Drinking.

Alleging, among other things, that her husband had taken a liquor "cure" six times and that the treatment failed to "stick," Mrs. John Arthur Frazier secured a divorce yesterday in Judge Tuthill's court. Frazier, who is a playwright, is said by his wife to have created between seventy and eighty stage productions. These plays, she said, were written "while he was sober." Mrs. Frazier at present is living at 3870 Ellis avenue.

Another woman who blames liquor for her domestic woes is Mrs. Margaret A. Foley, 3331 Vincennes avenue. She sued for divorce yesterday, charging that her husband drove her and their five children from the house and chased her across a prairie.

CHARGED WITH THEFT OF SAND.

Five Teamsters Arrested for Loading Wagons on the Beach at Seventy-ninth Street.

Five teamsters were arrested by the South Chicago police yesterday morning while loading their wagons with sand on the beach between Seventy-eighth and Seventy-ninth streets. They were:

Jacob Reed, 9808 Ewing avenue.
Arthur Goodman, 7738 Jackson Park avenue.
Christ Schmidt, 10721 Buffalo avenue.
Frank Miller, 5420 Jackson avenue.
Fred Kanckstetz, 9823 Avenue J.

The teamsters told the police they had been sent to load their wagons by their employer, R. L. Brooks, a real estate dealer at Ninety-ninth street and Ewing avenue. According to residents, sand has been removed from the beach by the teamsters until residences are threatened by the surf. The men have been charged with larceny.

RILEY DARNELL RETURNS HOME.

Says He Left for Rest—May Resume Business When He Can Straighten Out Affairs.

Riley Darnell, who left Chicago on the night of Aug. 18, has returned. Mr. Darnell said that he left the city because he was worn out and sick. He also had heard that his wife anticipated bringing suit for divorce, and that he did not think his condition strong enough at this time to undergo the excitement and worry of a suit. Mr. Darnell denied that he left Chicago because he stood in fear of his creditors. He said that his indebtedness would not exceed $20,000. He said that he might resume business as soon as he could straighten out his affairs. Mrs. Darnell denied that she had entertained any idea of suing her husband for a divorce.

SALOON LICENSE IS REVOKED.

Police Report Murphy Bros.' Place as Disorderly and as Maintaining Five Winerooms.

Acting Mayor McGann revoked the saloon license of Murphy Bros., 93 South Halsted street, yesterday afternoon. Complaint was made by the police that persons of questionable reputation frequented the place and that the saloon was conducted in a disorderly manner. Included in the report was a statement that there were five rooms above the rear of the saloon which were nothing less than winerooms.

CLERKS EAT WHILE ON GUARD.

Supper Served Them During a Demonstration to Force Waukegan Store to Close Early.

Because Ebenezer Mead of Waukegan refused to close his store at 6 o'clock fifty men and women clerks ate their suppers on the sidewalk in front of his place of business. For three hours these clerks stood guard, eating sandwiches and cake brought them by friends and tried to persuade people not to trade at that store. Mead says he will not close at that hour and threatens to arrest the crowd which took part in the demonstration.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

An infant forty years ago. Today a mighty giant. Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne. America's favorite.

NOTICE

If you could not get Quaker Oats from your grocer in the last few days it was because we could not get a sufficient quantity of the Quaker quality of grain.

The demand used up the last of the Quaker grade of Oats.

The new crop has been slow in coming---delayed by the weather.

We make Quaker Oats only out of the Quaker Grade of grain.

As there was no more of this grade, we could make no more Quaker Oats.

But the new crop began to come in a day or two ago.

We are getting Quaker grade of grain again

and your grocer has

Quaker Oats

to-day

BAITER DEFEATED IN COURT.

H. W. Phelps Fails to Make a Case Against Conductor Thrall and Latter Is Discharged.

Conductor Thrall, who ejected H. W. Phelps, the Rogers Park car baiter, from his car for presenting a home made transfer, was acquitted of the charge of assault and battery in Justice Murphy's court at Evanston yesterday. Phelps testified that Thrall had taken recourse to violence in ejecting him, and that under the ordinances he was privileged to ride from Rogers Park to the city for one fare. Thrall explained that he had simply insisted that Phelps pay a second fare as he could not recognize a "home made" transfer, and that when the complainant refused to comply with the request he had pushed him to the edge of the platform and assisted him off the car.

KIOLBASSA FAILS TO RETURN.

Chicago's Building Commissioner Prolongs His Rest, but No One Knows Where.

Lost, strayed, or stolen: One building commissioner, Peter Kiolbassa by name. At the city hall yesterday it was said that Mr. Kiolbassa had not been heard from since he left the office and the city a week ago. At that time he said he was going away for rest, but would not be gone more than three or four days. He was expected back on Monday at the latest to take up the charges against Inspector Sedlak. Nothing can be done by the civil service board until Mr. Kiolbassa requests an investigation.

TALKS TO 500 TEACHERS.

Prof. Edwin Sparks Speaks of the Revolution at Cook County Normal School.

"I want you to have a great deal of pity for the continental congress," said Prof. Edwin Earle Sparks to 500 school teachers who gathered in the assembly room at the Normal school on the third day of its session. Prof. Sparks was the speaker of the morning, and took for his subject, "An Unknown Benefactor of the Revolution." He spoke of Robert Morris of Philadelphia, who was ruined financially by his liberality in advancing money to pay the soldiers. In the afternoon Prof. Earl Barnes addressed the teachers on the topic, "Why Children Lie."

Tourist Sleeping Cars to Colorado

Leave Chicago daily from Aug. 23 to Sept. 10 on 11:30 p. m. train, Chicago and Northwestern railway. Only $2.50 double berth Chicago to Denver. Best of service. Two daily trains. Very low rates now in effect. Tickets, 212 Clark street.

COURT HEARS MURDERER'S STORY OF KILLING WIFE.

Wisconsin Man Tells of Digging Grave, Enticing Woman Near It, and Then Slaying Her—Is Sentenced for Life.

Shell Lake, Wis., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—George Wolf, the wife murderer of Chippewa Falls, was brought here from that place today, and, upon a plea of guilty of murder in the first degree, was sentenced by Judge Vinje to imprisonment at Waupun for life. He arose in court and told the story of the murder, saying:

"Through jealousy, I had intended committing the crime for some time, but my temper had not reached that stage until June 27, when I returned home and another quarrel with my wife took place. I then determined to kill her. I got a rig after dinner and went to Gravel island and dug a grave about six feet deep. I borrowed tools from the old Grip house and threw them into the brush to use at night.

"About 9 o'clock I induced her to go riding and we quarreled again. When I got to the pasture fence I struck her and pushed her out of the buggy. I got out on the other side. She was standing when I approached her. I knocked her down with a club. She appealed to me to spare her life. I was desperate and would not hear her.

"Another blow did the work. I let her lie about fifteen minutes and then she seemed cold. I picked her up and carried her to the grave and buried her. I then threw the tools in the brush."

FINED FOR MAKING MUCH SMOKE

Five Defendants Assessed by Justice Gibbons for Violating the City Ordinance.

Five defendants were fined in Justice Gibbons' court yesterday afternoon for violation of the smoke ordinances, and several other cases were continued. Among the continued cases were those of the Pennsylvania railroad company, the Union Traction company, and the Howard Transportation company.

The defendants and the fines imposed are: H. F. Fry, L. G. Stiles, 16 Wendell street, $5 and costs.

Ferguson Foundry company, Hawthorne avenue and Willow street, $5 and costs.

Lydon & Drews, four dredges, $5 and costs each.

Chicago Edison company, Washington street and the river, four charges, $25 and costs in each.

Western Salvage and Wrecking company, 207 Madison street, $5 and costs.

Peter Larson, 193 Iowa street, $1 and costs.

E. Hillman, State street, $1 and costs.

You can never be sure of what may happen in the future. Then why is it not a sensible and easy plan for you to get ready for possible misfortune and for old age by laying aside a few dollars at interest every month? Start an account with a dollar or more. Call for a metal bank.

ROYAL TRUST COMPANY

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

A State Bank—Established 1891.

Royal Insurance Building, 169 Jackson Boulevard.

THE HUB

HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.

Great sale of fall sample shoes for men.

About 1,500 pairs men's fine sample shoes---all the newest leathers and nobbiest lasts for the coming season--the best of selected materials--backed up by the highest class of workmanship---samples generally come in medium and small sizes (6 to 8), but several of these lots contain the larger sizes as well--$5, $6 and $7 values--if you come early you can be fitted in any size and will secure a great bargain at

$2.50

GATES PLANS TO KEEP UP FIGHT.

Beaten Faction in Fuel and Iron Now Makes Charges Against Osgood.

SAY JUDGES ARE UNFAIR.

President of Company Declares Accusations in Statement Issued Are Untrue.

New York, Aug. 27.—[Special.]—John W. Gates, John J. Mitchell, and James A. Blair, "the committee representing the majority stockholders of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company," issued a long statement today through their counsel. Mr. Gates remarked personally that it was his intention to keep up the fight for the control of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, regardless of the texts in which his opponents seemed to find encouragement.

The formal statement begins with the assertion that, in consequence of injunction proceedings, the majority shareholders were unable to establish their rights at the annual meeting called for Aug. 20 in Denver. "As a consequence, the old management, headed by Mr. John C. Osgood, chairman of the company, is still in control of the affairs of the corporation."

Blame Osgood for Trouble.

Chairman Osgood is accused of having caused the present differences between the chief stockholding interests by violating a written agreement regarding the personnel of the board of directors to be chosen at the annual meeting in 1901.

Mr. Gates and his friends, so the statement says, were not satisfied with Chairman Osgood's official statements as to the financial condition of the company, and they determined to get control of the property and look over the books themselves.

A long review of semi-official and legal proceedings is presented, with liberal quotations from the company's bylaws and from the minutes of several successive board meetings.

Change in Bylaws Alleged.

The accusation is made that certain changes in the company's bylaws gave Mr. Osgood and his associates absolute control of the organization. Mr. Gates and his dissatisfied associates brought a series of suits in the courts of Colorado to test their rights. No satisfaction was obtained, however, although, as Mr. Gates declares, his friends and himself held 191,600 shares of the company's stock out of a total of 259,178 shares. When the complaining majority shareholders undertook to elect a new board of directors they were stopped by the service of injunction papers "two hours before the annual meeting" by George F. Bartlett, described in Mr. Gates' statement as "an employé of the Victor Coal company, a corporation subordinate to the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, and who was the holder of ten shares of the preferred and of five shares of the common stock of the Colorado company's stock."

Say Osgood Threatened Violence.

Mr. Gates declared that his associates and himself attempted to hold a meeting under the provisions of the charter and bylaws of the company, but were deterred from so doing "because the officers of the company had enlisted the services of fifteen or twenty so-called deputy sheriffs who filled the meeting room and the corridors leading to it, evidently prepared to go to any length in obedience to the instruction by Mr. Osgood and his friends."

Say Compromise Was Refused.

In conclusion, Mr. Gates' statement says: "We should add that we were approached with a proposition of so-called compromise. The proposition involved the purchase of the entire capital stock of each of the subsidiary corporations above mentioned and the retention of the control of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company by the present management pending the fixing of the price to be paid. In view of the knowledge that we had by this time acquired of the character and methods of that management and because we believed that this settlement had been the objective point of the tactics pursued by the management we did not feel like entertaining such a proposition."

Osgood Says It Is False.

President Osgood, when shown the Gates statement, said it was too long to reply to it specifically upon short notice.

"The statement is full of misrepresentations, falsehoods, and half truths," he added. "We have been perfectly justified in all that we have done, and are willing to stand upon our record."

"What about the insinuation here contained that the Colorado courts were tampered with by you and your friends?" was asked.

"It is a damnable slander, undeserving of the attention of a serious man," responded Mr. Osgood.

"Is it true that your company is fostering subsidiary corporations for the benefit of yourself and friends, as alleged?"

"That," said Mr. Osgood positively, "is a d—d lie."

Claim Courts Were Influenced.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Attorneys for John W. Gates and his associates this morning filed a petition in the United States Circuit court asking that the injunction suit now pending before Judge Mullikin be transferred to the United States court. The petition will be heard next Saturday by Judge Caldwell of Little Rock, Ark.

As grounds for the petition the attorneys allege prejudice of the people. The flat charge is made that Osgood and his supporters created the alleged newspaper sentiment, against which the petition inveighs, for the express purpose of influencing the courts.

The Osgood forces say the petitioners are likely to find themselves in contempt of the Colorado courts, as it is stipulated in the petition that the state judges were debarred from acting impartially through fear of being defeated for reelection by the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

The petition was served on Stevenson and Prescott, attorneys for George F. Bartlett, shortly before noon today. Mr. Prescott said:

"We will be in court Saturday morning at the time stated. The petition is really amusing. Prejudice is alleged against almost every one in the state, except Judge Riner, who gave the Gates crowd really the worst knockout blow they received here."

YE CORNER FOR YE COOK

Cut tomatoes in halves, unpeeled; put in broiler, skin side down; salt and pepper, and boil over clear fire fifteen minutes; when tender lift on platter; pour melted butter over this and serve.

If you care for buttermilk cakes, beat an egg and add to the buttermilk one teaspoon salt; mix; dissolve teaspoon soda in two tablespoons boiling water; add gradually flour to make batter that will pour smoothly from spoon; bake on hot griddle.

Do you like stewed watermelon rind? Peel the green skin from the rind and cut rind in inch pieces; put over fire in agate pan, add little water and sugar; cook slowly, turning carefully; when tender add little grated lemon rind and lemon juice; serve cold.

Salad dressing: Two eggs, well beaten; little white pepper, and just a dash of cayenne; one heaping teaspoon of dry mustard, tablespoon of sugar, little salt, one-half cup of vinegar; boil all together until thick; remove from stove, add butter size of an egg; when cool thin with milk. This is as smooth as velvet. Chop a head of cabbage fine, and serve with the above dressing.

One of the best chocolate cakes you ever ate is made this way: One and one-half squares chocolate, one-third cup sugar, one-fourth cup milk, one-half teaspoon vanilla, yolk of one egg beaten. Put all together in bowl and dissolve over teakettle. Stir until smooth. One-fourth cup butter, one-half cup sugar, one-fourth cup milk, one egg, one-half teaspoon saleratus, one cup flour, and then add chocolate mixture and a little more flour. Mix well together and bake in a slow oven.

STUDENTS TO EDIT NEW UNIVERSITY PAPERS.

ROY D. KEEHN, EDITOR LITERARY MONTHLY

HERBERT E. FLEMING, EDITOR DAILY MAROON.

With the opening of the fall term at the University of Chicago will be inaugurated the publication of the Daily Maroon, a newspaper owned, edited, and published by the students. At the same time a literary monthly will make its first appearance. The name of this magazine has not been chosen. The Daily Maroon will meet the need of the university for a daily chronicle of college news, athletics, social notes, and exchanges. The magazine is aimed to bring out the literary talent thought to exist in a student body so large. The editor of the Daily Maroon is to be Herbert Eastman Fleming. He served on the editorial board of the University Weekly for several terms and for one quarter was managing editor. Roy D. Keehn, who will be editor of the magazine, is a law student and has had experience in newspaper work before coming to the university. He was for some time editor of the college paper at Indiana university. Both Mr. Fleming and Mr. Keehn are graduate students.

TRUST FILES ITS ANSWER.

REPLY MADE TO SUIT TO BLOCK $200,000,000 BOND ISSUE.

Steel Corporation Attacks the Standing of the Plaintiffs as Stockholders and Denies Their Charges—Argument Is That the Plan Is Beneficial and Businesslike — Enormous Earnings of the Company Are Told Of as a Basis of the Financing.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 27.—The United States Steel corporation today filed in the Court of Chancery an answer to the amended bill of complaint of J. Aspinwall Hodge, Bernard Smith, and William H. Curtiss, which seeks to restrain the proposed conversion of $200,000,000 7 per cent preferred stock into $200,000,000 5 per cent second mortgage bonds.

The answer denies that the books of the corporation show Curtiss to be the owner of any stock of the concern. Smith, it is averred, did not own any stock of record until June 24, 1902, after the plan of conversion had been adopted, and the stock now recorded in Smith's name was voted in favor of the plan. Hodge, it is admitted, owns 100 shares of stock, but it is alleged that he was not present at the stockholders' meeting when the plan was submitted and that his stock was not voted either by himself or by proxy.

Few Directors in Syndicate.

It is denied that fifteen or more directors of the steel corporation are members of the syndicate through which the preferred stock was to be converted into bonds. It is admitted that some of the directors are members of the syndicate, but that this fact was communicated to every stockholder in the circular of April 17, 1902, in the following words:

"To further the success of the plan there has been formed a syndicate, including some directors, who will receive four-fifths of the 4 per cent commission to be paid under the contract with J. P. Morgan & Co., mentioned in the notice of stockholders' meeting."

Conversion Held to Be a Benefit.

The answer says the directors in the syndicate are a minority in the board of directors, but that they are large stockholders and favored the conversion plan, because they believed it would be advantageous to them as stockholders.

It is denied that any stockholders had been offered special terms in connection with converting their preferred stock into bonds in order to secure their affirmative votes for the plan. It is denied that the $50,000,000 of additional capital which it was proposed to obtain was needed for purposes that were chargeable to the earnings of the company.

Immense Earnings Told Of.

The answer then takes up the line of argument made in the affidavit of George W. Perkins, chairman of the finance committee, filed last week, in which Mr. Perkins claimed that this additional $50,000,000 was needed to pay for improvements and to give the company a larger surplus, to permit it to do a cash business, and be protected against a money stringency in the event of a business depression.

The answer says the earnings of the corporation for the year ending March 31, 1902, were $111,503,054; for the month of April, 1902, 912,320,766; May, $13,120,390; June, $12,220,362; July, estimated, $11,900,000, or at the rate of $150,000,000 a year. An inventory is filed to show that the company's property is worth $1,400,000,000, more than the combined par value of the preferred and common stock. It is stated also that the company's surplus is now $65,000,000.

The answer emphasizes the point raised by Mr. Perkins to the effect that the conversion plan would reduce the fixed charges of the company and be advantageous to all stockholders, both preferred and common.

THROWN FROM A HOUSE AND NOW THE POLICE TAKE HIM.

Albert de St. Chaines, Self-Styled Count, Is Arrested on a Charge of Making Threats to Kill.

Albert de St. Chaines, teacher of the French language and self-styled count, was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out by G. F. Ronsaville, 38 Walton place. The charge is threatening to kill.

The trouble arose from a call St. Chaines made at Mr. Ronsaville's residence on July 31, when he was thrown from the house by Ronsaville. At that time St. Chaines swore out a warrant for Ronsaville, charging him with assault and battery and with robbing him of $20. This case will come up in Justice Hamburgher's court tomorrow.

The case against St. Chaines was called before Justice Gibbons yesterday, but was continued until Sept. 4. The testimony produced by the complainant alleges that St. Chaines annoyed Mrs. Ronsaville by persistent applications to rent a furnished room in the Ronsaville house.

Finally Mr. Ronsaville took a hand. He alleges that after he threw St. Chaines from his house he threatened to shoot him. He admits ejecting the teacher from the house, but laughs at the allegation of robbery. St. Chaines, in turn, denies having made threats to kill.

ELOPES WITH NICARAGUA MAN.

Kokomo, Ind., Telephone Girl Weds Secretly and Is on Her Way to Central America.

Kokomo, Ind., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Miss Carrie Babcock a week ago resigned her position as telephone girl and mysteriously disappeared. A letter just received from New Orleans, states she is going to Bluefields, Nicaragua, as the wife of Frank J. Slider of Bluefields, formerly of this place. They were married at Paris, Ill., on Saturday. Mr. Slider is in the lumber business in Central America, and the bride and groom will begin life 200 miles from the coast.

BIG INSURANCE DEAL ON

CHICAGO COMPANY SEEKS TO ABSORB GALESBURG ASSOCIATION.

Scandinavian Mutual Aid Will Consider Proposition to Transfer Membership to the Scandia Mutual Life—Committee on Credentials, Favorable to the Plan, Begins the Work of Examining Proxies So That the Vote May Be Correct.

Galesburg, Ill., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The special meeting of the Scandinavian Mutual Aid association, called to act on the proposition of the Scandia Mutual Life of Chicago, to transfer the membership of the former to the latter and the headquarters to Chicago, accomplished nothing during the day because the committee on credentials had not completed its examination of the thousands of proxies.

The Chicago company has a strong representation here in its officers and board, and they express confidence that they will yet win. The committee on credentials was appointed at the morning session by President Nels J. Olcen of the Scandinavian Mutual, and the Chicago men gained a victory by securing the addition of A. L. Morris and N. P. Severine of Chicago.

The committee reported over 6,000 votes represented by person or proxy, and then asked for time to examine the books to see if the proxies are genuine. The committee reported tonight that it would not be able to complete the comparison until midnight, and the meeting adjourned until tomorrow.

The opposition to the transfer claims to be able to defeat it, and has the support of G. Bernard Anderson, J. P. Lundell, Adolph Anderson, and other Chicago men. The Illinois Life has a proposition ready to submit in case the Scandia Life is defeated.

NEWS OF THE INSURANCE FIELD.

Southern Boards to Ask the Western Union for Independent Authority.

It is learned that one of the principal items of business to come before the annual meeting of the Western union, to be held at Round island, in the St. Lawrence, next month, will be an application from the Kentucky and Tennessee board to be given independent authority in its field. At present its acts are subject to ratification by the governing committee of the union, and several radical differences of opinion have developed lately, the governing committee even requiring the Kentucky and Tennessee board to expunge certain objectionable entries from its minutes. The southerners claim that the difference in the two fields is radical, and that rules and conditions that apply in the west and northwest do not fit there. There is little likelihood that the union will surrender jurisdiction.

Now that natural gas is to be cut off as fuel in Indianapolis, it is learned that a serious insurance hazard will result from the change to coal or wood. The gas fumes have so eaten the flues that the use of other fuel is dangerous, and the insurance companies are making careful inspections and requiring rebuilding or cancellation. It is estimated that the changes which should be made in Indianapolis alone will cost over a million dollars.

The Mutual Life of Kentucky, recently reinsured by the Illinois Life, has transferred to the latter all of its real estate mortgages, amounting to a little more than $1,000,000.

The Minnesota insurance department has refused to license the Great Northern Life of Chicago, an assessment company, on the ground that the policy provides that it shall be governed only by the laws of Illinois, whereas the Minnesota department wants all policies issued in that state governed by the Minnesota laws.

José Madiedo, the head of the gang of Mexican swindlers which attempted to get $25,000 from the Equitable Life by substituting a body for that of the person insured, has been sentenced to four and a half years' imprisonment.

Of the ten leaders in volume of paid business in July for the New York Life, C. H. Schick of the Fisher branch and Theodore Weil of the stock exchange office were the Chicagoans represented, being seventh and tenth. E. C. Kellogg of the Fisher branch was tenth in number of applications.

A dispatch from Boston says that after Oct. 1 the Boston agency of the National of Hartford, represented by A. M. Bullard & Co., will be transferred to Field & Cowles.

Companies Lose Money in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Fire insurance companies lost money in Indiana during the first six months of 1902, as shown by tax statements filed with the state auditor. The loss ratio is 73 per cent.

LADIES' NIGHT AT NEGRO FAIR.

Miss Jane Addams and Mrs. Charles Henrotin Speak—Federation Song Is Sung.

Last night was "ladies' night" at the negro exposition at the First regiment armory. Among the guests were Miss Jane Addams, Mrs. Charles Henrotin, and Mrs. Elizabeth Jarvis. After the singing of the federation song by members of the Illinois Federation of Colored Women's Clubs short addresses were made by Miss Addams, Mrs. Henrotin, and Mrs. Katherine D. Tillman, the composer of the federation song.

"I am glad to see women unite," said Miss Addams, "to look over what they have done and talk over what they can do. We must admit that when it comes to an exposition of the world's products the work shown by men appears more substantial, more precise, and more stupendous than that of women. But I believe the day will come when the work of our sex will compare favorably in all respects with that of man."

Mrs. Henrotin called attention to the many inspiring and encouraging evidences of women's advancement in the last half century, and Mrs. Tillman gave a résumé of the evolution of colored women in America.

This store will close Saturday at 1 p. m.

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & Co.

Immediate Success of the Sensational Sale of Lace Curtains at Discounts of from 25% to 50%.

All who have attended this sale have pronounced the values to be truly sensational in all styles of lace curtains.

As we told you in the first announcement of this sale, we have secured from a French and Swiss maker of lace curtains their entire surplus stocks on hand, and by the very favorable terms at which we secured these curtains we are in a position to effect our patrons a great saving.

These great bargains are on sale on the fourth floor, and increased selling space and additional salespeople provided to facilitate the selling.

There are in these purchases in all over 100 varieties of real renaissance, real Battenberg and real Arabian curtains. Over 200 styles of real Irish point and real Brussels curtains and other popular makes of Swiss curtains.

And in addition to the above we will offer hundreds of pairs of Nottingham curtains of the best foreign and domestic manufacture, at actually less than manufacturers' present prices.

We also will show a great assortment lace bed sets in tambour, Irish point and rococo at great bargain prices.

Curtain Materials.

A very advantageous purchase also enables us to offer 500 pieces of real Brussels, Irish point, duchesse, rococo and tambour lace curtain materials by the yard, the two latter items being marked at 50c on the dollar.

Our great and successful sale of the Arnold B. Heine stock, amounting to $120,000, which was the sensational lace curtain event of last year, from present indications will be duplicated during this sale, for the values this year are conceded by good judges of curtain values to be the best offered anywhere in Chicago this season.

The Range of Values and Prices That Will Be Found During This Sale.

$10.00 curtains	$5.00	$6.00 curtains	$2.95	$30.00 curtains	$17.50	$17.50 curtains	$10.00
$12.00 curtains	$6.75	$7.50 curtains	$3.75	$37.50 curtains	$20.00	$20.00 curtains	$11.75
$13.50 curtains	$7.50	$50.00 curtains	$27.50	$40.00 curtains	$22.50	$25.00 curtains	$12.50
$15.00 curtains	$8.75	$60.00 curtains	$30.00	$45.00 curtains	$25.00	$27.50 curtains	$15.00

Upholstery Fabrics and Interior Decoration.

WE wish also to call attention to the unusual values we are now offering in draperies, upholstery fabrics, couch covers and portieres, as well as to call to your notice our splendid equipment for executing orders of any sort for interior decorations, for which we will be pleased at any time to submit designs and estimates.

EXIT THE JONES MYSTERY

J. A. I. LEE ADMITS "MILLIONAIRE" WAS A MYTH.

Aged Nephew of the Confederate Leader Says That in a Desperate Effort to Support His Family He Conjured Up the Fictitious Real Estate Purchaser, Then Buried Him When Complications Thickened—Declares He Planned No Fraud.

Philetus Jones, Boston millionaire, whose sudden death terminated an $85,000 real estate deal, and whose intangibility, living or dead, baffled the police, is a myth. So John A. I. Lee, real estate dealer, and nephew of Gen. Robert E. Lee, admitted yesterday. Like another Frankenstein, "Philetus Jones" brought only sorrow to Lee, his creator, who had hoped through the name to earn enough to keep his wife and son from want. Old and feeble, helpless and poor, Lee wept as he saw his dream of competence crumble into nothing. Even the detectives who forced his confession were touched. He will not be prosecuted.

Philetus Jones was the man whose death notice appeared in the morning papers on Monday. He lived and died, Lee said, at 142 Astor street, but investigation showed no such man had ever resided at that number. So yesterday Lee was forced to admit that the Boston millionaire and his nephews were creatures of his fancy, invoked in a desperate effort to sell Dr. Vincent C. Price's land and thus earn enough to provide for his family.

Lee told his story to Dr. Price and the detectives in the former's office. Shortly after 10 o'clock Detectives Halpin and Hogan met Lee to take up the investigation where they had dropped it the day before. The old man was calm, but his face showed that he had passed a sleepless night. For more than an hour he maintained that the story of his dealings with "Philetus Jones" was true.

Then Hogan appealed to Lee on his honor to explain the case. For a minute the agent hesitated, then he faced Dr. Price and spoke.

"Gentlemen," said he, "Philetus Jones is a myth. I intended no wrong, and have not tried to obtain any money by this deception. In a hasty moment when Dr. Price said he could not wait for me any longer I told him that I had secured a purchaser. He asked me his name, and on the spur of the moment I said Philetus Jones.

"Pressed by the questioning, I invented the story of the Boston millionaire who desired to erect a large hotel in Chicago. I told of the meeting with Jones, John and Elmer Alton, none of whom existed. The deception once started, I got in deeper and deeper, until I had given Mr. Price an agreement which he thought had been signed by these men. Knowing that I had done wrong, and harassed by the thought of it, I decided to end the matter. That is why I placed the death notice in the papers.

"My only thought was to retain the right to sell this property, so that with the commission I might relieve the wants of my wife and boy."

SAYS PLUMBERS ARE IN TRUST.

Kansas City Man Sues for $30,000 and Charges Masters' Association Violates Missouri Law.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 27.—The Master Plumbers' association is declared to be a trust operating in violation of the Missouri anti-trust law in a petition filed here today in the Circuit court by W. R. Young, a local plumber, who alleges that his business has been ruined by members of the combine, who have refused to sell him supplies because he was not a member. Young asks $30,000 damages.

DANGER TO TEXAS OIL MEN.

Inspector Says Gas Overcomes Over 100 Workers Every Day and Total Blindness May Result.

Beaumont, Tex., Aug. 27.—George A. Hill, inspector of the oil field, gave out a statement, in which he says: "The conditions of the oil field are alarming in the extreme. The gas is so dangerous to the lives of the operators that over 100 are overcome daily, and total blindness is feared as a result of constant contact."

TRY TO SAW WAY OUT OF JAIL.

Attempt of Seventeen Soldier Prisoners at Jefferson Barracks to Escape Foiled by Officer of Guard.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 27.—An attempt at jail delivery by which seventeen prisoners would have escaped was frustrated last night by the officer of the guard at Jefferson barracks. Six men were caught in the act of sawing through the roof of the guard house. In ten or fifteen minutes more they would have been free

PLEAD GUILTY TO FRAUDS

MICHIGAN MEN ADMIT PART IN MILITARY SCANDAL.

Judge Scores Four Members of Henderson Ames Company of Kalamazoo, Who Confessed Conspiracy to Rob State, Declaring Them Contemptible — Heavy Fines Imposed and Court Expresses Regret That Punishment Is So Light.

Lansing, Mich., Aug. 27.—J. R. Hunter, J. W. Woodworth, H. P. Kauffer, and S. N. Bickerstaff of the Henderson Ames company of Kalamazoo appeared in the circuit court today and pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiracy to defraud the state by their connection with the state military clothing frauds.

The charge against them was changed yesterday from perjury in connection with their testimony before the grand jury. Hunter, Woodworth, and Kauffer were each fined $2,000 by Judge Wiest and Bickerstaff was fined $1,200, with the alternative in each case of two years in prison if the fines are not paid by 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

In passing sentence Judge Wiest scored the respondents. He said they were contemptible in the eyes of the court and that the court was induced to impose fines not from pity but from the fact that for a century courts have recognized the fact that accomplices who are used by states in the aid of justice are entitled to consideration.

TAKES IN GLUCOSE COMPANY.

Corn Products Company, Report States, Formally Secures Control of New York Concern.

It was reported yesterday that the Corn Products company had secured control of the stock of the New York Glucose company.

President Matthiessen of the Corn Products company is in New York, and President Glass of the Glucose Sugar Refining company said he could not make any statement, as he knew nothing of the matter. There was no one in Chicago yesterday who could confirm or deny the report.

The Corn Products company secured 49 per cent of the stock of the New York company when it took in all the glucose and starch concerns in the country. To all practical purposes the New York company has been a part of the trust. The Rockefellers, however, held the majority of control. The deal will have no effect on the glucose-starch situation.

Telegraph Manager Ends Life.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 27.—Thomas W. Reynolds, for twenty-three years in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph company and for several years business manager of the company in this city, killed himself in the office of the company. He left letters in which he expressed the fear of approaching insanity.

Grape-Nuts Food Saved Her.

A steady diet of Grape-Nuts will clear away most of the physical ills

....A Fact.

A food that will help the babies and the grown folks too is worth knowing of and keeping in the family.

A mother in Woonsocket, R. I., says: "I have been a user of Grape-Nuts Food for quite a long time but never thought of giving it to baby, until we had a dreadful time with her.

"We tried three kinds of baby food and condensed milk but nothing seemed to agree with her, and at seven months she weighed not quite ten pounds. We were puzzled to know what to do when one day Husband said, 'Do you ever try Grape-Nuts?' I thought she would throw up that food like she did the others, but to our great joy the softened food agreed with her perfectly.

"She has been using it for about five months now and, at a year old, she weighs 19½ pounds, has eight teeth and her flesh and little body is as firm and round as can be. She walks from chair to chair.

"Meeting the doctor the other day I said, 'What do you think of her now?' He said, 'She don't look like the same baby. What do you feed her?' I said, 'Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food.' The proof of its value is perfectly clear. She is a wonder everyone says that saw her some months ago. I cannot praise Grape-Nuts enough. Please do not publish my name." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

$5.50 TO KANSAS CITY

THAT IS THE ROCK ISLAND'S RATE.

Applies to Leavenworth, Atchison and St. Joseph, as well as to Kansas City.

IN EFFECT

August 29, 30, 31 and September 1.

Round trip rate is $10. Night trains Aug. 29; all trains Aug. 30.

The trains to take are those which leave the Grand Central Depot at 8:32 a. m.—only day train for Kansas City—and at 6:05 p. m. This latter has an observation car, diners, sleepers, chair cars and all the other comforts you find on the fast through trains of the Rock Island System.

Rock Island System

Get tickets at depot or at

CITY TICKET OFFICE,

91 ADAMS-ST. (COR. DEARBORN).

MARSHALL FIELD & Co.

Men's Fall Hats.

The most stylish offerings in Men's Fall Hats, including the well known "M. F. & Co.," "Colbert" and "Albion" Derbys and Fedoras, are now on display.

"M. F. & Co." Derbys and Fedoras are not to be equaled either in workmanship or quality—price—$4.

"Colbert" Derbys and Fedoras are unquestionably the most dressy hats at the price—$3.

"Albion" Derbys and Fedoras are made of fabric of excellent quality—price—$2.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

TO SECURE INSERTION IN ALL EDITIONS OF

"The Sunday Tribune"

CLASSIFIED ADS. MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE FRIDAY.

It Pays to Advertise in The Tribune.

40 Sizes, 10c to 25c Each.
A. SANTAELLA & CO., Tampa and Chicago

New Style Diamond Ring . . .

Best bargain of the year. Fine blue white *Diamond*, $50.00, payable $5.00 a month. New catalogue tells all about it. Sent free.

GEO. E. MARSHALL,
103 State-st. Columbus Mem. Bldg.

PUSHMAN BROS.
THE EXCLUSIVE
ORIENTAL RUG STORE
26 Adams-st.

FURS SUMMER PRICES
On our superior productions; also on remodeling and repairs.
A. BISHOP & CO.
136 STATE-ST.

Keeley Cure
THE PARENT INSTITUTE, DWIGHT, ILL.
For Drunkenness and Drug Using.
Chicago Office, Room 402, 269 Dearborn-st.
City references cured most confidential. Tel. Harrison 2585. Correspondence Private Cottage for ladies.

Eyes Tested Free. L. MANASSE
OPTICIAN 86 MADISON-ST. TRIBUNE BLD.
Spectacles & Eyeglasses Artificial Eyes.
Kodaks, Cameras, and Supplies

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled, in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Babbitt, Mrs. J. M.
Bechman, Marie Elsie.
Bohnenkamp, Gertrude.
Buckman, Mrs. Diedrick.
Condon, John T.
Devine, Mary.
Finnicane, Annie.
Fosberg, Carl Emanuel.
Flannery, Mary.
Fielen, Joseph.
Gromlich, George Sr.
Hoover, Louisa.
Hunt, Mary.
Kane, Catherine.
Lane, William H.
Lee, Michael.
Loseksamp, Mrs. Effie C.
Mundt, Friederika.
Nelson, Annie.
Perry, George W.
Shaw, Ethel M.
Thurston, Dr. R. H.
Walker, Herbert Arthur.

BABBITT—Mrs. J. M. Babbitt, aged 76, widow of the late Lewis Babbitt. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. at residence, 1319 Chicago av., Evanston. Interment at Worcester, Mass. Worcester and Oakham, Mass., papers please copy.

BOCHMAN—Maria Elsie. Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m. from 41 E. 24th-st. to Waldheim.

BOHNENKAMP—Gertrude, aged 9 years. Funeral Thursday at noon from 542 22d-st. to Bethany cemetery.

BUCKMAN—Mrs. Diedrick, aged 76 years. Funeral Thursday at 1 p. m. from 14th-av., Melrose Park, to Elmwood cemetery.

CONDON—John T. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 36 Edgewood-av. to St. Sylvester's church, thence to Forest Home cemetery.

DEVINE—Mary. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. from 3308 Wabash-av. to St. Elisabeth's church, thence to Calvary cemetery.

FINUCANE—Annie. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. from 3024 Broad-st. to St. Bridget's church, thence to Mount Olivet cemetery.

FOSBERG—Carl Emanuel, aged 10 months and 6 days. Funeral Thursday at 2 p. m. from 108 Oak-st. to Rosehill.

FIELEN—Joseph, husband of Anna Fielen, nee Combs. Funeral from late residence, 1807 Fulton-st., Friday, at 9:15, to St. Mels church, thence by carriages to Calvary. Dubuque [Ia.] papers please copy.

FLANNERY—Mary. Funeral Thursday at 9 a. m. from 4026 State-st. to St. Anne's church, thence to Mount Olivet.

GROMLICH—George Sr., aged 63 years. Funeral Friday at 9:30 a. m. to St. Joseph's church, thence to St. Boniface cemetery.

HOOVER—Miss Louisa, aged 68 years 11 months and 10 days, Aug. 25, at her home, 762 Warren-av., sister of Mrs. Elizabeth Royer and aunt of Mrs. W. Hostetter and Mrs. T. Rose. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 1350 Washington-blvd. Interment at Sterling, Ill.

HUNT—Mary, aged 93 years. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. from 557 Orchard-st. to Mount Carmel church.

KANE—Catherine, aged 1 year and 6 months. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 1351 Townsend-st. to Mount Carmel cemetery.

LANE—William H., aged 39 years. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 67 Goodrich-st.

LEE—Michael. Funeral Thursday at 10 a. m. from 1534 Huron-st. to Our Lady of Angel's church, thence to Calvary cemetery.

LOSEKAMP—Mrs. Effie Charlotte Loseksamp, wife of Franklin A. Loseksamp, at Leavenworth, Chelan county, Washington, Aug. 21, 1902. Funeral services at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Jefferson, 1000 Hyde Park, at 2 p. m. Thursday, the 28th. The services at the grave at Oakwoods cemetery at 5 p. m. will be conducted by the ladies of the Order of the Eastern Star.

MUNDT—Frederika, nee Klager, nee Ahrens, died Aug. 26, 1902, aged 77 years, 7 months, 8 days, beloved wife of August Mundt, mother of Mrs. F. J. Bergen, Mrs. A. G. Cook, Ida, Hattie, Emil Klager and Arthur Mundt. Funeral Friday at 1 p. m. from late residence, 415 W. Fullerton-av., by carriages to Waldheim.

NELSON—Annie. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 a. m. from 100 Vernon Park-av. to St. Patrick's church, thence to Mount Carmel.

PERRY—George W., aged 64 years. Funeral Thursday at 2 p. m. at 620 Sheffield-av. Burial at Morley, Mich.

SHAW—Ethel M., aged 18 months, daughter of Thomas J. and Margaret Shaw. Funeral Thursday from 41 Goethe-st. to Rosehill cemetery.

THURSTON—Dr. E. H., Aug. 25, 1902, aged 64 years, husband of Julia F. and father of Mrs. Grace Gilbert. Funeral services at Abraham Lincoln post, G. A. R. Funeral Friday, Aug. 29, at 2 p. m. from his late residence, 3018 Indiana-av. Interment at Hanover, Ill. Papers please copy.

WALKER—Herbert Arthur, aged 3 years and 1 month, son of James A. and Edith Walker. Funeral Thursday at 2 p. m. from 1014 S. Humphrey-av. to Oak Ridge.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854.

C. H. JORDAN & CO.

SCOTT JORDAN. CADY M. JORDAN.
14 AND 16 S. MADISON-ST. CHICAGO.
125 EAST 53D-ST., HYDE PARK.
Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM [20 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan] and A. W. BERRIDGE, undertakers, 1722 Wentworth-av. Telephone South 695. Autos bearers furnished when desired. Private ambulance to all parts of city.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Agnes, Agnes, 22; 166 Bunker-st. Aug. 26.
Bauer, Frank J., 30; 784 22d-st. Aug. 26.
Bielefeld, Caroline, 68; 1000 Wood-st. Aug. 26.
Bjelberg, August, 52; 348 Lemoyne-st. Aug. 25.
Bowcock, Josephine, 64; 661 Holt-av. Aug. 25.
Brown, Simon and Esther, infants; 81 Aug. 25.
Cesar, Felix, 37; 1255 Marshfield-av. Aug. 26.
Moore, Laura, 27; Aug. 24.
Cook, Florence, 7; 144 Milton-av. Aug. 27.
Dillar, Clifton R., 18; 112 Turner-av. Aug. 25.
Magnuson, August, 37; 729 Balmoral-av. Aug. 24.
Dugan, Mary, 70; 746 Austin-av. Aug. 25.
Dugan, Raymond, 19; 45 E. 33d-st. Aug. 24.
Dunn, Hammel, 25; 2 Norton-av. Aug. 25.
Dyson, Oliver W., 8; 4830 Armour-av. Aug. 26.
Eberle, Katherine, 55; 1059 Sawyer-av. Aug. 25.
Eckhardt, Frederick, 73; 1202 Belmont-av. Aug. 24.
Eckmid, Elizabeth, 30; 151 Roscoe-blvd. Aug. 26.
Ehlert, August, 58; 174 Bunker-st. Aug. 22.
Ehrhardt, Frederick, 67; 1253 Belmont-av. Aug. 26.
Elsum, Charley, 22; 26 Ruble-st. Aug. 25.
Elson, Annie, 51; 100 Vernon Park-pl. Aug. 26.
Engel, Mary, 34; 2815 Thurgie-av. Aug. 24.
Washburne, Henry F., 58; 4612 Woodlawn-av. Aug. 25.
Fiehlen, Henry B., 52; 118 W. Chicago-av. Aug. 25.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES OF INCORporation were issued yesterday by the secretary of state at Springfield, Ill.:

The Bowen-Merrill Book company, Chicago; capital, $2,000; manufacturing medicinal remedies and "sundries; incorporators, Michael J. Bowen, Lawrence Bowen and Hiram W. Boos.

The United States Brokerage company, Chicago; capital, $100,000; general brokerage business; incorporators, Jacob Orenstein, Samuel M. Lewis, and James Buncilman.

The Belding Township Phone company, Mode; capital, $1,500; to operate a telephone system; incorporators, W. B. Lantz, J. E. Gallagher, and S. A. Rapp.

The Wells Press, Chicago; capital, $50,000; printing and publishing; incorporators, Willis J. Wells, J. E. McCustion, and Cora Woodruff.

The Berry Buoyant Soap company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; manufacturing and handling products; incorporators, James H. Raymond, Frank H. Drury, and E. Shasberger.

The Dearborn Lumber company, Chicago; capital, $20,000; wholesale and retail lumber and hardware business; incorporators, S. R. Cornish, R. C. Lamson and J. A. Normand.

The New Coal company, Harrisburg; capital, $6,000; mining coal; incorporators, Charles G. New, Jr., Cossitt, and Joseph J. Albright.

The Prairie State Creamery company, Dietrich; capital, $5,000; manufacturing butter, ice, and ice cream; incorporators, Gerhard Siefken, E. J. Wacker, and E. H. Bartels.

The Brewster Dental company, Augusta, Mo., with a capital of $100,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $2,500.

The Construction company, Jersey City, N. J., with a capital of $1,250,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $10,000.

The Manitowoc Dry Docks company, Manitowoc, Wis., with a capital of $150,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $10,000.

The R. R. Darlington Lumber company, St. Louis, Mo., with a capital of $200,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $25,000.

The Union Dairy company, St. Louis, Mo., with a capital stock of $4,000, is licensed to transact business in Illinois with a state capital of $4,000.

The Dreyer Ice Cream company, Chicago, certifies to an increase in capital stock from $5,000 to $10,000.

The M. H. Shaw company, Chicago, certifies to an increase of capital from $4,000 to $10,000.

The Vim Coal company, Chicago, certifies to a change of name to the Weaver Coal and Coke company and to an increase of capital from $1,500,- 000 to $4,000,000.

The Consumers' Lumber and Supply company, Chicago, certifies to dissolution.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING BUILDING PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the building department:

Charles Heuges, five 3 story frame greenstone, 4852 Parkhurst-av. ..... $ 7,000
Michael Bleiler, one 1½ story frame dwelling, 50 Lee-av. 1,200
Joseph Cambs, 1¾ story brick dwelling, 1291 Webster-av. 1,200
Frederick Sedesta, 1 story brick interior alterations, 3 Fayette-av. 1,500
Evangelical Lutheran church, 1 story brick church, 6034-38 Princeton-av. 8,000
James Jones, 2 story brick store and dwelling, (206-10 Prairie-av. 40,000
Joseph A. Paulina-st., 1 story frame cottage, 3334 Paulina-st. 1,900
Mrs. Mary Byrnes, 2 story frame residence, 212 Throop-st. 2,500
Val Blatz Brewing company, 1 story brick addition, 1 Despiaines-st. 4,000
W. G. Wehrden, 2 story frame flat, 1375 Wood-st. 1,800
Austin Schultz, 1 story frame cottage, 5342 Nagle-av. 1,000
Henry Nurnberger, 2 story brick residence, 2026 St. Lawrence-av. 2,500
Peter & Hippach, 1 story brick foundation, 1 Clinton-st. 13,000
White & Pinkert, 1½ story brick flats, 2477-79 Trumbull-st. 3,000
Peter Schmidt, 1 story brick cottage, 378 Bremen-st. 1,600
William Schultz, 2 story frame residence, 2482 N. Springfield-av. 3,000
Herman B. Walker, 1½ story frame dwelling, 2 Walker-pl. 2,000
Herman B. Walker, 1½ story frame dwelling, 1 Walkerway-av. 1,600
Herman B. Walker, 1½ story frame dwelling, 1 Lawndale-av. 1,600
Herman B. Walker, 1½ story brick dwelling, 1 Ridgeway-av. 1,000
Schultz, 1½ story frame cottage, 1 Irving-av. 1,500

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 27.—Forecast for Thursday and Friday:

Illinois and Indiana—Fair Thursday, except showers in extreme south portions, Friday fair and warmer, fresh easterly winds, shifting to southeast.

Ohio—Fair in north, local rains in south portion Thursday, Friday fair and warmer, fresh easterly winds.

Lower and Upper Michigan and Wisconsin—Fair Thursday and Friday, fresh east to southeast winds.

Minnesota—Fair Thursday and Friday, fresh southeast winds.

Iowa—Fair Thursday, local rains Friday.

Missouri—Fair Thursday, showers Friday.

Place of observation.	Thermometer: 7 a. m.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in inches.	State of weather.
Time taken:					
Aug. 27, 8 p. m.					
Abilene	84	96	S.E.	...	Clo'dy
Albany	70	86	N.	...	Clear
Alpena	64	78	N.E.	...	Clear
Atlanta	70	82	N.	Tr.	Clear
Amarillo	70	92	E.	...	Clear
Battleford	50	82	E.	.01	Clear
Bismarck	50	86	E.	...	Clear
Buffalo	68	80	S.	...	Clear
Cairo	68	78	E.	...	Clear
Calgary	52	78	S.W.	.52	Fair
Charlotte	72	78	S.W.	...	Fair
Cheyenne	62	74	S.W.	...	Clo'dy
Chicago	68	76	N.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Cincinnati	68	70	N.E.	...	Clear
Cleveland	66	76	N.E.	...	Fair
Concordia	70	72	N.	...	Clo'dy
Davenport	72	74	E.	.08	Fair
Denver	70	88	S.	Tr.	Clear
Des Moines	70	80	S.E.	...	Clear
Detroit	70	80	S.E.	...	Clear
Dodge City	70	74	N.E.	...	Clear
Dubuque	68	84	S.E.	Tr.	Clear
Duluth	58	84	S.E.	...	Fair
El Paso	74	90	N.E.	...	Clear
Edmonton	50	76	E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Galveston	78	88	E.	...	Clear
Grand Haven	64	72	W.	...	Clear
Green Bay	66	74	E.	...	Clear
Havre	56	90	S.W.	...	Clear
Helena	56	90	S.W.	.06	Fair
Huron	66	82	N.	...	Fair
Indianapolis	70	84	N.E.	...	Fair
Jacksonville	76	84	N.E.	Tr.	Fair
Kansas City	74	90	N.E.	...	Fair
Lander	54	84	N.W.	Tr.	Rain
Little Rock	74	94	N.E.	Tr.	Fair
Los Angeles	62	86	W.	...	Clear
Marquette	64	68	E.	...	Fair
Memphis	72	82	N.E.	...	Clo'dy
Medicine Hat	50	92	Calm	.07	Clo'dy
Milwaukee	68	74	N.	...	Clear
Minnedosa	52	84	S.W.	...	Clear
Montgomery	74	94	S.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Montreal	60	70	E.	...	Clear
Nashville	74	84	S.W.	.08	Clo'dy
New Orleans	86	94	S.	.10	Clo'dy
New York City	66	78	N.W.	...	Clear
Norfolk	70	86	S.	.01	Clear
North Platte	72	76	S.E.	...	Clear
Oklahoma	74	96	N.	...	Clo'dy
Omaha	74	96	N.	...	Clear
Oswego	66	70	N.E.	...	Clear
Palestine	80	96	S.	...	Clear
Parkersburg	70	86	S.	...	Clear
Philadelphia	70	84	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
Pittsburg	72	84	N.E.	...	Fair
Pueblo	76	80	S.E.	.32	Clo'dy
Qu'Appelle	50	88	S.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Rapid City	62	86	S.	...	Clear
San Francisco	50	64	S.W.	...	Fair
St. Louis	72	74	S.E.	...	Clear
St. Paul	66	82	S.E.	...	Clear
Salt Lake City	72	94	N.	.10	Clo'dy
Sault Ste. Marie	66	74	N.W.	...	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	70	84	N.	...	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	70	84	E.	.23	Clo'dy
Vicksburg	82	94	S.	.04	Clo'dy
Washington	68	82	S.	.10	Clo'dy
Williston	52	94	S.	...	Fair
Winnipeg	52	88	S.	...	Clear
San Antonio	76	100	S.E.	...	Clear
Wichita	68	70	N.E.	...	Clo'dy

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 83 East Madison street, Tribune building, was as follows: Thermometer at 7 a. m., 73 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 75; 11 a. m., 75; 12 m., 75; 1 p. m., 75; 2 p. m., 75; 3 p. m., 75. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.07; 8 p. m., 29.55.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Wednesday:

Jackson-st., 162 w of Campbell-av., n f, 25½ x118, incumb. $6,800, Aug. 21 [Clarence B. Hunt] Bay, Lumber and Manufacturing Savings company of Boise City, Idaho] $40,000
Washington-st., w, 162 to 166, 60x191, Aug. 26 [Wilfred V. Webster to Wm. J. Wilson] 30,000
Ellis-av., n e cor Oakwood-crescent, w f, 22 x85, and other property, Aug. 22 [James W. McCauley to Sheldon H. Haddock] 1,400
Armitage-av., s w cor N. 40th-st., n f, 133x125, and other property, Aug. 26 [James S. Stephens to James R. Bradley] 10,000
23d-pl., 293 w of Washtenaw-av., s f, 25x125.10, Aug. 26 [B. Molkentin to August E. Prieske] 1,400
North-av., n w cor Monticello, r f, 33x125, Aug. 20 [A. L. Reid to Geo. Hamm] 2,500
Cornell-av., n w cor 83d-st., e f, 92x125, July 17 [J. E. Burke to Hosea Bryan] 3,000
Wolfram-st., 61 n of Lincoln, s f, 25x125, July 1 [W. Deering to Bernhard Koelle] 1,317
Sacramento-av., 336 s of 22d-st, w f, 25x 70 I-3, Aug. 23 [J. Patcsnski to Teofil Szyperski] 1,950
Wood-st., 400 s of Grace, e f, 25x120.5, Aug. 19 [Est of L. Miller to Emily E. Fordyce] 1,200
Belle Plaine-av., 75 e of Lesoit-st., s f, 25x 125, Aug. 26 [Est of Otto Lemke to Otto Lemke] 1,675
Crilly-ct., 70 n of Eugenie-st., e f, 17.35x 100, Aug. 26 [E. C. Fahrney to Margt. A. Tuchor] 3,418
N. 42d-av., 241 s of Montrose, e f, 50x 155.7, Aug. 26 [E. H. Smith to Hermann Brinkmann] 1,500
N. 42d-av., 141 s of Armitage, w f, 25½x125, Aug. 26 [E. H. Smith to Hermann Brinkmann] 1,500
Armitage-av., n e cor Tripp, s f, 33½x125, May [W. J. Starck to Elias F. Leves] 2,000
Whipple-st., 66 s of Wabansia-av., e f, 25x 117, Aug. 26 [W. R. Smith to Edith T. A. Johnson] 2,500
Milwaukee-av., s e cor Rhine-st., s w f, 32 to Rhine-st., Aug. 26 [L. T. Barbe to Stephan Wasser] 5,000
Edgewood-av., 24 w of Sacramento, n f, 24x 150, Aug. 18 [G. J. Hermann to Edward J. Johnson], incumb. $5,500 12,800
Carroll-av., 154 e of Central Park, n f, 30x 169, Aug. 20 [W. F. Benson to James W. Stafford] 7,000
Bismarck-ct., 312 e of Noble-st., n f, 24x 80, Aug. 26 [Felipe Felipe to Dorato A. Schiavone and F. La Rocco] 2,500
Fay-st., n e cor. Phillips, w f, 50x45, Aug. 25 [E. Hagen to Gustave Hagen] 1,025
S. 45th-av., 79 n of Congress-st., w f, 26x 110, Aug. 12 [T. D. Foster to Hannah Cronin] 2,050
Harrison-st., 225 e of Keeler-av., e f, 25x 124.9-10, Aug. 9 [H. Cronin to Thos. D. Foster] 5,000
12th-pl., 300 w of Jefferson-st., s f, 25x 83, Aug. 26 [L. Luthans quit claims to Dearborn-st., 33 s of 40th, e f, 25x100, Aug. 26 [O. S. Patch to Wm. Cannon] 1
Lowe-av., 266 n of 57th-st., e f, 25x124 7-10, incumb., $2,000, Aug. 25 [Samuel Burns to Victoria Stafford] 1,700
57th-st., 204 e of Woodlawn-av., n f, 70x 124, Aug. 26 [C. Hadfield quit claims to Emily M. Hadfield] 1,250
Champlain-av., 44 s of 71st-st., e f, 25x 125, Aug. 26 [M. P. Nugent to John T. Mason] 2,700
Vincennes-av., 49½ s of 71st-st., w f, 50x 123 8-10, and q. p., Aug. 9 [A. W. Hebert to Thomas Crayen] 4,500
Rogers Park, s 375 ft. 14, b. 11, Aug. 26 [A. W. Masters to Charles H. Thompson] 1,100
Stewart-av., 141 n of 117th-st., w f, 100x 125, June 18 [Est. of R. H. Scott to Wm. M. Foley] 1,050
Yale-av., 273 s of 116th-st., w f, 25x 123.95-100, Aug. 20 [C. H. T. Gilbertsen to John M. Gilbertsen] 1,000
Lowe-av., 266 n of 57th-st., e f, 40½x121, Aug. 23 [N. Van Bergen to Richard J. Ton] 1,500
Greenwood-av., 172 n of 56th, w f, 25x122, incumb., $1,000, Aug. 13 [James Laskey to Michael Herrin] 2,800
Herndon-st., 120 s of Otto, e f, 24x125, Aug. 26 [E. Heideman to Katie Strassheim] 2,500
Dresden-st., 141 s of Belmont-av., w f, 28x 125 8-10, Aug. 26 [H. Kaufhold et al., by H. [C. McChesney] 2,125
Harding-av., 273 n of Huron-st., w f, 25x 125, July 24 [S. H. Wheeler to Harry C. Rogers] 1,200
23d-st., 166 w of Kedzie-av., n f, 37½x113, Aug. 26 [M. Horacek to Katerina Peter], 4424-26, 194 w of Princeton-av., s f, 24x123, Aug. 1 [C. Myers to John Krump] 1,000
57th-st., n w cor Hamlin-av., s f, 124 7-100, June 28 [E. H. Haddock to Clayton Y. Boardman] 1,300
Ingleside-av., 165 s of 59th-st., e f, 22x115, Aug. 23 [Henry C. Hooker to John Warden] 1,380
Escanaba-av., 139 n of 87th-st., w f, 25x 108½, Aug. 22 [Free Home B. L. and H. Assn. to Julyanna Slomka] 1,500
92d-st., 25 e of Buffalo-av., s f, 25x195, Aug. 5 [H. J. Heywood to Henry Pocin] 5,100
Ontario-av., 180 s of 93d-st., w f, 20x115, Aug. 15 [Est. of Peter Kladt to Wm. Hauf] 1,650
Ogden-av., 325 s of Rockwell-st., s f, 25x 176, Aug. 6 [G. H. Rempe to Holland Linssed Oil Co.] 2,500
Osgood-st., 183 n of Grace, w f, 25x150, Aug. 19 [A. A. Bergdahl to Mattie Rattray] 3,400
12th-pl., 263 w of Paulina-st., s f, 24x33, Aug. 12 [M. Dillon to Fred Hagen] 1,400
33d-st., 285 e of Fox, s f, 24x124, Aug. 14 [P. Murphy to Wolenty Zdonek] 1,200
Lexington-st., 150 w of Lawndale-av., n f, 25x123, Aug. 27 [John Mangan to Margaret A. Lyons] 1,500
Lexington-st., 148 w of Homan-av., n f, 25x 124, incumbrance $3,500, Aug. 16 [John T. Lyons to John and Catherine Mangan] 6,500
Evanston-av., 117½ s of Leland, w f, 25x72, June 2 [Wm. Deering to John M. and Ida R. Murphy] 1,500
Newberry-av., 112 s of Taylor-st., s f, 25x 100, Aug. 15 [Timothy E. Ryan to Julia Kaliba] 7,000
Rockwell-st., 175 s of Marians-av., e f, 50x 125.82-100, Aug. 22 [J. J. Thoen et al. to S. Victor Rydin] 4,000

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Ages.
John E. Madden, Kittie O'Darnell	23—20
J. Arthur Williams, Mary E. Manly	27—21
Louis W. Friesleben, Kunnegunda Schnider	41—21
Albert H. Wilka, Frances D. Laycock	30—24
Thomas English, Frances Kelly	40—40
Frederick W. Hoge, Emma Harris	26—18
James F. Smith, Emillie Franchere	29—23
John J. Leonard, Catherine Sheehan	25—21
Louis Palet, Esther Shaul	56—44
William F. Berner, Marrill, Is.; Hannah M. Bulbeck	34—29
Charles F. Schiller, Mathilda Wedell	28—33
Nathaniel B. Glasglow, San Bernardino, Cal., Alice Falck	21—18
Charles Lausen, Theresa Wirth	22—18
William J. Stewart, Ciara Purdy	31—23
Otto Klickmann, Ella Bartelson	30—23

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT THE CHIcago postoffice today, Aug. 28, as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Lourenzo Marques, Roumania, Belgium, and Cape Colony, at 4:30 p.m. For Cuba, 2 p. m.
For Alaska, 2 p. m.
For Jamaica, West Indies, via New York, 12 p.m.
For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Russia, and Sweden, at 12 p. m., via S. S. Lucania.
For Porto Rico, via San Juan, 4:30 p. m.
For Curacao and Venezuela, 4:30 p. m.
For Brazil, Argentine republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 4:30 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—TUESDAY EVENING, 5:30, ILLINOIS Central express, 64th-st. or Kimbark-av., chatelaine bag; contents identified; suitable reward. Phone Harrison 986.

LOST—MEMORANDUM BOOK, RED COVER, containing cigar sales downtown district; good reward. Return to MARX, 42 Michigan-av. Telephone, Central 2960.

FOUND—ON INDIANA-AV., OPAL AND DIAmond cluster ring. Send description and reward offered to care of J. S. Townsend, 1554 Wabash-av.

LOST—BETWEEN RECTOR'S AND FIELD'S, fancy fan with name D. Return to C. E. WILCOX, 7 E. Randolph-st.; reward.

LOST—ON STATE-ST. CAR, NEAR 35TH-ST., AT 4 p. m., Aug. 26, gold spectacles in case. Return 7146 Lafayette-av. Reward.

LOST—LADY'S SILVER CHAIN PURSE, MONogram top. Return to 2017 Prairie-av. for reward

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—ANY ONE KNOWING THE whereabouts of Earl Larson, sometimes known as Ed, communicate with Mrs. Earl Larson, Carthage, Ill. He is a Swede by birth, dark complexion, stands 5 ft. 2 inches high, and weighs about 130 pounds; light hair and medium complexion.

PERSONAL—BLAN. W. HALE: COMMUNIcate with me at once; business affairs satisfactorily arranged. W. BARD EDRINGTON, Memphis, Tenn.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO. GOING OUT, OF BUSINESS.
We offer our entire stock DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, CUT GLASS, at 25% LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICE. Convince yourself at BAUMAN LOAN & JEWELRY CO., 147 STATE-ST. Next to Schlesinger & Mayer.

PERSONAL—
Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their dealings with us. "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything from boy men, women, and children, or send in furnishing a home complete from "A" parlor to kitchen.
Established in 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO.
2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—SELECT ANY DIAMOND IN OUR half million dollar stock. Tell the salesman you wish to open a charge account and pay monthly. He will do the rest. If any one is not satisfied with factory. No publicity; no security, or any disagreeable features. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., Diamonds, Watches, etc., 92 State-st., 2d floor Stewart Bldg.

PERSONAL—"GOOD SENSE" BEAUTIFYING, according to Mme. Qui Vive's "Good Sense" ideas. Facial cream, 50c; delightful treatment, 25c; shampoos. Creme Marquise, 35 cents; complexion brushes, 75 cents. MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, 36 Washington-st., city.

PERSONAL—NERVOUS PERSONS CAN HAVE their teeth filled and otherwise treated without pain by means of "Electricity," strictly up to date. GRANT ROBERTS, D. D. S., Lincoln and Racine-avs., Diversey-blvd., Suites 1, 2, and 3. High class references 18 years' experience.

PERSONAL—MANICURING.
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES! GENTLEMEN!
MME. BARTON.
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—NEUROPATIC FACIAL TREATment and chest development, the only treatment that accomplishes its structural ends. Chicago Institute of Neuropathy, Suite 39-40 McVicker's Building.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM — ANY INTERESTED CALL OR SEND YOUR ADDRESS TO THE DE LAURENCE INSTITUTE OF HYPNOTISM AND OCCULT PHILOSOPHY, 295 WABASH-AV.

PERSONAL—AMERICAN CHIROPODIC AND Epilectica association, 331 Hudson-av., Cleveland, business manager. See ad. in Sunday paper under Business Personals.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call, write, or 'phone Wabash 322. FREDERICK FERRIS & CO., 227 Monroe.

PERSONAL — CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONbons, and chocolates, famous throughout the United States. Send for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. C. Gunther, Gunther Building, 262 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts, birthmarks; 12 years' experience; 7 years in present office; indorsed by prominent physician. MME. STIVER, M. E., 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXIONS guaranteed; all imperfections of the face removed. ELIZABETH TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—FOLKE INST.—SWEDISH MOVEments; massotherapy; electric baths. 57 Washington-st. [9th floor.] Tel. Central 3586.

PERSONAL — SCALP AND FACIAL TREATment a specialty and manicuring. Mme. Mehuron & Brill, Suite 1003 Stewart Bldg., 92 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red noses, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., permanently removed; satisfaction guaranteed. MME. A. KALMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL — FACIAL BLEMISHES AND DEformities removed, scientific methods. Dr. B. B. Masten, Dermatologist, Suite 901, 46 Van Buren.

PERSONAL — KELLBERG INSTITUTE, LATE of Central Music Hall; est. 1881; movement cure. Tel. 2632 Central. Dyche Bldg., 65 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—SPECIAL FOR GENTLEMEN; manicuring, hygeia, vibratory, and scalp treatment. Room 52 McVicker's Bldg.

PERSONAL — SPECIAL FOR GENTLEMEN; manicuring and scalp treatment. Room 52 McVicker's Building.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, CHIROPODY AND VIBRATING TREATMENT. ALICE LAND, R. 2-3, 95 Washington-st.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, SCALP TREATment, chiropody. 161 E. Washington-st., 3d floor.

PERSONAL—EMANUEL'S WONDERFUL CHIropodist Buffalo-av. and Foss lotion, 50c. 213 State-st., Suite 17. Phone 2305 Harrison.

PERSONAL—ADVICE BY MAIL, ONE DOLLAR. Illinois Legal Adviser, 78 La Salle-st.

PERSONAL—BERLIN ELECTRIC INSTITUTE, manicuring, scalp treatment. 130 Dearborn, 317.

SAFES.

FIREPROOF SAFES, $17.50 UP; FIRE AND burglar proof safe, $90; bank chest, time lock, $450; safes bought and exchanged. Chicago Safe and Merchandise Company, 47 Dearborn-st.

BEST FIREPROOF SAFES AT LOWEST prices for cash or easy payments, all sizes. SABATH SAFE COMPANY, 158 5th-av.

TALKING MACHINES.

LYON & HEALY'S VICTOR TALKING MAchines are the cleanest and most musical; all the new records; easy terms. Wabash-av. and Adams.

EVERYTHING IN TALKING MACHINES. Wholesale and retail. JAS. J. LYON, 78 5th-av.

TRUSSES, DEFORMITY APPARATUS.

DR. WOLFERTZ, SPECIALIST, 60 8TH-AV., expert truss fitter. Rupture and deformities positively cured with my latest appliance. Trusses 50c to $10. Elastic stockings, abd. sup. Sun. 9 to 12.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

STANLEY'S WESTERN DETECTIVE AGENCY, 167 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill. We do all branches of private detective work. References.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring checks and get our cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1243 Wabash-av.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXPERT ACcountant wants work opening, writing up, examining, or balancing books; excellent reference; moderate price. Address W. C. BRUNE, 514 North Park-av.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERT ACCOUNtant, capable of systematizing a business; opening and closing books; also familiar with office management; corporation books a specialty; can do first class work and give A1 references. Address C 396, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG GENTLEman, experienced in railroad office work; passenger or auditing depts. preferred; ability, character, and connections the best; reliable references. Address C 199, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN WITH business experience, familiar with books, correspondence, and general office details, stenographer, and typewriter; thoroughly competent and reliable. Address C 107, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG GENTLEman, experienced in office work and correspondence; ability, character, and connection the best; reliable references. Address C 198, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN IN office with chance to

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

FIRST CLASS MAN, FAMILIAR WITH ORNAmental and architectural iron work, to assist in taking off quantities; references. Apply The Winslow Bros. Company, 308 Carroll-av.

FLOORWALKERS—EXPERIENCED AND COMpetent. Apply Supt., HILLMAN'S, 112 to 116 State-st.

JANITOR—SWEDE, MARRIED (NO CHILdren), for small flat bldg., 523 Oakwood-blvd.

LABORERS—DAY; $2 PER DAY. 1096 Fulton-st.

LABORERS — THIRTY, FOR STEEL PLANT. Apply 1720 Old Colony bldg.

MAN—TO TRAVEL; MUST BE OVER 25, EXperienced in approaching men, well dressed, and able to furnish substantial references as to his sobriety and integrity. Apply today, Manager, Fifth floor, 309 Dearborn-st.

MAN TO TRAVEL AND APPOINT AGENTS, silverware. 1700 Monadnock Bldg.

MEN AND WOMEN—TO CALL ON DRESSMAKers everywhere, exceptional opportunity; refs. required. 717, 34 S. Clark-st.

ORGANIZER—CAPABLE OF APPOINTING and instructing agents to sell our home endowment contracts; salary, $100 per month and commission; right party can make $5,000 per annum. Chicago Home Syndicate, 801, 160 Washington-st.

PACKERS—IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS house; steady position. Apply Thursday and Friday mornings between 8 and 9 a. m. 235 East Monroe-st.

STATE MANAGER—TO ENGAGE SOLICITORS; must have $150. Address X 122, Tribune office.

THE ADDRESSES WANTED OF SEVERAL young men permanently employed or otherwise, who desire to add $10 per week to their income by discretely using their influence. Address B 365, Tribune office.

YOUNG OR MIDDLE AGED MAN—AS ADJUSter and investigator of claims, by leading casualty company; state age, references, experience, and salary expected. Address C 156, Tribune.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20, TO WORK IN STOCK of wholesale woolen house; good chance for advancement. Mention age, references, and salary expected. Address S R 65, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TO RUN ON RAILROAD TRAINS. Union News Co., 261 5th-av.

YOUNG MEN—TO TAKE CARE OF STOCK; wholesale millinery. 124 Wabash-av.

YOUNG MAN—STRONG, TO WORK IN WOOLen stock. BLACK, 243 Adams-st.

50 YOUNG MEN OF GOOD APPEARANCE; must have letters of recommendation. Apply before 10:30 a. m., R. 656 McCoy's Hotel.

Employment Agencies.

STOCKKEEP. EXP. MECHANICAL LINE..$20, $60
Porter, mch. $15
Al bill clerk, from caller 10
Car record clerk, exp. in foreign records.. 45
Stenographer, exp. in rem. estate $15, 18
Steno. and correspondent 15
Exp. steno. and bookkeeper 12
Exp. typewriter operator and bill clerk 12
Al office clerk, exp. in tobacco $10, 12
Model for tailors 12
Young man, check orders $9
Porter, willing to work 10
Strong boys, stock work $5, 6
Exp. drill press machine $1.25
Young man, 18, record clerk 6
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
184 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

MEN SEEKING STEADY EMPLOYMENT CALL. COLLECTORS, bookkeepers, shipping, receiving, bond, cashiers, stenographers, salesmen, furnishing, bill, entry, stock, railroad, GENERAL OFFICE clerks, cashiers, telegraphers, stenographers, salesmen, collectors, bookkeepers, shipping clerks, janitors (flats and office buildings), elevator runners, engineers, machinists, helpers, firemen, oilers, teamsters, farm laborers, farm managers, RAILROADS, men WHOLESALE houses, freight depots, useful men, DISTRIBUTING samples, dining cars, STRONG MEN, others; positions paying $8, $9, $10, $12, $15, $25 weekly.
CAN'T AGENCY, 167 W. LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 14. LICENSED BY STATE.

MEN LOOKING FOR WORK CALL — POSItions secured for watchmen, janitors, truckers, checkers, carters, packers, wholesale house, warehouse men, $10 up; engineers, firemen, oilers, elevator men, $12 up; bookkeepers, stenographers and typewriters, $10 up; collectors, billing, entry, shipping clerks, and office assistants, $9 up; farm managers, caretakers, men for street car lines, railroads, factories, mines, lumber camps, soliciting samples and circulars, tacking signs, other work. RELIANCE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, Licensed by state. 200 State-st. Room 19.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST CLASS.....$20
Stenographer, Polish and Bohemian translator 75
Stenographer, R. R. exp. 60
Bookkeeper, exp. 60
Stenographer and office man, young 50
Ledger clerks, two 60
Office man, good writers ..... $8 to 12
Typewriter bill clerk 10
Bill clerk 10
Office and general boys ..... $4 and $5
Merchants' Cler. Exchange, 740 Stock Exch. Bldg.

MEN—FIVE TO DO AUDITING.....$25
Ledgerkeeper, rapid worker 20
Stenographer, bookkeeper $20
Stenographers, seven ..... $12 to 20
Extender, rapid worker 18
Bill clerk, city trade 15
Bookkeeper, exp. young man 15
Office clerk, good writer 14
Office clerk, shipping 9
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY is not an "employment agency," but a reputable, reliable firm which makes a SPECIALTY of finding the right place for every one who applies.
1007 JOURNAL BLDG., 160 WASHINGTON-ST.

IF YOU ARE GOOD AT FIGURE WORK AND understand writing, once in a while have several good positions to be filled without delay; male operators in demand. Fisher Billing Machine, 206 Wabash-av.

PLACES TODAY FOR COLLECTORS, ELEVAtor men, janitors, stenographers, shipping clerks, handy boys, factory men, etc. NO JOB NO PAY. MORRILL AGENCY, 146 STATE-ST.

BOOKKEEPER—$10 TO $12. APPLY AT ONCE. 21 West Lake-st., Room 1.

OFFICE MAN AND COLLECTOR—START WITH $6. R. 4, 196 S. Clark-st.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

FIGURED BY THE WEEK—IT ONLY COSTS $1.87 to learn millinery; all material free; $1 per week for dressmaking and tailoring; also French cutting; latest Paris and New York patterns now ready. McDowell School, 78 State-st.

E. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING and fitting; all styles of ladies' patterns made to measure. Fall opening beginning Sept. 12. Removed to 39 State-st.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; positions furnished free. JACKSON, 209 State-st.

MADAM HUNT'S MILLINERY SCHOOL—BEST in city; positions furnished; indorsed by leading wholesale houses. 1201 Masonic Temple.

TAILORS' CUTTING SCHOOLS.

DESIGNING, CUTTING, GRADING MEN'S AND women's garments taught. Croonborg's Sartorial Academy, 185 Dearborn-st., Suite 505-6-7-8.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO., TAILORS' CUTTING School, 196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. For particulars call, write, or 'phone. Main 163.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

DIAMOND RING, ¾ CARAT, $35.
Square locket, watch charm, diamond center, $30.
Ring, 1 diamond (all good size) $25.
Ring, Aqua Marine, 4 carats, beautiful, $20.
Beautiful, 6¼ carats diamond ring (perfect), $450.
Pearl drop, 6 pearls, $6.
Elegant 24 carats ring, $195.
Ring, two diamonds, one emerald.
Very fine, elegant, diamond cent center.
Ring, two diamonds and ruby.
Sapphire ring, $8.
Ring, 3 rows of opals, link cuff buttons and scarf pin, $25 (cost $70).
Elegant gold watch, split second, time 2 horses in same time, made by S. H. Mathey, cost $300; sale price.
Some fine gold bracelets; sell little more than old gold value.
WM. CLARKE, 1325 Marquette Bldg.
Curb on dealers stay away.

BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO.
GOING OUT OF BUSINESS.

We offer our entire stock DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, CUT GLASS, AT 25% LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICE. Convince yourself at the BAUMAN LOAN AND JEWELRY CO.,
Next to Schlesinger & Mayer.

OPEN A CHARGE ACCOUNT FOR A DIAMOND. It's easy, quick, and the best way to save money. Small monthly payments made just as you would pay a savings bank. Your credit is good if your intentions are good, without regard to your cash resources. Our booklet explains everything. Sent free.

LOFTIS BROS & CO.,
Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry,
Chicago: 1 and 3 State-st., 99 State-st.

CLAPP & COWLES, JEWELERS, 48 WASHINGton-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silverware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid for diamonds, gold, duplicate wedding presents.

15 CENTS A DAY BUYS A HIGH GRADE DIAmond or WATCH; wholesale prices; easy payments; also talking machines on $1 weekly payments. $25. Walker-Edmund Co., 126 State.

CUT—IT IS OUT—CASH PAID FOR DIAMONDS, old gold, silver, wedding presents. Private. BREDT & CO., 67 E. Washington-st., Room 812.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEB & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

LAWYERS.

WE QUICKLY COLLECT WAGES, NOTES, rents, loans, claims of every description; no percentage. NO ADVANCE FEES FOR OUR SERVICES. THE SPENCER AGENCY, Suite 23, 93 Dearborn-st. Central 2722.

TROUBLES, PRIVATE MATTERS, PERSONAL; claims of any kind quietly, confidentially settled; responsible lawyer; consultation free. MORRIS, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 1.

WE COLLECT BILLS OF EVERY DESCRIPtion on percentage; also monthly accounts. The Wilson Agency, R. 504, 171 Washington. Main 2120.

SEWING MACHINES.

BUY ONLY THE ELDRIDGE B. 2 THREAD, $20 to $25; or the H. P. Eldridge single thread, genuine automatic, $40 to $50; guaranteed to be the finest and highest grade sewing machines made. National Sewing Machine Co., 160 Madison-st., M. G. Gilmore, Mgr. Machines rented and repaired reasonably. Call or phone Cent. 2266.

AKAM'S, 12 ADAMS-ST., PULLMAN BLDG., sell all best grade machines at wholesale price. Wheeler & Wilson, Homestead, New Home, Singer, etc. Can save you $10 to $30 on each machine.

GAS AND ELECTRICAL FIXTURES.

J. HAGGOTT CO., 169-171 E. ADAMS-ST., MANufacturers and retailers. Special designs.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ANY YOUNG WOMAN WHO WOULD LIKE TO correspond for newspapers; good pay; experience unnecessary. Address Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY—WHO UNDERSTANDS stenography and typewriting; experienced and accurate, and who can take charge of office; salary $10. Apply at once. Miller Ladder Co., 72 Gordon-st.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY; ONE CAPABLE OF taking care of a first class set of books in small office. Call Thursday, Room 522, 1 Blue Island-av.

BOOKKEEPER—LADY; WEST SIDE; MUST have some experience; $8. NYMAN, 151, 59 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—LADY, good permanent position; $50. OTIS, R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOOKKEEPER—FOR FIRST CLASS N. SIDE position; $6 to start. 402, 184 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER—D. E.; EXP.; $8, $12. HOWARD, 460 Monon Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—ABLE TO TAKE CHARGE D. e. set; $12-$15. 1007, 160 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—COMpetent in both; $15. 1818 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—MUST BE FIRST CLASS; SALary $15. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

GIRL—FOR FILING LETTERS; MUST LIVE AT home and have good references; salary $5. Address C 313, Tribune office.

LADY—IN OFFICE, GOOD PENMAN, EXPERIenced and well recommended; state age and pay expected. Address C 248, Tribune office.

OFFICE GIRL—GOOD, BRIGHT; MUST BE EXperienced and a good penman; $5 or $6.
M. J. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

SALESLADIES—AT RAVENSWOOD DEPT. store. 612-14-16 Wilson-av.

YOUNG LADY—FIRST CLASS, RAPID PENman, for office work; state age, experience, wages; references required at interview. Address C 74, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—GOOD APPEARANCE AND business ability to take charge office. State fully age, experience, references, etc. Salary, $12 to start. Address D 202, Tribune office.

YOUNG GIRL—TO RUN FOR GENERAL OFFICE work; $6, $7. 402, 184 Monroe-st.

$4 TO $12 WEEKLY COPYING LETTERS AT home; send self-addressed envelope for particulars. King Mfg. Co., 248 Warren-av., Chicago.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER — FIRST CLASS, DEPENDable, working housekeeper for family of two; steam heated flat, collen hill; lighter wages; no objection to woman with a child; good references required. Address or call 314, 116 Dearborn-st.

Domestics.

CHAMBERMAIDS—TWO; NONE BUT FIRST class need apply. Empire Hotel, 348 Wabash-av.

COOK—WITHOUT LAUNDRY, SECOND, AND general girl; $5 and $6; refs. required. MISS J. SQUIRE, 2474 Monroe-av.

COOK—GOOD; SMALL FAMILY. CALL AT 24 Junior terrace, Buena Park.

COOK—GIRL; WASH AND IRON; SMALL FAMily; no children. 3346 Vernon.

EXPERIENCED GIRL TO DO WASHING, ironing, and cooking. 3923 Grand-blvd.

GIRL—GERMAN OR SWEDE, FAMILY OF 2, for general housework; must be good cook; no washing; $5 a week; refs. 6427 Kimbark-av.

GIRL—TO COOK AND DO HOUSEWORK. 5830 Rosalie-ct.

GIRL—TO DO COOKING AND WASHING IN small family. Address Box 68, Winnetka, Ill.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; $5 week. 3225 Groveland-av.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 142 E. 50th-st.

GOOD KITCHEN GIRL WHO CAN HELP COOK; $5. 3016 Wabash-av.

HOUSEWORK—A PROTESTANT GIRL TO DO cooking and general housework. Apply 230 South Grove-av., Oak Park; near Oak Park-av. station of Lake-st. Elevated.

HOUSEWORK—SWEDISH GIRL TO DO GENeral housework, where second girl is kept. Call Thurs. until 3 o'clock; refs. 4818 Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD, EXPERIENCED COOK for general housework in family of two. Box 253, Hinsdale, Ill.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework, family of 3. 76 Bowen-av., near Lake-av.

HOUSEWORK—IRISH OR GERMAN MAID, general housework, family 3 adults. 6427 Monroe-av, 3d flat.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL, GENERAL housework; small family; good wages. 7134 Harvard-av., Englewood.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good cook; German or Scandinavian, with references; no sweeping; good wages. 4824 Ellis-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call in the morning. 6112 Kimbark-av., 1st flat, rear.

HOUSEWORK—EXP. GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing; $4; 7 in family. 914 Warren-av.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Flat 1, 210 E. 53d-st. Call between 1 and 5.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; small American family. 296 S. Oakley-blvd.

HOUSEWORK — COMPETENT WHITE GIRL for general work, in family of two; good wages. 4631 Madison-av.

HOUSEWORK—3004 PRAIRIE-AV., FLAT 5, third floor, girl, general housework; references.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD WHITE GIRL GENERal housework; small family. 41 E. 42d-pl.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Apply at 25 Woodland Pk., near 55th-st.

MAID—EXPERIENCED, WITH REFERENCES, general housework; good plain cook. Call or address MRS. B. F. WHITE, Kenilworth.

SECOND GIRL—SWEDISH PREFERRED, GOOD home, nice room; wages $4. Apply 4018 Grand-blvd.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

GIRLS—TO RUN SEWING MACHINES. E. C. COOK & BRO., 40 East Kinzie-st.

POWER SEWING MACHINE OPERATORS — Those experienced on stitching machines preferred. Dept. M, GAGE BROS. & CO.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS—GOOD, TO WORK BY THE DAY. Call 4240 Wentworth-av.

Agents Wanted.

LADY AGENTS—CITY AND COUNTRY, TO canvass homes; elegant opportunity; refined work; salary or commission. Inclose stamp for reply or call Sulpho Remedy Co., 602 Garden City Block, Chicago.

LADY AGENTS—TO SELL AN ADVERTISED medicated toilet soap; good money.
Dexter Building,
34 Adams-st., Room 29.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES TO INTRODUCE among first class families a superior line of flavoring extracts, perfumes, and toilet articles; permanent situation to right parties. SAWYER Mfg. Co., 41 River-st., Chicago.

WANTED—LADY AGENTS—BEAUTY PREParation; something new; big money for lady agents. Address A 566, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY, CAPABLE of translating and writing Spanish language; must be accomplished operator on the Remington machine; mercantile experience; state age, references, and salary required. South Side preferred. Address S R 71, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—WHO speaks German, writes plain business hand, is educated, fine appearance and thoroughly competent; state age, experience, salary, and references. Address C 245, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—AND TYPEWRITER—LADY — To assist in office; $5. Address, stating experience and references in full, S K 149, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND REMINGTON OPERator—Lady with some experience in gen. office work. State experience and salary expected. Address C 157, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—MUST BE GOOD, RAPID operator on Remington machine; $12, $15. M. J. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LAW OFFICE; COMPEtent, experienced lady; state age, experience, references, wages. Address C 237, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY, WITH CHICAGO EXperience in law work; state salary expected; references and salary expected. C 371, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND BOOKKEEPER—THOROughly competent, best appearing, for good S. S. position; Essex flat; $10. 402 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper—Lady; good North Side position; $10 to start. R. 46, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—FIRST CLASS; GOOD SALary; state, give references and salary; do not call. LARTHUIT & SLOAN, 39 Stewart bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND GRAPHOPHONE OPerator; R. P.; 1st class; $15. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—WILLING TO START $12 to $15. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—WHO CAN TRANSLATE French and German. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—BEST OBTAINABLE FOR $10; state speed and experience. C 340, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER AND GENERAL OFFICE lady—Fair education; S.-P.; $8. 402, 184 Monroe.

STENOGRAPHER—REM.; $10-$12; MUST BE exp. MANCHESTER, 160 Monon Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE GIRL—GOOD penman; $8. $10. M. J. OTIS, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER—TO DO AFTERNOON WORK; salary $4. Address C 236, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITER—AND GIRL—FOR GENERAL office work; must begin cheap; good chance for advancement. D. Land Syndicate, Room 17, 155 Washington-st.

YOUNG LADY—OPERATOR ON REMINGTON machine, who can translate and write the Spanish language; state age, reference, and salary required. Address S R 72, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

ADDRESSERS—5 GIRLS FOR GOOD S. SIDE positions; $6. 402 Ft. Dearborn Bldg.

ANY YOUNG WOMAN WHO WOULD LIKE TO correspond for newspapers; good pay; experience unnecessary. Address Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

GIRLS—AUTOMATIC WOVEN WIRE MATtress weavers. Call 79 Forquer-st.

GIRLS—TO WORK IN INCANDESCENT MANtle factory. Apply 68-70 Wabash-av., 5th floor.

GIRLS—FOR SHOP WORK.
10 Oak-st.

LADY SOLICITORS—FOR THE CENTURY CORseta and toilet articles; big money. 394 E. 55th-st., Room 2.

LADY DEMONSTRATOR—$10 PER WEEK guaranteed. Call Monday, 10 a. m., Midland Hotel, 167-169 Madison-st.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

LADY SOLICITORS—FOUR, EXPERIENCED, to travel; salary and expenses; call on business men only. Room 707, 171 Washington.

LADY—YOUNG; TO DO GENERAL OFFICE work; good penman. 1008, 162 Washington-st.

MILLINERY MAKERS AND DRAPERS—EXperienced. Dept. M, GAGE BROS. & CO.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED, FOR WOMen's and children's shoes. Apply Superintendent, THE FAIR.

SALESLADY—WHO HAS HAD EXPERIENCE in large candy store; references required. HUYLER'S, 156 State-st.

SOLICITORS — LADIES; EXPERIENCED; grand opportunity for 6 weeks; good pay. Address C 246, Tribune office.

STATE MANAGER—TO ENGAGE SOLICITORS; must have $150. Address X 121, Tribune office.

TELEGRAPH OPERATOR — SINGLE, YOUNG lady; one perfers to leave city. Address C 304, Tribune office.

WAITRESSES—EXPERIENCED, GOOD WAGES, railroad fare paid, employ year round. Address C. H. STRATHOF, Kramer, Ind.

30 LADIES TO TAKE ORDERS IN CITY FOR breakfast food; no delivering; no collecting. Apply at 2124-2126 Michigan-blvd., between 11 and 1, and ask for H. W. FLINT.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHER—REM., N. SIDE.....$12
Stenographer, central location 12
Stenographer, Rem. or Smith-Premier 10
Stenographer and general office 10
Stenographer, competent 12
Stenographer and some knowledge of books.. 9
Stenographer, exp. 9
Stenographer, good writer $12, 15
Bookkeeper and stenographer 10
Typewriter operators, S.-P., Rem., or Oliver.. 6
Addressers 6
Factory work ..... $5 to 5
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
184 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 324 Dearborn-st.

STENO. AND GRAPHOPHONE OPER.....$15
Stenographer and bookkeeper 12
Stenographer, south side 12
Bookkeeper and cashier 12
Typewriter bill clerk 10
Typewriters, three ..... $6 to 10
Stenographers, several ..... $6 to 10
Merchants' Clerical Exch., 740 Stock Exch. Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—COMPETENT $18
Stenographers, rapid with notes 15
Bookkeeper and stenographer 15
Stenographer, Rem. operator 12
Stenographer, Bar Lock operator 12
Stenographer, French and German 12
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

STENOGRAPHERS—COMPETENT, FOR TEMporary and permanent positions. The Smith Premier Typewriting Co., 205 Wabash-av.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY is not an "employment agency," but a reputable, reliable firm which makes a SPECIALTY of finding the right place for every one who applies.
1007 JOURNAL BLDG., 160 Washington-st.

ANY WELL REFERENCED DOMESTIC CAN secure a desirable and good paying position by calling at our office at once; our bureau is established for the purpose of giving worthy women work in reliable homes.
Home Science Bureau, Room 314, 115 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—COOK AND SECOND girl. 197 41st-st. Tel. Blue 748.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DOCTOR McGRATH. DOCTOR McGRATH.
THE LADIES' PHYSICIAN.
SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF WOMEN.
The doctor can be consulted in strict privacy at his cozy office from 9:30 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1.
All letters carefully answered.
78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32.
Over Krans's Candy store, opp. Marshall Field's.

THE LAKE SANITARIUM.
FOR LADIES EXCLUSIVELY.
SKILLED treatment of all diseases and complications of women; RAPID and painless relief guaranteed in every case undertaken; lady physician in attendance during confinement; strictly private; CONSULTATION FREE. Correspondence especially solicited from out of town patients, whom we meet at train with private conveyance. WILL reply by return mail. REMEMBER, there is no fee required till results are satisfactory. NO OTHER LEGALLY QUALIFIED SPECIALIST WILL MAKE SO LIBERAL AN OFFER. Infants cared for or adopted.
CUT THIS AD. OUT AND WRITE OR CALL FOR VISIT AT ONCE.
Hours: 9:30 to 6. Sunday, 10 to 1.
LAKE SANITARIUM, Room 307,
99 Madison-st., corner Dearborn-st.

THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST.
THE GREAT WOMEN'S SPECIALIST.
DR. W. F. BRINEY.
Phone Loomis 1071. Hours, 9—5; Sunday, 10—1.
Ladies—If sick, worried, and discouraged, hopeless and despondent, from any cause, don't become reckless. Don't give up. Dr. Briney has saved more women to a healthy, purer, and better life than all the other doctors in the city combined. Wonderfully successful and skilled in treatment of all diseases and complications peculiar to women, his brilliant reputation unclouded by a single failure in his inspires with hope who consult him and never disappoints. He absolutely guarantees every case undertaken. Come and be examined. Only a diagnosis that will forever set at rest the tormenting uncertainty of your mind. The blessed hour of relief will come like magic under the skill of this specialist. Don't wait. Come and be cured, or obstinate the case. Patients from out of town have all the privileges of his private sanitarium extended free to them, or they can return home the same day.
Write for booklet, terms, etc. Help extended to the unfortunate. Free advice to all. His greatest successes treating obstinate, long standing, abnormal suppressions, delayed periods, etc. Come and be convinced. Free consultation and examination.

RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM—FOR LADIES in need of personal treatment and care. We positively treat and cure all private diseases and IRREGULARITIES, no matter what form or gravity. Speedy and PAINLESS relief in all cases without operation, pain, or danger; lady physician in attendance. Especial attention to cases undergoing confinement. PRICES TO SUIT ALL CLASSES. REMEMBER, we ask no fee until RESULTS are satisfactory. We do not dealing in powders, pills, or regulators. We devote our time to patients in need of personal care. Special attention to the unfortunate before and during confinement. Infants adopted. If others fail to cure or give relief, call on us. WE HAVE HAD ESTABLISHED HERE FOR 28 YEARS and are owners of the sanitarium we occupy. We don't take your money and send you to furnished rooms to await your confinement. We take you direct to our SANITARIUM. Reference can be furnished to this effect. Special attention to out of town patients. Don't be misled. REMEMBER RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM. Office 99 E. Madison, cor. Dearborn, 4th floor, R. 407.

DR. E. J. DENNIS. DR. E. J. DENNIS.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
1115 MASONIC TEMPLE.
SKILLFUL AND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by improved and painless methods. Prompt relief guaranteed in every case undertaken. PAINLESS OPERATION. PAIN, OR DANGER. Consultation and advice free. Special attention before and during confinement. Infants adopted. One of our own nurses remains all out of town patients and conducts them to our own private home. If you cannot call, write to me.
And see the patient personally. Lady physician always in attendance day and night at my private sanitarium. If too poor to pay ordinary fees, CALL ON ME. NO CURE, NO PAY. Failure to relief CALL ON ME. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

FOR WOMEN—DR. NORTON'S (30 YEARS A woman's doctor) new discovery, Silver Moon Tablets. The latest, greatest boon to suffering women. A harmless vegetable remedy for any irregularity, obstruction, or female complaint. Thousands of women have written thanks after receiving relief from one bottle of Silver Moon Tablets. Or, if you prefer, we will send postpaid in plain sealed package for $1. NORTON MEDICINE CO., 258 Franklin-st., Chicago.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR AN OBSTINATE case old Dr. Jackson's Compound Concentrated Lotion fails to relieve in 3 days. Don't be discouraged come or write for testimonials; vegetable; safe cure and certain; ideal home treatment; no operations; no exposure; no pain and danger; no loss of work. DR. JACKSON R. CO.,
Dept. A, 609 167 Dearborn-st.

NERVOUS PERSONS CAN HAVE THEIR teeth filled and otherwise treated without pain by means of electro therapeutics and otherwise. GRANT ROBERTS, D. D. S., Lincoln and Racine-avs., Diversey-blvd. cars 1, 2, and 3; high class refs.; 15 years' experience.

DR. GREENE'S NERVE TABLETS CURE NERvous Debility, Lost Vitality, and all Nervous Diseases; two weeks' treatment, $1; sent postage prepaid or obtained at his office.
DR. F. A. GREENE, 89 E. Madison-st.

MRS. HOW 325 S. ROBEY-ST., NEAR 12TH; graduate obstetrician; private home for ladies before and during confinement; perfect seclusion; adoption free; resident specialist physician; private female trouble by physicians only. Phone Canal 1078.

IRENE SANITARIUM—
For confinement cases; adoption free; female diseases treated by regular specialist physician; examination free. 3 to 5. Office, 146 State-st.

3301 S. HALSTED-ST. COR. 33D—STRICTLY private home for ladies before and during confinement; expert in obstetrical cases; consultation free. Telephone South 1020.

MRS. DIETRICH, 626 WELLS-ST.—GRADUATE University of Leipsic; private home for ladies before and during confinement; best care in all cases; skillful physician; 9 years' experience.

MRS. HORTA FAUSTMAN, 494 N. CLARK-ST.—Regular graduate of obstetrics; all difficult cases; day and night; instruction given in all delicate cases before confinement. Phone Scammon 1259.

DR. VON SCHULTZ, 460 N. CLARK, NEAR DIvision—Regular graduate and expert in obstetrics, female complaints, irregularities, etc.; 25 years' exp. Ladies in trouble, call or write.

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST., OLD GRADUate physician; 30 years' practice; SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF WOMEN; home for confinement cases; advice free; success guaranteed; hrs. 8 to 5.

MRS. JANNEY, 2509 WABASH-AV.—PRIVATE home for ladies before, during confinement; best care all cases; skillful physicians; infants adopted.

DRUGS KILL, BUT NATURE CURES ALL "Long Standing Diseases" when everything fails. Dr. Rothschild's Kneipp Sanitarium, 2011 Wab.-av.

LADIES TREATED SUCCESSFULLY, $5. DR. HASENCLEVER, 110 La Salle-st., R. 54-58.

CONFINEMENT CASES TAKEN FREE AND private. National hospital, 533 Wells-st.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 138-137 Wabash-av., auctioneers, sell at auction every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, goods. Tel. 2109 Cen.

PARTNERS WANTED.

MARVELOUS OPPORTUNITY FOR MAKING money in grain and stocks; professional operator proposes to double your capital for part wages of profits; investigation solicited. D 496, Tribune.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3091 LAKE-AV.—APARTMENTS WITH BOARD; first class in every particular; close to Madison park station, L. C., Kenwood; also rooms for artist studios.

3082 MICHIGAN-AV.—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, with board; detached res. 'Phone 4091 Calumet; refs.

2911 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS, WITH GOOD board, by day or week.

2902 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS EN SUITE AND single; best board; private residence.

4349 ELLIS-AV.—HANDSOME CORNER HOUSE; board for refined people. Gray 3203.

2940 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD; single, suite; all conveniences. Phone Green 1723.

2937 LAKE-AV.—LARGE ROOMS, WITH board; steam heat, ill. Cent. tel.

3716 WASHINGTON-AV.—ROOMS, SINGLE OR en suite, with board; fine building.

3916 LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD-AV.—ROOMS, with board.

1506 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms; first class table board; references.

3525 GRAND-BLVD.—FRONT ROOMS WITH board; all conveniences. Phone 3586 Gray.

4011 DREXEL-BLVD.—ROOMS, WITH BOARD; fine location; day boarders wanted; reasonable.

5724 WASHINGTON-AV.—CHOICE ROOMS, with board.

North Side.

22 WISCONSIN-ST.—AN IDEALLY LOCATED home for refined people; cool, shady; overlooking Lincoln Park; preferable to country or resorts; 15 min. to business; charming rooms; every comfort; good food; beautiful smoking and billiard rooms; especially low summer rates; transients solicited.

MAISON DU NORD, 16 ASTOR-ST., NEAR THE lake and Division-st.—Handsome, convenient, and homelike; room with board, $5 to $9 per week.

306 OHIO-ST.—ROOMS, WITH EXCELLENT board; all conveniences; walking distance; reasonable.

637 FULLERTON-AV., 2D FLAT—NICELY FURnished room and board; private family; nr. N. W. L.

426 CENTER-ST., NEAR CLARK—SUITE TWO rooms and lavatory; good board; few doors from Lincoln park.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—FINE ROOMS, GOOD board, and moderate rates.

387 LA SALLE-AV. — FINE ROOMS, WITH board; detached residence; first class only; refs.

226 DEARBORN-AV.—PLEASANTLY FURnished single rooms; good board.

245 DEARBORN-AV. — NEWLY DECORATED front rooms; produce direct from the country.

TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY ON OAKst., near Rush. Address C 378, Tribune office.

654 LA SALLE-AV.—HANDSOME ROOMS FOR one and two; excellent board.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—JUST REMODeled; four additional buildings to our residential hotel; modern conveniences; all newly furnished in the Mission style; an ideal home; parlors; grand dining room; single or double rooms and suites; front or lake view; TABLE UNSURPASSED; choice located, big lawns; tennis ground with our property; two blocks cable; ½ block Ill. Cent. R. R.; reference. Tel. 1297 Oakland.

THE ONTARIO HOTEL,
Cor. Ontario and La Salle-sts.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
10 minutes' walk from the noise and heat of the business part of the city. Pleasant, light, cool rooms, with and without baths; excellent table; electric cars pass the door.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finely located; newly and completely furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; rooms with private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COMB, Props., formerly with the Auditorium.

HOTEL BARTEAU, 3800 LAKE-AV., OVERlooking lake—Without exception the best located hotel on S. Side; newly furnished throughout in the most modern style; an ideal home; always cool; elevator service, parlors, reading rooms, good substantial home cooking; our chef formerly of Grand Pacific; 15 minutes' ride to the loop; rates by week or month.

HOTEL WYCKMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—Fine location; 150 elegantly furnished outside rooms; all modern conveniences; reasonable rates. MRS. YORK, Manager.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. I. C., electric lines; steam, baths. Tel. Oak. 656. American or European.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 523 AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes to city. Telephone Oakland 192.

EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—American and European plan; suites of 2 and 3; also single; private bath; fireproof. Tel. 1038 South.

THE ARLINGTON, 247 DEARBORN-AV.—DEsirable large rooms, single or en suite; hot and cold water; excellent table;

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LONG'S REAL ESTATE "BARgain counter."
5634 Calumet-av., 2 story and basement brick house and lot, 30x90; foreclosure; only $3,400 buys.
7207 St. Lawrence-av., 2 story and basemt. brick house and lot, 17 ft. front; only $2,100.98.
Lots, each 25x125, Wash.-blvd., between 45th and 46th; only $899.98 each, if you take "bunch."
25x171, Avers-av., near W. Lake-st.; $649.98.
66 2-3x124, Center-av., near 52d; $1,499.98.
J. C. LONG, 410, 189 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—EXCELLENT INVESTMENT IN downtown district, showing good revenue; also vacant, centrally located, for manufacturing and warehouse purposes. A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN; 660X66 FT., C. & W. I. R. R., 43d and 44th-sts; $11,000; suitable for coal, lumber, or side track.
E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WE WILL BUY YOU A HOME in S. Side Northern Interest.
Guarantee Home Fur. Co., 225 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN, WABASH-AV., CORner N. 12th-st.; old imp.; rents $2,000; price $50,000. Address L 9 255, Tribune office.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—$6,000.
3 FLAT BUILDING, WABASH-AV.
2 story and cellar, 12 room, pressed brick front house, rents for $714.000, and occupied by the late Sofus Brintnall. Prem. Drovers' Nat. Bank; finished in cherry and pine bookcases; 5 mantels, 4 waterlies, and in first class condition; lot 20x186 ft.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—LAST OF SEVEN PINE HOMES. 3137 MADISON-AV., HYDE PARK.
New and strictly modern 12-room stone residence; hot water heat; hardwood throughout; never occupied; choice location; express trains; university and parks; $18,000; TERMS; OPEN; SEE IT and MAKE OFFER.
C. H. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM STONE HOUSE, LOT 25X100, value $6,500; sell for $3,500 if sold at once; 42d-st., near Langley-av. 1717 Washington-av., 8 flat, rents $819; sell for $1,800; to be quick. 10 room new residence in Woodlawn, 40x120, if sold in next few days $6,500. MUSSENDEN, Owner, 132 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 55TH-ST., 7 feet front, 2 story and basement brick.....$12
Washington-av., near 54th-st., 50 feet.....$115
Washington-av., cor. 10th-st., near 55d, bargain.....$150
Prairie-av., cor. 50 feet, 2 story.....$150
Grand-blvd., 50 feet, near 47th.....$250
KINNEY & STANDISH, 165 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN RESIDENCES.
Also bargains of houses for sale in Hyde Park now ready. Call or send for same.
DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE APARTMENT BLDG., FOUR story, 50x75 ft., delightful location on South Side; grand view of the lake; easy of access; $45,000; $15,000 can remain on good property.
MATSON HILL, 414, No. 205 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$160 BUYS 28X160 FT. ON MICH.-av., near 45th-st., if sold now; worth $200 today's prices and always is; on Ingleside-av., north of 45th-st.; all clear and very choice. GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN—THE CHEAPEST and best lot on and also inside the park; 2 or 3 remarkably low.
JAS. G. BARSALOUX.
Tel. 1336 Oak.

FOR SALE—ENGLEWOOD—
3 FLAT BUILDING FOR $3,500.
Rents for $36 per month.
AN UNDOUBTED BARGAIN.
F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—96TH, NEAR WALLACE-ST., apartment building; rental $2,250 per year; lot 50x125; price $16,500.
RISSER & MATHEY, 3971 Cottage Grove. Tel. 1336 Oak.

FOR SALE—GRAND-BLVD., N. W. CORNER 42d-st., 100x150 ft. to alley; at a bargain if taken soon; make offer for the whole or part. OWNER, 3502 Indiana-av. Tel. Douglas 2419.

FOR SALE—A HOME IS GUARANTEED WITHin eleven months by taking out a contract with the American Home Assurance Co., 203-204 Manhattan bldg.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—4 STORY 7-8 ROOM apt. bldg., ill. Cent., $9,000; equity $4,500; net 20 per cent on money. Address B R 50, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—WABASH-AV., NEAR 30TH, A brick house of 10 rooms; lot 24x110; $4,500 for quick sale. H. DE YOUNG & CO., Suite 40, 97 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—59TH-ST., 925, 2 STORY FRAME flat building; 5-5; rents $600; worth $7,000.
Stanton-av. lots, cor. 49th, $1,000.
H. W. CHRISTIAN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE — ELEGANT 7-STORY STONE front 60 room res. building, $150,000; $50,000 cash; for immediate sale will take half trade. TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—67TH, NEAR WALLACE-ST., modern 6 flat, brick, stone front; rental $2,100 per year; mortg. $16,000; $6,500 for equity; snap.
J. SHORLEY, 3971 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—WOODLAWN—THE BEST 10-ROOM house in Chicago for the money; everything else cheap; fine location. A GREAT SNAP. JAS. G. BARSALOUX. 272 E. 63d-st. Tel. 1336 Oak.

FOR SALE — 4104 DREXEL-BLVD., 10 ROOM brick house, hardwood finish, reception hall, etc. Address 509 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—FOR FOREIGNERS' SOC; cheap. Address C 216, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—AT A GREAT BARGAIN; 4011 Drexel-blvd., 9 brick res.; only $5,750; cash.
WATTLES & BARTLETT, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE APARTMENT BUILDING; price $150,000; would take half in good North Shore acres. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington.

FOR SALE—BUY A HOME OR THE BOULEvard or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—25 FT. ON VINCENNES-AV., NEAR 94th-st.; only lot taken this week. Address R R 508, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD DETACHED HOME. 10 rooms, stone front, thoroughly modern; cheap. Address A 248, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FOR HOME PROPERTY ON THE finest streets and boulevards call on EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE & CO., Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

FOR SALE—4816 LANGLEY-A.V., 10 ROOM modern house; $9,000; $2,000 cash.
L. M. COY, 1417 Unity Bldg.

FOR SALE—NEW HOMES AND VACANT LOTS.
P. D. DIAMOND, 1713 W. 63d-st., with Milwaukee-av. cable. Tel. Hyde Park 1410.

FOR SALE—DEARBORN, NR. 21ST, GOOD 12 r. house; will be sold cheap; only $1,000 required. Apply to DAVIS & HALL, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$7,000; 7 ROOMS; MODERN; STONE front, hardwood, furnace; Alley L; $4,750; little cash; monthly payments. BROWN, 5 Langley-pl.

FOR SALE — DREXEL-BLVD., S. OF 45TH—elegant detached house; fine surroundings; $47,500. HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—$50 OAKWOOD-BLVD., STRICTLY modern 2 flat bldg.; full com. to brokers. Owner at 3224.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—W. HARRISON-ST., NEAR ST. Louis-av., 8 story stone front residence, $5,000. W. Congress-st., near Leavitt, 2 story stone front flat bldg.; a bargain; $5,500.
H. W. CHRISTIAN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—IRVING PARK, MODERN, NEARby new 4-car line; 7 rooms; bath; furnace, hot water, sewer, gas; fifty feet; built for own use; owner must be quick, get bargain. Address C 872, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE—WANT AN OFFER.
339 Adams-st.; extra choice condition; immediate possession. Owner, 177 La Salle-st., Room 6.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—BRICK HOUSE ON Irving-av., 7 rooms and cellar; $2,700; lot 50x 154. Lot on Irving-av., 50x154, $1,000.
H. W. CHRISTIAN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST. CORNER ST. LOUIS-av. half or all of 55 foot corner lot.
HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$6,000 BUYS—WORTH $8,000, for quick sale $3,750. Lot 24x100. Pays 15 per cent net on inv't. BADEAUX, 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN STONE FRONT FLAT building, Lake and Garfield parks.
JOHN T. O'CONNELL, 88 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL STONE FRONT TWO flat building; positively the best constructed and most modern for the price.
SIX AND SEVEN ROOMS.
Oak finish, consoles, mantels, iceboxes, gas ranges, hot air furnaces, all modern fixtures in bathrooms and vestibules; 8 foot basements with plastered ceilings; will bear thorough inspection.
LOT 24X166.
Perfect light in every room; two blocks to N. W. R. R.; 20 minutes to Wells-st. depot; also convenient connection with N. W. elevated.
LOCATION—N. Paulina-st., near Edgewater-pl. (the highest point in Lake View); take N. Clark-st. electric car [5c fare] to Thome-av., walk one block west.
C. H. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—IN BUENA PARK, 14 ROOM NEW brick residence, thoroughly built, complete in every respect; 140x125, corner lot; splendid lake view; and also vacant lot on same street; all at most reasonable prices. C. H. BOLSTER, 45 Buena Terrace, or 7 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, 2 BATHS, modern; 205 Winthrop-av.; 2 blocks from terminus elevated.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE NORTH SHORE home, Lincoln Edgewater. WHITE & TABOR, 132 La Salle, and n. w. cor. Foster and Clark.

FOR SALE—FINE LOT, WOLFRAM-ST., $300; bargain. Address OWNER, 4548 Ellis-av. Phone Oakland 1245.

FOR SALE—HOME IN RAVENSWOOD—MODern house; large lot; will make any kind of a deal on fair valuation. Address C 502, Tribune office.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A HANDSOME 2 FLAT BUILDING; steam heat, hardwood finish; bathroom and kitchen tiled; terms $1,500 cash and $30 monthly payments. Take Metropolitan L to Logan-sq., walk 1 blk. to 108 Catalpa-pl.; owner on premises.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE — AT WAUKESHA, WIS., BRICK dwelling house with buildings and adjacent lands, about 90 acres, including fine grove, known as Sanger Place, in beautiful eastern portion of Waukesha City, suitable for private residence or sanitarium; will divide. Address CARY, UPHAM & BLACK, Wells Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis.

REAL ESTATE—OTHER CITIES.

FOR SALE—
SOME REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.
If interested in any of the following properties, write at once for full particulars. If you buy a property through me, and at any time within two years you should decide that it is not just what you want, I will resell it for you, charging no commission for my services.
109 A. and impts., Hampshire Co., W. Va.
Res. and 4 A., Middletown, Conn.; 18 rooms, all conveniences; 3 miles to R. R.
Mfg. site on P. R. R., Columbiana, O.
10 A. fruit land, Sacramento Co., Cal.
8 good bldg. lots on Irving Park-blvd. and N. Troy-av., Chicago, Ill.
72 A. and impts., Montgomery Co., Pa.; contains five excellent building sites; fine spring; on N. Y. division of P. and R. Ry.; 2 miles from Jenkintown.
Stock and fruit farm of 305 A. and impts., Gallia and Lawrence Cos., O.
871 A. and impts., San Luis Obispo Co., Cal.; fine, rich soil; 15 A. walnut orchard; lake 19 A.
125 A. and impts., Decatur Co., Ga.; 80 A. cultivated; balance woodland; fine location.
50 A. and impts., Duval Co., Fla.; large orchard; healthful and convenient location.
Ranch 2,950 A., Russell Co., Kas. Fine bldgs.; 700 A. cultivated; partly fenced; 4 miles from R. R.; fine investment.
80 A. and impts., Republic Co., Kas.
10 bldg. lots, Mt. Clemens, Mich.
100 A. and impts., Sussex Co., Del.
238 A., Bond Co., Ill.; excellent bldgs.; 40 A. orchard; all tillable.
6 houses and lots, N. E., Washington, D. C.
Well located bldg. lot, Erie, Pa.
1,440 A. and impts., Clark Co., S. D.; 3 houses, good barn, large spring.
Res. and 5 A., Fair Haven, Vt.; 16 rooms; impts., ¼ mile to R. R.
Modern 10 room brick res. and 2 lots, Newburgh, N. Y.; fine location.
4230 A. and impts., Montgomery Co., Ala.
2½ A. bldg. site, Palos Park, Ill.
10 A. and impts., Hillsborough Co., Fla.; 10 A. timber; 3 miles to R. R.
160 A., San Benito Co., Cal.
Double house and lot, Patterson, Pa.
10 A. and impts., Pasco Co., Fla.
10 A. poultry farm, impts., live stock, and imple., Pasco Co., Fla.
10 room res. and 3 lots, Laramie, Wyo.; modern impts.; good location.
20 A. and impts., New Washington Co., Ind.
13 room res., Salisbury Center, N. Y.
Well located bus. bldg., Windom, Minn.
Modern 12 room house and 9 A., Chatham, Conn.; shade and fruit.
Fine three story brick bus. bldg. and lot, Kansas City, Mo.; elevator, impts., well located; good investment.
400 A. and impts., Camden Co., Ga.
500 A., Martin Co., N. C.; fair bldgs.; 100 A. timber; 5 miles to R. R.
96 A. and impts., Litchfield Co., Minn.
101 A. and impts., Amite Co., Miss.
40 A. and impts., Jefferson Co., Colo.
90 A., Ogle Co., Ill.; fair house; good barn; orchard; all tillable.
520 A., Rockingham Co., N. C.; fair house; orchard; 300 A. timber.
Res., store, and lot, Berlin, Conn.
Stock and poultry farm of 306 A. and impts., Shenandoah Co., Va.
160 A. and impts., Graves Co., Ky.; all tillable; 6 miles to R. R.
5 A. orchard, Los Angeles, Cal.
Modern brick res. and lot, Buffalo, N. Y.; 15 rooms; shade and fruit.
160 A. land, Kingman Co., Kas.
109 A. and impts., Limestone Co., Tex.
176 A. and impts., Pasco Co., Fla.; high elevation; fine hotel site; near R. R.
Fine timber land, Nacogdoches Co., Tex.; fine prospects of oil.
192 A., Middlesex Co., N. J.; excellent house; good barn; near R. R. station.
314 A., Pocohontas Co., W. Va.; good house; fair barn; 120 A. timber.
Modern hotel, cottage, and 3 A., Great Barrington, Mass.; 27 rooms; near R. R.
150 A. and impts., Marion Co., Ill.
Stock and grain farm of 200 A. and impts., Fauquier Co., Va.
Cottage and 3 lots, Ferry, Miss.
Furniture, res. and lot, Clarons, Kas.; 10 rooms; modern impts.; convenient to R. R.
100 A., Riverside Co., Cal.; fair bldgs.; 4 A. vineyard; near R. R.
4 lots, Eldred's resub. div., Jefferson, Chicago, Ill.
50 A., mostly timber, Walker Co., Ga.
163 A., Jackson Co., Ill.; fair bldgs.; 30 A. timber; near R. R.
Res. and 5 A., Scottsburg, Va.
Dairy and fruit farm of 169 A. and impts., Laporte Co., Ind.
106 A., Delaware Co., Pa.; good bldgs.; two orchards; suitable for truck farm.
5,000 A. fine timber land, Franklin Co., Tenn.; 4½ miles to R. R.
190 A. and impts., Dist., Assinaboia, Can.
25 A. and impts., Hennepin Co., Minn.
1,237 A. and impts., Green Co., Miss.
10 A. and 40 lots, South Haven, Mich.
365 A., impts., and live stock, Marion Co., Ore.; 167 A. under cultivation.
Fine bldg. site, Harrison, Ohio. Valuable for hotel or mfg. purposes.
225 A., Benton Co., Ia.; good bldgs.; orchard; 1½ miles to R. R.
15 A. clay property and impts., Campbell Co., Va.; near R. R.
Modern 10 room res. and lot, Plainfield, N. J.; convenient to R. R.
Bldg. site, New Orange, N. J.
56 A. and impts., Lake Co., Fla.
8 room res. and lot, Albion, Idaho.
12 bldg. lots, Sunset Park, Staten Island, Point, Farnham, N. Y.; 1,800 feet water frontage.
Summer res. and 10 a., Rye, N. H.; 16 rooms; fine location.
3 well located lots, Prescott, Ariz.
2,000 a., Trail Co., N. D.; 24 bldgs., in excellent condition; all tillable; fine state of cultivation; good location; 5 miles to R. R.
120 a. and impts., Perry Co., Ind.
Store, and 4 lots, Sarnia, Mich.
Modern 7 room frame res. and lot, E. Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, O.
40 A. timber, pro. property, Marion Co., Fla.
225 a. and impts., Amador Co., Cal.; 115 a. timber; well watered.
12 room res. and lot, Medina, Ohio.
11 lots, Underwood's Add., St. Paul, Minn.
Modern res. and 2 lots, Kankakee, Ill.; stable, shade, and fruit trees.
40 a. and impts., Taylor Co., Wis.
10 a. orange grove and impts., Volusia Co., Fla.
10 a. orange grove, Volusia Co., Fla.
22 a. and impts., Athkin Co., Minn.
One bldg. lot, Norfolk, Va.
40 a., San Luis, Obispo Co., Cal.
1 bldg. lot in Huntington, W. Va.
20 a. fruit farm, Los Angeles Co., Cal.; small bldgs.; near R. R.
640 a. grain farm and impts., near Northville, Spink Co., S. D.
320 a. and impts., Decatur Co., Ga.
2,880 a. timber land, Catahoula Parish, La.; good farming land when cleared.
Dairy farm of 62 A. and impts., Allegany Co., N. Y.; 3½ mi. to R. R.
113 a. and impts., Goochland Co., Va.
29 lots, Esmeralda Co., Nev.; 2 good houses; excellent barn; 18 a. orchard.
135 a., Ulster Co., N. Y.; fair bldgs.; orchard; 1¼ mi. to R. R.
8 room cottage and lot, Peconic, N. Y.
119 a. and impts., Wyoming Co., Pa.
10 room house, Troy, Tenn.
103 a., impts., stock and farm imple., Portage Co., O.; 65 a. cultivated.
2 bldg. lots, Minneapolis, Minn.
Modern 10 room res., Cranford, N. J.
40 a. and impts., Berkshire Co., Mass.
200 a. and impts., Decatur Co., Kan.
Modern res. and lot, Ravenswood, Chicago, Ill.; 10 rooms; 3 baths; 50 ft. front.
Modern summer res. and 65 a., Jackson, N. H.; ideal location for hotel.
4 bldg. lots, St. Augustine, Fla.
91 a. and impts., Hancock Co., Ill.
2 bldg. lots, La Porte, Ind.
157 a., crops, implements, stock, and impts., Sullivan Co., Ind.
Furnished res., Washington, D. C.; 9 rooms; modern impts.; shade and fruit trees.
15 a. and impts., Lancaster Co., Pa.
23 a. and impts., Clay Co., Fla.
Frame res. and 4 a., Newfield, N. J.
20 a. and impts., Columbus Co., N. C.
Two seashore bldg. lots, Duxbury, Mass.
960 a. and impts., Phillips Co., Colo.
1,125 a. and impts., York Co., Va.; 600 a. timber; 7 orchards.
450 a. land, James City Co., Va.
385 a., James City Co., Va.
160 a. and impts., Randolph Co., Ill.; 140 a. under cultivation; near R. R.
Modern double tenement house and 1 a., Wilmington, Vt.; 17 rooms.
Modern 17 room house, Mystic, Conn.
Good bldg. lot, Pullman, Ill.
3 story brick bus. block, Ossining, N. Y.; in good repair; fine investment.
Modern 16 room house, Delaware, Ohio.
98 a., Montgomery Co., Pa.; stone bldgs.; 12 room house; near R. R. and trolley.
108 a. and impts., Franklin Co., Ga.
140 a. and impts., Windsor Co., Vt.
275 a. truck land, Chatham Co., Ga.
2½ A. bldg. lots, North Tonowanda, N. Y.
Fine location.
127 a. and impts., Van Zandt Co., Tex.
50 a. and impts., E. Feliciana Co., La.
300 a., Hartford Co., Md.; good bldgs.; 200 a. under cultivation.
WM. M. OSTRANDER, SUITE 1461, NORTH AMERICAN BLDG., PHILA.
BRANCH OFFICES: Commercial Cable Bldg., New York; Chamber of Commerce, Chicago; Pemberton Bldg., Boston; Commonwealth Trust Bldg., Louisville; Paul Bldg., Detroit; Life Bldg., Kansas City; N. Y. Life Bldg., Minneapolis; Pioneer Bldg., Seattle; Ernest Cranmer Bldg., Denver; Chas. Sonntag Bldg., San Francisco; Stimson Block, Los Angeles; Gould Bldg., Atlanta; Stockton-Budd Bldg., Jacksonville.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE PROPERTY—IF YOU want to buy a home, do not fail to visit Wilmette; 70 trains a day, time 24 to 30 minutes; elegant paved streets, fine school and churches, fine lake beach, deep lots, beautiful shade trees. Our list embraces all of the best bargains. See our agent at Wilmette office at Wilmette, corner northwestern depot. Open every afternoon and all day Sunday.
McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—ELMHURST—YORK-ST., NEAR depot, modern frame residence, 9 rooms; lot 75x190 ft.; $6,000.
Kenilworth-av., n. w. corner Church-st., 75 ft., $30 per foot.
GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., sole agents, 86 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LARGE CORNER QUARTER BLOCKS at MAYWOOD, $1,000 upwards; easy terms. Take Metropolitan L to Lake and Aurora, Elgin and Chicago electric and buy a lot before prices go up. F. E. BALLARD & CO., 24 Clark-st., R. 215. Branch office located on property.

FOR SALE—ON NORTH SHORE, NORTH OF Evanston, charming residence site; corner, 82x217; streets improved; $4,000. Overlooks lake and Sheridan-road; beautiful beach; handsome homes adjacent; shown free. JOHN WAIN, 84 Washington.

FOR SALE—IN BEAUTIFUL RIVER FOREST, an ideal home, large lot, trees, shrubbery, etc., 9 room house, hardwood floors, all conveniences; a bargain for equity in same; no trades; owner. Address C 245, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ATTRACTIVE SUBURBAN HOME, 12 rooms; hot water heat; shade and fruit trees; surrounded by first class improvements. 710 N. Seaville-st., Oak Park.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—SEVERAL MODERN houses, $3,000 to $6,000, central locations and below value. Also austin houses.
WEAGE & ROSE, 100 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—AT WEST GROSSDALE—A SNAP—6 room and bath cottage, furnace, mantel; 2 blocks from depot on Rubob-blvd. Inquire on premises.

FOR SALE—GREAT SALE OF LOTS AT MARlboro every week day in September. From train Central depot, 12:30 p. m. H. C. GIVINS & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 8 ROOM MOD. HOUSES, Longwood and Walden, on Rock Island, the 50 ft., natural shade, all imp., including gas, $3,500; payments if desired. Owner, 616, 164 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILL at Palos Park; $200 and up; altitude 150 feet; fare 12c.
MONSON & CO., 124 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

FOR SALE—WILMETTE HOMES—
$11,000—5 room cottage, large lot.
$2,800—6 room house, 50 foot lot.
$3,000—6 room, strictly modern, 50 foot lot.
$4,500—7 room house, lot 100x200; paved street; near depot.
$4,750—new 7 room house; choice location.
$5,000—new 8 room house.
$5,700—new 9 room house; hot water heat.
And a number of other houses; also large list of vacant lots at $12 to $40 a foot. Branch office at Wilmette, open every afternoon and all day Sunday.
McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—IDEAL SUBURBAN HOME, 12 rooms, modern conveniences, large grounds, fine shade, paved streets, good barn, two blocks from depot; Lake and Wilmette-avs., Wilmette; for 500; terms to suit; make an offer; it's worth $12,000; determined to sell immediately. Owner, W. E. DIBBLE, Wilmette.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
Out They Go!
Out They Go!
Out They Go!
Out They Go!
Out They Go!
Out They Go!
To North Dakota for corn farm lands; $3.50 to $9.50 per acre; excellent for stock and grain. Low carfare at our Chicago office, 205 Tacoma Bldg., cor. Madison and La Salle-sts., and Sundays to Excursions Aug. 25 and Sept. 1, 8, and 15. Crowds are going to the east of the FINEST HOMESTEADS and to buy our lands adjoining.
WM. H. BROWN & CO.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CLEAR 315 ACRE farm for clear income, account old age and sickness; $40,000, coal royalty alone investment; lies two miles north of this city, one mile north big coal mine, 4 in same line, and Chicago & Peach I. C. R. R.; opportunity for coal mines and town site; highly improved, rich level land, extra large new house, fine 8 room house, all other improvements; 60 acres young apple orchard, 50 acres corn, balance timothy meadow; no waste; wire fenced; front, prosperous farm. ED. B. LUFF, Centralia, Ill.

FOR SALE—GARDEN SPOT OF MISSOURI.
300 acres rich black soil from 7 to 20 feet deep, 2½ miles from R. R. station, 50 miles of St. Louis, hard pan unknown here; made 47 bu. wheat; will make 70 bu. corn per acre; well improved; price $65 an acre.
123 acres, 30 miles of St. Louis; fine as silk; price $60 an acre.
S. E. NEWHOUSE, Atty.,
1020-21 Fullerton Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL FRUIT FARM ON Lake Shore-drive, near Pier Cove; good buildings, bearing orchards; $2,500.
Also 11 acres, with bearing apple orchard, fronting Lake Michigan; creek, timber; $1,500. Rare bargains. Address C 236, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—LAKE CO. FARM, 50 ACRES; $8,000. Write for details. JAMES G. SMITH, 207 Madison-st., Waukegan, Ill.

FOR SALE—TWO RARE BARGAINS IN FRUIT farms this week; one on Lake Michigan. Please call. Michigan Land Co., 607, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — WRITE PRYOR, MONTAGUE, Mich., for list of farms in fruit belt; fine lakes.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—CLEAR RESIDENCE EAST OF State-st. equity $4,000; will exchange 4 flat bldg. along Alley "L," steam heated, cottage in rear; rental $1,140 per year; mtg. $5,000; will give good trade. Address C 194, Tribune office.

WANTED—IF YOU HAVE REAL ESTATE ON which you wish to realize quickly, consult auction department.
E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.,
108 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—IMPROVED CHICAGO REAL ESTATE in exchange for clear, legitimate company that is now producing and selling oil. Address R F 245, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH CUSTOMER, 2 OR 3 flat building north of Belmont-av., east of elevated; full particulars at once.
ALLAN & VAIL, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—SUBURBAN HOME; VALUED AT about $7,500, for which will give Kenwood home, brick, 11 rooms, same amount. REED & MORTON, 107 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE IMPROVED OR VACANT for equity in elegant new 6 flat bldg. on Indiana-av., near 47th; mtg. $12,500, 5 per cent; rent $3,200. Address S R 78, Tribune office.

WANTED—VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—GOOD FARM FOR EQUITY IN LA Salle-av. house; price $12,000; 6 per cent; commission to brokers. C 190, Tribune office.

WANTED—WHAT HAVE YOU CLEAR FOR equity north side 12 flat building; mortgage, $22,000, at 4½ per cent, 5 years? C 183, Tribune.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—ONE OF THE CHOICEST store and apartment buildings in the city; owner, a nonresident, is here and will exchange for Cook Co. acres; must be cash and assume reasonable incumbrance. W. L. DE WOLF & CO., 234 La Salle-st.

WANT SERIES OF QUICK EXCHANGES FOR profit for $3,000 holdings; highest commission to right man; full particulars to receive attention. Address S R 68, Tribune office.

WANTED—CLEAR LOT AND SOME CASH FOR my new steam heated 2 flat, modern; all hardwood finish. 114 Catalpa-st., Logan-sq.

WILL EXCHANGE LOTS AT COTTAGE GROVE and Forty-first-st. for horses until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on south and west sides. Lowest rates in city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.
L. F. HOPKINS & CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304.
555 LINCOLN-AV. (UPSTAIRS).
HUMBOLDT PARK—Nearly without equity, LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. WE OFFER UNPRECEDENTED LOW RATES. BEST TERMS. QUICKEST SERVICE. ABSOLUTE PRIVACY. Deal with an old and reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.
WE MEET ALL COMPETITION.
It will take only an interview to establish the truth of our statement. We solicit that interview.
FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
184 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR, CORNER CLARK.
301 W. 63D-ST. AND WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD.
ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

CHICAGO MUTUAL LOAN COMPANY,
100 WASHINGTON-ST., SUITE 901, 903.
Organized and established to make loans to those who need them.
THOSE IN DISTRESS COME TO US AND THEIR NEEDS ARE RELIEVED BY OUR advancing such sums as they require.
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, etc., without removal.
Advances made to married men and women WITHOUT MORTGAGE.
EASIEST TERMS. LOWEST RATES. QUICKEST SERVICE. ABSOLUTE PRIVACY. NO COMMISSION. CALL ON US. ASK FOR THE MANAGER.
CHICAGO MUTUAL LOAN COMPANY,
100 Washington-st., Suites 901, 903.
TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

LOANS—
MONEY ADVANCED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, FIXTURES, ETC.
Quick service, any amount required, as long time or short time as desired; the best and fairest terms ever offered are a few of the advantages of dealing with us.
CHICAGO DISCOUNT CO.,
167 DEARBORN-ST.,
corner Monroe, Room 806.

RELIANCE LOAN CO.,
100 Washington-st., Room 504.
SOUTH SIDE OFFICE,
47th-st., corner State-st.
WEST SIDE OFFICE,
667 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, etc. Property left in your possession. Our south and west side offices are open

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy..... 2 cents
Sunday, single copy..... 5 cents
Daily, per week..... 12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week..... 17 cents
Daily, per month..... 50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month..... 75 cents

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.
Postage paid in the United States (outside of Chicago city limits) and in Canada and Mexico.

Daily, without Sunday, one year..... $4.00
Daily, without Sunday, six months..... 2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months..... 1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months..... 1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month..... .50
Daily, with Sunday, one year..... 6.00
Daily, with Sunday, six months..... 3.00
Daily, with Sunday, three months..... 1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month..... .75
Sunday issue, one year..... 2.00
Sunday issue, one month..... .25

Give postoffice address in full, including county and state.
Remit by express, money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.

NEW YORK—164 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or telephone—Central 987. Where delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 18 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SOCIETY MEETINGS.

ASHLAR LODGE NO. 508, A. F. & A. M.—Special communication Friday, Aug. 29, 1 o'clock, for purpose of conducting funeral services over remains of our late brother, A. W. Hitchcock. Members of Ashlar Lodge will meet at his late residence, 6211 S. Horne-av., thence by carriages to Rosehill. By order GRIFFITH H. MORGAN, Master.
Attest: CARL H. TAFT, Secy.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1902.

Another Mesdag.

In common with all other American papers, as well as with the entire English, German, and French press, THE TRIBUNE was recently misled into the announcement of the death of Henrik Willem Mesdag, the famous Dutch artist, the most eminent of contemporary marine painters. The mistake in the announcement was made by a foreign news agency. The dead artist is Taco Mesdag, brother of Henrik, who was born in 1829, and who, like his famous brother, worked in his father's business house, and did not devote himself to painting until late in life. It is not given to many to read their obituaries and to ascertain the honest convictions of their contemporaries upon their work. If Henrik Willem Mesdag has read all the nice things that have been said of him as an artist he should be pleased with himself.

The Political Rights of Postmasters

The political rights of postmasters under the present administration have been defined by the acting postmaster general. He informs a postmaster who wishes to know how far political activity can be carried with safety that "you are not prohibited from joining a political club nor from making voluntary financial contributions outside of a government office or building, nor from acting as a delegate to a county, state, or congressional convention. You should not, however, serve as chairman of a state or county committee, or take active part in conducting a political convention, or make yourself prominent in local political matters."

The political liberty of the postmaster is not unduly restrained. All that is asked of him while in office is that he be not "active" or "prominent" in political affairs. Should he be ambitious to become "active" or "prominent" or feel it his duty to become so, it is easy for him to give up an office whose duties will be better performed by some man who is not eager to distinguish himself in politics. Probably most postmasters will find no fault with the regulations printed above. The men who will find fault with them will be the congressmen to whose influence postmasters owe their places, and who look to their protégés for extreme and unremitting political service. They wish every postmaster to be the center of political activity in his community—to be working all the time for the man who made him, and incidentally for the party.

FUTILE STATISTICAL REASONING.

Let a man invent perpetual motion; let him square the circle; let him abolish the saloon; but let him not try to prove anything by statistics. This is the melancholy lesson which Dr. Andrews' remarks on crime and celibacy seem finally to have illustrated. Not that Dr. Andrews himself may not have been right. Perhaps he was right. Who knows? Perhaps he was wrong. Who knows? It would be difficult to arrive at a conclusion either way. The warning about statistics is applicable not to him but to certain of his followers who have seized upon the Chicago police statistics for the first six months of this year and have proclaimed them as a convincing confirmation of Dr. Andrews' statement that celibacy promotes crime.

Let us see what those Chicago police statistics really mean. During the first six months of this year there were 31,512 arrests. Of these 31,512 it is set down that 10,045 were of people who were married and 21,467 of people who were not married. There you are! The case is proved. So far. But only so far. A little further investigation will furnish us with more light, or perhaps more darkness. Of the 31,512 persons who were arrested 1,703 were under 16, 4,608 were between 16 and 20, and 6,884 were between 20 and 25. Here are 13,345 people the vast majority of whom were not so old as Dr. Andrews thinks people entering upon matrimony should be. Now 13,345 makes a large hole in 21,467. Our sociologists do not want us to get married while we are young, and yet when we remain unmarried they charge our criminality to the fact that we have followed their advice. This, then, is the first point to be observed. A large number of the unmarried persons arrested were of an age when marriage is not to be thought of.

The second point is equally interesting. Of the total of 31,512 arrests, 18,863 were discharged. We are not told how many of the discharged were single and how many married. Further, of the 31,512 arrests 21,190 were for violation of city ordinances, that is, for offenses like hitching one's horse where you ought not to hitch it or letting one's chimney smoke when one ought not to let it smoke, offenses which, while they deserve punishment, are not exactly criminal. Of the remaining offenses 5,282 were state misdemeanors and 5,040 were felonies. But here is the difficulty. We are not told how many of these latter offenses were committed by spinsters and bachelors and how many by husbands and wives. The statistics are incomplete. It is impossible to draw any real conclusion from them.

Besides, since most offenders are comparatively youthful, how can one tell whether they are criminal because they are single or single because they are criminal? To go further, what does being criminal show, anyway? There are more men criminals than women criminals, and yet will anybody say that it is absolutely established that women do the world more good than men? The fact is that as far as any useful deduction is concerned the statistics on married criminals and unmarried criminals do not do us any real service. The ultimate lesson is somewhere deeper. The social, moral, religious, and economic meaning of marriage is not a matter of criminology.

LET THE DETAILS ALONE.

President Roosevelt has outlined in general terms his plan for dealing with the so-called trusts. It is that all corporations which do business in more than one state—which do an interstate business—shall be subject to the control of the national government, the control to be exercised with "moderation and self-restraint." He desires, first, legislation by which publicity as to the essential facts concerning corporations in which the public is interested may be secured. If the constitution does not permit needed legislation the president believes it should be amended so as to enable congress to legislate.

It has been said by persons not unfriendly to the president that he is not specific enough—that he does not say positively whether an amendment to the constitution will be needed and does not say, apart from his requirement as to "publicity," in what manner he would have congress exercise whatever control over great corporations it has now or may have in the future. One cannot justly reproach the president for not going into details. He has gone as far as it is prudent for a president to go. It is for the legislative body of the nation, if it shall agree with him as to the desirability of the exercise of a national control over trusts, to determine how far its power extends and the precise manner in which that power shall be exercised.

It is often quite inexpedient for a president to be too specific in his recommendations as to legislation. Congress has no mean opinion of its own wisdom. It does not relish advice as to the exact mode in which it shall legislate. The president may properly urge upon congress the desirability of dealing with the trust question upon the general lines he has indicated, but it is not expedient for him to go too much into details. For all that is known to the contrary, President Roosevelt may have a rough draft of the exact anti-trust legislation he would like to see enacted. If he has, he sensibly keeps it locked up.

THE BOERS AND THE KAFFIRS.

The Boers do not fear that the Transvaal is to become another Hayti, but they are alarmed about the Kaffirs. Conditions have changed in three years. Before the war began all the Boers were armed and the Kaffirs were not. Now the Boers have been disarmed or partially so at least, while many of the Kaffirs have firearms. The Boers allege that the British armed them during the war. Perhaps this was the case to some extent, or the Kaffirs may have got arms in other ways. However the arms were acquired, naturally the natives do not wish to give them up. To a savage who has had only spear and knife firearms are a priceless possession not to be surrendered if it can be avoided.

The natives have no love for the Boers—hereditary enemies who have ruled them with an iron hand. They were reasons for it. A comparatively small and scattered body of white men, surrounded by savage and warlike tribes, feel that their safety depends on rigid rules and merciless punishments. The methods of the Boers in dealing with the Kaffirs have shocked the English humanitarians, who have never tried the "put yourself in his place" experiment and do not know what it is to live in constant fear of a sudden outburst of Kaffir fury. Yet the humanitarians are not altogether in the wrong. The Boers have been shockingly cruel often in their dealings with the natives, whose proper state, in their opinion, is a state of slavery.

It is reported that the Boers who are returning to their farms are being attacked by Kaffirs. It is said also that the real object of movements of British troops in the Transvaal may be to quell disturbances among the Kaffirs. If the latter have arms it is not unlikely that they will use them. If the Boers have been stripped of weapons they will be at the mercy of the savages. The situation in some parts of south Africa may not be so alarming as Gen. Botha seems to consider it. He and other Boers may be unduly nervous, but their nervousness is natural. The Kaffirs have seen the Boers, whom they look on as their oppressors, vanquished by the British. Some of them may think they can do as they please henceforth.

The British officials have disarmed the Boers. It is for them to protect men whom they deprive of the means of protecting themselves. A failure to do this will put an end to the hope of conciliating the Boers.

THE DECLINE OF PERSONALISM.

"The impersonal element in social life" is the subject of editorial comment in the September number of Scribner's Magazine. The writer says it is a sociological commonplace that the personal element in human relationships tends to diminish in force proportionately to the increase of complexity in social life; that is, in these days of intricacy direct personal influence is a thing that men cannot exert over each other as they did when society was more simple. The ideas of a dominant man may be propagated, says the writer, and these may sway thousands, but over those with whom he comes in direct contact his influence is limited. "He can't lord it over his 'advanced wife,' nor over his modern children, nor over his modern servants. Everybody has personal rights and ambitions in these days, hence no man can be so interesting or so personally important as to compel others into any relationship with him into which they do not of their own accord freely enter."

Women, says this writer, might be called the special custodians of the personal element in social life, and they have always quarreled with Kant's dictum: "Be a person and treat every one else as a person." To their disposition to prefer generosity to justice and the spontaneous and intuitive to that which is bounded by rote and rule we owe three-fourths of the softness and poetry of existence. But nowadays the Kantian dictum means what it never meant before, and the better educated women have come to recognize it. "The impersonal element is clearly apparent in all the more abstruse ethical speculations of the hour, which lay stress on enlightened justice rather than on kindliness as the chief of virtues."

One cannot deny the truth of many of these statements or dispute the fact that the personal element must nowadays have limited play. But that it still has a strong individual influence it would be equally idle to deny, and one must share the author's fear that too much of the impersonal would lead one into the hard and dry line. Yet it is safe to say that as long as there are persons, and women who wish to be more than persons, we shall have the personal element, at least in certain phases of social life.

THE PARTY WHICH "DOES SOMETHING."

The Illinois populists have held a convention and nominated a state ticket. They have no thought of electing it, but they feel it their solemn duty to stand up and be counted. They feel it their duty, also, to put on record their scornful disapproval of the two regular parties. Their platform says—

We look on the republican party with its gold standard and its banking policy as our open enemy, with no intention of concealing its purpose. We look on the democratic party as a party of barter and sale, its principal object being to get office, with its history of fusion, broken promises, intrigue, and deceit, as the secret enemy of the populist party. While the republican party does something and raises hell, the democratic party raises hell and does nothing.

The populists who stooped to folly have found at last that democrats betray. The populists have been in partnership with the democrats for six years and have discovered that the senior partner has been cheating. Hence the peculiar bitterness of the remarks about the democracy. The populist-democrat firm has been dissolved.

The last sentence in the above extract—leaving out the "cuss words"—is a neat statement of the difference between the two great parties. It has been the part of the republicans to do things and of the democrats not to do things. It is true that since the republican party nominated its first presidential candidate in 1856 there have been democratic presidents for only twelve years, and hence the democrats have not had the same opportunity "to do something" the republicans have had. It was owing to the popular belief that the democrats, if in power, could do nothing to benefit the country that power was denied that party on so many occasions. The people feared it would not do something, or, if it did, would do something which ought not to be done.

NO MORE RUDE QUESTIONS.

The criticism, sometimes angry and sometimes amused, by Europeans who come as first cabin passengers to make a tour in this country of the peculiar questions asked them on their arrival has had an effect. The treasury officials have come to the conclusion that it is not in good taste to ask respectable foreign visitors whether they have ever been in jail or have $30 in their pockets. For once the remarks of foreigners about peculiar American custom house methods have been heeded.

The commissioner of immigration has sent a letter to the steamship companies, pointing out the fact that the law requires all information with regard to passengers to be ascertained by the companies and to be by them submitted in a "manifest" to the immigration authorities. "The laws do not prescribe the method," says Mr. Williams, "by which such information shall be obtained. It may be obtained by direct inquiry, by indirect inquiry, by hearsay, by observation, or by any other method that may seem to you most appropriate."

One can hardly doubt that if the steamship companies are left in charge of the matter they will get all necessary information without making a row and without hurting anybody's feelings. The private firm usually treats the public with deference. The decapped and bebuttoned official often treats it with insolence. If the steamship company has to report whether a passenger is or is not a polygamist, it will not say: "Now, own up. You're a polygamist, ain't you?" It will enter him as not being one. There will be an avoidance of impertinent manners and methods.

THE STREET CAR EMPLOYES.

The north and west side street railroad men have rejected the terms proposed by the president of the Union Traction company. A majority of them did not think the advance in wages was sufficient and voted accordingly. It may seem to outsiders that it would have been wiser for them to take what the company offered, but it is their affair and it is for them to decide.

The employés are to hold a meeting this evening to consider the next step to be taken. The conservatives favor a reference to arbitration of the questions in dispute between the company and its employés. There is an agreement entered into recently with the company which provides for the settlement of all disputes in that way. The radicals wish to repudiate the agreement and have a strike. It is a waste of breath to talk to these men of the inconvenience and injury of a strike to the public. They know without being told what the effect on the public will be. They rely on that effect to bring the company to terms speedily. Otherwise, they would not venture to go on a strike without a strike fund and with no expectation of outside aid. The men who wish to strike reason that after a few days of walking the north and west siders will unite in a demand upon the company that it yield to the strikers whether they are in the right or in the wrong.

North and west siders must pray that the conservatives will outnumber the radicals. Nothing as yet indicates that they will not. The rejection of the company's proposal does not indicate it. Until there is evidence to the contrary one will not believe that a majority of the employés will repudiate the arbitration agreement recently entered into by them. If they do it will be evidence that their organization is as yet an irresponsible one with which the employing company cannot safely have dealings.

THE SEA SERPENT NEAR HOME.

It cannot have escaped the observation of those interested in the periodical summer visits of the sea serpent that this mysterious monster has long been absent from its customary haunts. All summer long no tidings have been heard from it at Cape May, Bar Harbor, Cotuit, Coney island, or any of its favorite resorts. In its place have come weird tales of sharks stealing chickens and sturgeons invading boats rowed by actresses and romance writers and disputing possession. These, however, are but cheap and undignified advertisements. The shark and sturgeon are too well known. There is nothing unusual or mysterious about them.

The absence of the kraken from its ocean haunts is probably accounted for by the fact that the unusual convulsions of nature this year have opened up many new subterranean channels of which it has availed itself to make an inland journey. This is clear from the fact that it appeared in Delavan lake a few days ago. Mr. Schott was out on the lake fishing. A green light came up out of the water not far away from him, then a great head appeared, and the green lights were its eyes. Then, little by little, the body emerged, and at last the sea serpent lay stretched out upon the water, forty feet in length and five feet in width. Its yellow scales shone like brass. As it basked in the sun it gently hummed to itself, like the jabberwock, it "chortled in its joy." At last it saw Schott and his boat, and it was enraged. It lashed the water with its huge tail and was making preparations to advance upon Schott, when that scared fisherman leaped from his boat and swam ashore. As he looked around "he heard a horrid crunching sound and saw that where the boat had been there was a great mass of ash splinters floating on the water." Since that time the guests have watched eagerly for the serpent. Some have seen the green light of its eyes, some have seen the lake churning a little way out, and nearly all have heard something hum.

The narrative is not to be treated lightly or thoughtlessly dismissed. The fisherman who so narrowly escaped the serpent's wrath is Otto B. Schott, a Chicago business man. Mr. Schott is superintendent of a Sunday school. Besides, there are the splinters of the boat on the beach to prove his story true.

THINK as kindly as you can of the mosquitoes. They work while you sleep.

IS IT possible that President Schwab's fortune is a measly, beggarly, insignificant $18,000,000?

YOU can get hard coal now for $10 a ton—if you can get it.

WHEN the attention of the governor of Pennsylvania has been properly called to the lawlessness that prevails in certain portions of his state he may take the necessary steps to suppress it.

EVEN in its annual production of mineral wealth it seems this is a billion dollar country.

THE only financial crisis the sultan of Turkey fears is a dun, accompanied by a stiff ultimatum and backed by a fleet of war vessels.

"COAL will be burned in effigy the coming winter," observes the esteemed Baltimore American. If the American knows of any process for making an available imitation of coal out of rags and straw it is doing wrong in keeping it from the public.

DOUBTLESS Benjamin E. Andrews feels that he needs all that freak publicity he is working up.—Washington Post.

Don't butt into the eternal verities in this reckless fashion. His name is E. Benjamin.

AS TO that mimic naval battle the public will kindly suspend judgment. The story of the captains has yet to be written.

SOMETIMES we almost suspect that women who use the kerosene can, when making fires, never look at a newspaper.

THERE will be more men at church next Sunday. Many of the pastors have returned from their vacations.

THE feeling of suspense as to the whereabouts of the Hon. Buck Hinrichsen having been relieved, the public can afford to wait awhile for information concerning Windy Wheeler of Kentucky.

D. B. HILL can amuse himself now with much cheaper political toys than would have satisfied him when he had a bigger back yard to play in.

WE are credibly informed that beef will be cheaper after this year's corn crop has been gathered. It may take two or three years for the crop to go into effect, but that is merely an incident.

WHILE Gates and Osgood have been contending with each other for the privilege of milking the Colorado Fuel and Iron cow it appears that Harriman and Hawley have managed to sneak in and buy the animal.

WHEN President Roosevelt sees next week's Commoner, though, he will see that his speeches have utterly failed to please the Peepul.

THE water is not all bad. Some of it is worse.

THIS is probably the closing chapter of Luke Wheeler.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Not Much Difference.

"Was that summer resort as homelike a place as they advertised it to be?" asked Mrs. Jenner Lee Ondego.

"I found it so," replied Mrs. Seldom-Holme. "They had a fuss with the cook regularly every day."

Boiled Down?

The truth repulsive? Sometimes it is.
This principle explains it:
Truth is like water. It takes the form
Of the vessel that contains it.

Probably Did.

"You told me the other day you were going to put creosote on a corn you had. Did you do it?"

"Yes."

"Did it cure the corn?"

"I don't know. The surgeon that removed the toe took it away with him."

Impressed the Juvenile Mind.

The caller wore a pair of those spectacular shoes with soles projecting half an inch beyond the uppers.

Little Tim looked at them for a few moments in silence.

"Mr. Squilford," he said at last, "what you got cowcatchers on your shoes for?"

Northern Outrage.

Junior Partner—"Mr. Spotcash, I don't like to mention it, but we've got to make some arrangements for getting a supply of coal for the coming——"

Senior Partner—"Hang the coal!"

Junior Partner (with a subdued gleam in his eye)—"I'll do worse than that, Mr. Spotcash, if you say the word. I'll chute it and burn it!"

Another View.

"You've no right to block the sidewalk with your material and make everybody step out into the street," complained the irritated citizen. "The sidewalks belong to the people."

"You bet they do!" cordially assented the contractor that was putting up the skyscraper. "And there'll be about 6,000 of 'em in this building as soon as it's finished."

PERSONAL.

J. P. Morgan will not settle the mine-workers' strike because he doesn't have to.

A young treasury clerk disobeyed Secretary Shaw's order not to gamble—but he can gamble now all he wants. The secretary fired him.

We believe Gov. Jelks of Alabama will be reelected. If he isn't he will serve his second term out, as votes of republicans don't count down there.

Lewis Nixon, head of the $45,000,000 shipyards trust, which has authority to increase its capital to $500,000,000, pledges his party to a policy of inveterate hostility to trusts.

John Wanamaker and Cardinal Gibbons have agreed to act as arbitrators in the miners' strike, but the operators still insist there's nothing in sight requiring arbitration.

"Bill" Devery was a policeman in New York on a policeman's pay and is worth $1,000,000. If the empire state democracy can't pin its faith to him in whom can it trust?

Former United States Senator Peffer of Kansas, once the most bewhiskered Moses the populists could boast, has shaved off his beard and mustache. When a populist once shaves, populism has lost a vote forever.

After the Tammany tiger has had its fur singed, its tail broken, and claws cut, your Uncle Dick will come over from Wantage, collect the campaign fund, account for part of it, and take the rest of it back to England with him.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

Handsome is as the photographer does.

When a woman is pleasant to everybody in the family it is a sign she has company visiting her.

The man who never has a word to say about the excise tax will go wild when he gets his water tax bill of $2.

You can tell an engaged girl by the grown up clothes she is always making and a married one by those that are not grown up.

After a woman has been engaged two or three times she gets about as excited over it as the man does over going to business every morning.—New York Press.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

ALL honor to Peoria's two independent whisky distilleries, which refuse to join the whisky trust. Brethren, let us remember these noble patriots in our orders.

THE island of Mindanao, where the Moros come from, reports 400 earthquakes since Aug. 21. This is believed to be the record.

WHILE being initiated into a pythian lodge at Columbus, Ind., John Beels was stepped on by the goat and thinks he ought to have $300. That sum would buy a swell goat.

A GOOD TIME EXPECTED.

The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church will give their annual social in memory of the late Mrs. Mary Bromilow, at the home of Mrs. James Bromilow, next Tuesday afternoon, Aug. 26. Ice cream and cake will be served from 3 to 7 p. m. Everybody cordially invited.—Chillicothe (Ill.) Bulletin.

CRESTON, Ia., claims to have the second largest roundhouse in the world. Now guess which town has the first largest.

ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

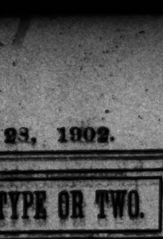
We take unusual pleasure in announcing that our talented staff correspondent, Mr. Josh Slinger, will accompany Gen. Nelson A. Miles to the Philippines, and report, in his own masterly way, the upshot of the commander's visit to our insular possessions. Gen. Miles, as is well known, will not be permitted to comment upon what he may find in the Philippines. His instructions are to inspect, not to criticise. No such restrictions hedge Mr. Slinger, and our readers may expect from him much pertinent comment and breezy opinion. Following is a copy of the order issued to Mr. Slinger at a special cabinet meeting yesterday:

SPECIAL ORDER NO. 1,144.

"War Department, Aug. 27, 1902.—Sir: We have the honor to state that your application for permission to accompany Gen. Nelson A. Miles on his visit to the Philippines is approved by the president and his cabinet. You will sail about the 15th of September.

"HAY,
"SHAW,
"ROOT,
"MOODY,
"HITCHCOCK,
"PAYNE,
"WILSON."

SKETCH OF JOSH SLINGER'S CAREER.



Mr. Josh Slinger's achievements are so well known to readers of the Line-o'-Type as scarcely to need detailed mention. He first came into prominence in January, 1901, in which month he accompanied Mr. Roosevelt (then plain "Teddy") on his famous mountain lion hunt in Colorado. Mr. Slinger achieved a worldwide prominence and earned Mr. Roosevelt's imperishable regard.

Some time afterward Mr. Slinger went to south Africa for the purpose of hunting down Gen. De Wet, who was causing the British commanders much trouble. He accepted the commission of general in the British army, and had many thrilling adventures by flood, and field, and precipice. His daring kidnaping of Gen. De Wet was one of the sensational events of the campaign, and his wooing of Gretchen, the burgher's daughter, one of the poetic incidents. (Apropos of this, a letter that we received from Mr. Slinger yesterday solves the fantalizing mystery of Gretchen's escape from the balloon car.)

Of Mr. Slinger's other services as a Line-o'-Type correspondent we need not speak. Enough to record our appreciation of his keen scent for news, his dauntless courage, and his Johnny-on-the-spottitude. We are pleased to learn that his lines have fallen in such pleasant places, and wish him joy in his latest assignment. Bon voyage to the general and to the correspondent!

WELL, well, Lieut. Peary is coming back with his usual bum foot and a lot of cold-storage explanations. And, now, we are told, the navy department won't stand for another alleged dash.

ENTRIES CLOSE AUG. 31.

Dear Sir: I desire to enter your corn-eating contest, class D. I am an engraver and understand how to design monograms, and therefore think that I'll have a good chance to win out. You do not state what kind of monogram is to be cut, but if it is to be a cypher monogram, I am sure I will cut quite a figure in the contest. Inclosed please find entrance fee of $2. Is that right? HUSKER CORNISH.

[No. Send $3 more.]

Dear Sir—I'm shy one bicuspid. What handicap do I get in the corn eating contest? Amy Leslie wants to enter, too, but she's shy one wisdom tooth and demands a handicap. Anxiously, W. E.

[No handicaps will be allowed for lost bicuspids or wisdom teeth. They don't cut any corn.]

HOW many more "old guides" of Mr. Roosevelt are there? They are becoming as numerous as George Washington's body servant or Liszt's favorite pupil.

SWEET CORN IN DEMAND.

Waterloo, Ia., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—The Line-o'-Type corn-eating contest is making trouble for the Waterloo Canning company. Excitement in this part of the country is at fever heat, and every other person in Waterloo is training for the contest, incidentally helping himself to the canning company's corn. The company today offered a reward of $5 for information leading to the conviction of any person taking corn from its fields.

Picture of Bartholdin Going West.

"PHILETUS JONES" is certainly a lovely name for an imaginary character. It belongs in a novel.

ANSWERS FOR THE ANXIOUS.

B. L. T.—(1) Please give me the address of Bishop Potter's press agent. (2) Will some one of your many readers give a recipe for taking the spots off a polka dot dress? ELLEN ELLENBOROUGH.

[(1) 57 John street, New York City. (2) For that "potty" feeling we tried Grand Marais, Minn. The boats are still running.]

Dear Sir: I am unable to see through your joke, "A State of Excitement," in yesterday's Line-o'-Type. What did your artist try to draw—the state of Kentucky? If so, he got it wrong end to. C. F. R.

[Directions for seeing through the joke: Cut out the drawing, reverse it, and hold it before a strong light.]

AS we have no whipping post in Chicago Fred Neff of 287 Loomis street was fined $25 and costs for beating his wife.

PERSONAL NOTICE.

IF MY WIFE, ANGELINE LOVEJOY, DOESN'T return from Bay View, Mich., by Saturday night next she needn't come back at all.
WILLIAM LOVEJOY.

AMERICA keeps the tennis championship after a superb struggle. Would we had been there to see.

We Wish to Serve You!

We want to learn to please. We keep a full line of Restaurant Goods, all fresh, delicious, tempting to the palate, easy toward the purse. Our room is light, clean, and airy. We want you to feel at home. We would give anything to have you feel that our restaurant is yours.

McFANN'S RESTAURANT.
West Side Square. Williamsburg, Ia.

A LOCAL ice cream company has doubled its capital stock. Evidently we are going to have some hot weather.

WHAT a loss to the American stage it would be if Mr. Mansfield should some day explode!

HIS wife alleges that John Arthur Frazier's seventy or eighty plays were written "while he was sober." They don't make that kind of a noise.

IT is feared that Mont Pelee may blow its head off. Friends of Senator Mason are also concerned.

O, BY the way, Mr. Deneen, in those tax fixing cases who wins?

MR. ROOSEVELT also spoke yesterday.
B. L. T.

PROFESSIONAL PICKUPS

THIS is the true story of why "The Belle of New York," as played in Vienna in English, was not a success. The Austrian manager went over to London and engaged a lot of good people for the company, which was to play for several months in Vienna and Buda-Pesth. Richard Carle was his stage manager, "Dave" Lewis was one of the comedians, and Trixie Friganza had the part of the little Salvation army girl. The show was well put on, and Carle, who was responsible for the production, felt pretty well about it. Not so the Viennese manager.

After the second performance he came to Mr. Carle and made a tremendous kick.

"For why," he said, "does that pretty girl come out with that tambourine in her hand

WILDER AND IRVING IN THE CAB.

and not do a dance and try to kick it? In our theaters, when an actress comes out with a tambourine, she always kicks it before she goes back."

Mr. Carle explained that a Salvation army girl would hardly do a skirt dance, let alone giving an exhibition of high and fancy kicking, particularly after singing her opening song, "Follow On," which has a semi-religious significance. But the manager was not satisfied. He insisted that Miss Friganza kick that tambourine even after Mr. Carle had told him that such a thing was unheard of and would utterly spoil the play. As a final argument he took Carle out to see the performance at a summer garden in a suburb of Vienna, where some local players were doing an alleged translation of "The Belle of New York" in German.

Sure enough, the manager was right. The

GERMAN GIRL KICKED THE TAMBOURINE.

young woman who played the Salvation army girl in the German company came out with her tambourine and proceeded to do a most startling and sensational skirt dance, ending up with kicking the tambo held at a height of seven feet from the ground. This feat was quite the hit of the whole production, and Mr. Carle was willing to admit that the local manager was quite justified in demanding that the dance and kick be interpolated in his production. But Miss Friganza refused to stultify her artistic conscience in that way, and the engagement came to a quick and inglorious end.

"You know how extremely hard it is to find a good woman character actor? And you know the reason? It's because women, as a rule, are unwilling to make up in any

JOHN S. CLARKE AS TOODLES.

way which they do not consider becoming to their individual style of beauty. It doesn't make any difference as all to a man. He had as lief as not look perfectly hideous if he can score a point by it, but women are different, and quite properly so. They consider—and so do I—that their first duty is to look pretty, and they make up with that end in view. That's the reason why you so rarely hear of striking likenesses to historic characters among women on the stage. There are plenty of men who even imitate the appearance of prominent people who are still alive. Witness 'Bob' Graham, whose make-up in 'Florodora' was a study from life of Chauncey M. Depew. The man who started the fashion of making up in imitation of well known people was John Hodson, now dead. It was more than twenty years ago, and he had the leading rôle in 'The Sorcerer.' In his makeup he was an almost exact reproduction of the Rev. De Witt Talmage, then at the height of his fame, and his appearance created a real sensation."

"Of course, you will find women who are willing to make up in imitation of the great beauties of history, but women character comedians are so rare because few women will disfigure themselves for the sake of making a laugh."

Marshall P. Wilder, the little man who appeared at the Masonic temple last week, never comes back from his annual visit to London without a bunch of stories, in which he and his friend, King Edward, or Sir Henry Irving, or some other almost equally prominent personages play leading parts. In this way Mr. Wilder gets in a portion of the time light which beats upon a throne. This time Mr. Wilder's pet yarn has to do with Irving.

"Sir Henry Irving, as every one knows," says Mr. Wilder, "is extremely absent minded. I was riding home from the theater with him one evening"—note how intimate they were—"when he suddenly said he had heard a funny story.

"'I think you could use it in your monologue, Mr. Wilder,' said Sir Henry.

"'All right. Let's have it,' said I.

"'Well, it seems that——' began Sir Henry. Then he suddenly relapsed into complete silence. We drove along for half a dozen blocks and Sir Henry never said a word. Then he muttered: 'And then, you see——' and relapsed again into complete silence. It was getting painful for me. We drove along for another half dozen blocks without anything further being said. Finally the great tragedian laughed softly and said: 'Now, isn't that droll?'

"Do you see? He had told the story to himself, forgetting all about me."

Good, kind Sir Henry allows Mr. Wilder to tell all sorts of nice little stories like that about him. It doesn't do Sir Henry a bit of harm to keep his name in the papers and it helps the monologue artist a great deal.

During the process of tearing up McVicker's theater in preparation for its fall opening Saturday night Business Manager Warren found hidden away behind a broken wall in a dressing room a bundle of old programs which have much historical interest. Probably these programs had been the prized possession of some actor who, after keeping them safe until after the big fire, lost them in this dark room underneath the stage. At any rate, they were found there and how they got there must remain a question. The oldest of the programs dates back to Sept. 10, 1861, and reflects to the full the warlike spirit of those days. At the top of one column fly the stars and stripes, with the motto, "The Union—It must be pre-

Daily Programme

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
ALEX REYNOLDS
Theatre Building, Madison street.

THE UNION

It must be preserved.

A WAR TIME PROGRAM.

served," and Charles A. Eaton, 92 Lake street, has a flaming advertisement of "Guns, Swords, Officers' Sashes, and Union Bowie Knives for sale. They gave the public a lot for their money in those days.

The program opens with a "National Dance" by Miss Jennie Hight, who is still living in Chicago. Mrs. Mary Myers follows with a song, "The Banks of the Blue Moselle," and then the stock company presents "the tragic drama," "The Duel in the Snow." By way of relieving the strain Miss Hight obliges with another "Grand National Dance," following which is the farce of "Your Life's in Danger," with Mr. J. H. McVicker in the leading rôle. Again Miss Hight breaks in, this time with an Irish jig, and the long performance closes with the "comic burletta" of "The Obstinate Family."

Under the heading of theatrical notes it is reported that "Mark Smith" is engaged to appear at a San Francisco opera house, and it is asked whether "the loyal people of San Francisco will countenance this would-be traitor on their boards."

In another program, dated May 28, 1862, Mr. Hackett, the "famous Shakspearean actor," is announced in his unrivaled creation of Sir John Falstaff in "King Henry IV.," in five acts. But even this is not enough to satisfy the audience of those days, for industrious Miss Jennie Hight is down for a dance or two, and after she finishes the stock company puts on the farce of "The Married Rake." Mr. Hackett, who played Falstaff that night, is the father of the present day actor, James K. Hackett.

A third treasure in this curious bundle is a souvenir program of the farewell appearance of John S. Clarke, the famous comedian, who several years previous had gone to London, where he won both riches and fame. Clarke was announced in a long list of famous rôles, including Touchstone, Dr. Pangloss, Tony Lumpkin, Paul Pry, De Boots, and Toodles.

Drinks Were on the Governor.

[From the New York Times.]

When Gov. Odell comes to town and finds himself with an hour to spare he delights to gather a few of his old personal friends among the political reporters of the Amsterdam Corner about him in a quiet corner of the Fifth Avenue hotel café and chat with them over a drink.

On a recent occasion of this kind the governor and his old chum, Capt. Joe Dickey, both of whom had a bank note in hand, were disputing in a bantering way as to which of them should pay for the drinks that were on the way. Just then the waiter approached with the glass and liquid laden tray. Right back of Gov. Odell's chair he tripped, the tray slipped from his hands, and the governor was simply drenched with a shower of high balls, horses' necks, beer, etc.

"Joe," said the governor on the instant, "that round of drinks is on me."

Even Capt. Joe did not dare to dispute that assertion, but grabbed a napkin and joined others in swabbing off the governor's raiment.

Vacation Echo.

Hark, hark! the dogs do bark—
The folks come back to town;
Some in rags, and some with jags,
And sunburnt good and brown.
—Philadelphia Record.

Alloy of Vanity.

"Men have died for love and worms have eaten them," but the love that drives a rejected suitor to self-slaughter has a large admixture of the base alloy of vanity.—New York World.

An Unnecessary Art

Amateur Yachtsman—"How does it happen that you have always lived near the water yet do not know how to swim?"

Fisherman's Boy—"I don't ever have to swim. I know how to sail

SCHOOL HOPE IN BOTTLE BRIGADE

Trustees Are Informed That All the City Water Is Equally Bad.

TO MAKE A FILTER TEST.

Till a Remedy Is Found, However, Pupils Must Furnish Drinking Supplies.

The hope that the water supplied to the public schools from some of the intakes might be found usable vanished yesterday with the announcement by the officials of the health deparment that all supplies are equally bad. As a result the 270,000 pupils of the schools will be asked to strap a bottle of pure water with their books when they start to school next Tuesday morning.

The subcommittee appointed by the building and grounds committee of the board of education to investigate the water supply of the schools practically arrived at this decision during the day, although it was determined at the same time to test the system of Dr. Robert Wahl for purifying the water supply of the schools. It will be impracticable, however, to make a thorough test of the Wahl device before the opening of the schools, so it will be necessary that the "bottle brigade" be organized on Tuesday.

Dr. Wahl's scheme for removing germs and other impurities from the water was explained to the committee some time ago and taken under advisement. Mr. Wahl has agreed to bear all the expenses incumbent on a test of his method.

While the new system has not been made public, it is understood that the water is to be boiled by means of the heating apparatus in the schools and then cooled in a number of iron cells. Although members of the board are not committed in favor of the plan, they believe it expedient to make a thorough test of the device. The apparatus can be secured at a cost of $200 a school, while some of the other plans suggested would cost double that amount.

Another Relief Effort.

The necessity of using any apparatus to purify the water supply may be overcome as a result of the investigation into the quality of the water supplied by the various pumping stations. Prof. Long, in his laboratory at the Northwestern university medical school, is in charge of this work. Chief Engineer Ware of the board of education expressed the belief, at the close of a conference between the subcommittee and Prof. Long, that the public had been kept unduly alarmed as to the condition of the water supply. The committee was closeted with Prof. Long for several hours yesterday afternoon, but no statement was made as to the progress of the investigation. Another conference will be held this afternoon at the office of Chief Engineer Waters.

Trustee Fears an Error.

At the close of the committee meeting yesterday Trustee Wolff declared that it was his opinion that the board had made an error in deciding to shut off the water supply from the schools.

"I do not think it is the wisest plan to shut off the water supply," he said. "It is a serious matter for the board to expend $50,000 for filters or other apparatus for the purifying of the water at the schools, for if it is true that typhoid fever is caused principally by the use of lake water it would accomplish little to furnish good water at the schools for the four hours the children are there, when they drink the lake water at home during the rest of the day."

Trustee Thorp said that it was his belief that the agitation for pure water was to a large extent the result of a scare.

"If the typhoid fever epidemic is due to the city water why is the disease not spread equally throughout the different sections of the city?" he asked. "From information we have been able to gain we find that the typhoid is confined to certain localities where conditions other than the impurity of the water may be traced as the cause. We shall take no definite action before Sept. 5."

At the committee meeting today Prof. Long is expected to make known his suggestions for relief from the dangers of impure water.

All School Water "Bad."

While the controversy is going on the 280 public schools and the sixteen high schools are without exception supplied with water that is designated as "bad" in the bulletin of the health department. The water from the Lake View and Hyde Park tunnels is said to be the worst.

The health department also calls attention to an increase in the death rate of typhoid fever patients. Thousands of circulars describing the cause of typhoid fever and methods of preventing its spread have been distributed.

There has been an increase in the general death rate during the last few days of 15 per cent, and this is attributed in a considerable extent to the prevalence of typhoid.

HOLDS COUNCIL WENT TOO FAR.

Walker Rules School Board May Arrange Its Own Classification of Accounts.

Corporation Counsel Walker yesterday ruled that the city council had no right to impose the Haskins and Sells classification of accounts on the board of education. The opinion is addressed to Ald. Werno, chairman of the judiciary committee, and is the outcome of an order passed by the city council on April 2 last directing the corporation counsel to take steps to compel the board of education to comply with the new classification system.

On April 7 Mayor Harrison vetoed the order on the ground that it was doubtful if the board of education could be regulated by the city council to the extent contemplated in the order.

"I think it is apparent," said Corporation Counsel Walker, "that the city council is not given by the schools act any direct authority over the board of education. Such authority as it has deals with matters in regard to which the board of education must ask for the concurrence of the council."

Closing Sermon by Dr. Crane.

Dr. Frank Crane will preach his final sermon in Chicago in the First Methodist Episcopal church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. He will take the place of Dr. J. P. Brushingham, the regular pastor. Next week Dr. Crane leaves to take his new pastorate in Worcester, Mass.

YE FASHION CORNER

Braid is seen abundantly on skirt seams.

Imported novelty silks in delicate, solid colors are seen.

Crochet rings are to be much employed in winter trimmings.

A novelty in boleros is shaped entirely out of one piece of goods, sleeves and all.

The well dressed woman will put herself in possession of a light wool gown for fall.

Rather odd in effect is an outing hat with wide brim of gray and soft, round crown of white felt.

Parisiennes and Americans—when by chance they study economy—divide their dress allowances differently from the average Englishwoman. They spend far less on frocks, cloaks, and hats, but much more on expensive and alluring accessories.

A frock of heavy white linen is made with eleven gores, each having on it a band of coarse, white lace. This blouse, or, more properly, bolero, hangs in pleats from a small yoke, not quite to the waist, and the sleeves are stitched in plaits to the elbow, from which they flare to the wrist.

A late summer gown is of pale blue batiste, with tiny white polka dots. The skirt has a gathered flounce at the bottom that runs deep at the sides and narrow at front and back. The rest of the skirt is trimmed with rows of narrow briar stitched white braid that runs in points front and back. A broad band of white lace insertion extends from the waist to the bottom of the skirt, direct in front. The waist is made full, with the neck square, and finished with bands of insertion.

—"How does it happen you always lived near the water and know how to swim?"

"Why, I don't ever have to go in to sail."

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright, 1902, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.

A certain German newspapers, notably the sensational Berlin Lokalanzeiger, have commenced to circulate anew that foolish story to the effect that the emperor of Germany or of Austria, or both, are about to restore to the duke of Marlborough the principality of Mindelheim, conferred upon the first duke, and as much publicity is being given thereto in America in connection with the duchess of Marlborough's visit to this country, it may be just as well to explain that there is not one word of truth in the rumor, which is only one degree less ridiculous than the accompanying assertion to the effect that it would have the effect of placing the duke and duchess of Marlborough and their children among the mediatized or formerly reigning houses of Europe, entitled to make on a footing of equality with royalty, and even to exercise sovereign sway in the principality of Mindelheim.

In the first place, the present duke of Marlborough, in spite of all that is said to the contrary in the English peerages and works of reference, is neither prince of the holy Roman empire nor yet prince of Mindelheim. It is perfectly true that these titles were conferred by Emperor Leopold upon the first duke, who seven years prior to his death surrendered to the emperor the principality of Mindelheim, receiving in its stead the principality of Neilenburg, this exchange being made in 1715.

But German titles of this kind descend only through the male line. The duke, it may be remembered, died without leaving male issue, his eldest son having died before him, succumbing to smallpox at Cambridge. It was only by virtue of a special act of parliament that his English honors and estates passed to his eldest daughter, and at her death to the son of her youngest sister, Charles Spencer. But no such provision either was or could be made for the inheritance of the first duke's titles and honors in Germany, which consequently became extinct then and there.

Under no circumstances can the present duke of Marlborough, therefore, lay claim to the titles of prince of the holy Roman empire or to that of prince of Mindelheim, the latter having, as stated above, been given up and exchanged for the title of prince of Neilenburg long before the first duke's death.

Equally unwarranted is the present duke's assumption of a German princely crown in his armorial bearings, and even still more preposterous is the adoption by Lord Churchill, acting lord chamberlain of King Edward, of the title of prince of the holy Roman empire, on the ground that he is descended from a younger son of the third duke of Marlborough, who himself was the son of the first duke of Marlborough's younger daughter.

If Lord Churchill is a prince of the holy Roman empire, then there is no earthly reason why young Winston Churchill, M. P., the war correspondent, should not style himself "prince," and why Mrs. George Cornwallis West should not have adorned her shapely head with a princely coronet on the ground that her first husband, the late Lord Randolph Churchill, was a prince of the holy Roman empire.

If the present duke of Marlborough, his kinsman Lord Churchill, "Burke's Peerage" and other English standard works of reference to the contrary notwithstanding, are right, then the duke does not need any action on the part of either the German emperor or the Austrian ruler, being already in possession of these honors. If, on the other hand, the duke of Marlborough is about to be invested with the title of "prince," it is an admission that he has borne it until now illegally and without warrant. That the latter is the case is well known to every genealogist and student of heraldry in Europe.

Admitting this, it may be well to point out that neither Emperor William nor Emperor Joseph can invest the present duke of Marlborough with the title of "prince of the holy Roman empire." The holy Roman empire ceased to exist at the beginning of the nineteenth century, and all the titles of prince of the holy Roman empire still in existence were created prior to that date. Emperor Francis Joseph could if he wished create the duke of Marlborough an Austrian prince, and Emperor William might invest the duke with the dignity of a Prussian prince. But that is all; and these dignities would in each instance be that of a mere noble, and inferior to that of a duke, which W. K. Vanderbilt's son-in-law already possesses.

Emperor William has no power to create the duke a prince of the German empire. For his own title of German emperor is to a great extent honorary, since he holds it by virtue of his presidency of the confederation of sovereign states of Germany known as the German empire. It is only with the consent of all of the sovereigns of this confederation, who are his allies and not his vassals, that Emperor William could confer a title of German prince, and it is extremely doubtful whether the various sovereign members of the confederation could be induced to consent to grant such an honor upon the duke of Marlborough, who has done nothing whatsoever in the way of services rendered to the German empire to deserve it.

It may be remembered that the late Emperor William, whose influence with his German allies was far greater than that of the present Emperor, was unable to carry through a project of this kind in the case of the late Prince Bismarck. The latter had but one ambition in the way of honors. He was anxious to be created duke of Lauenburg, but as German duke, with rights of petty sovereignty. This would have enabled his transfer from the ranks of the mere nobility, comprised in part 3 of the Almanach de Gotha, to either the sovereign houses contained in part 1, or to the mediatized, that is, formerly reigning families, comprised in part 2.

But the old emperor, having sounded his allies—that is to say, the other sovereigns of the German empire—found that it was quite impracticable. Some of them did not wish to consent to the matter, while others took the ground that they had not the power to agree to anything of the kind. The consequence was that the matter was dropped, and when later on the present kaiser, on dismissing Bismarck, invested him with the mere title of duke of Lauenburg the old chancellor not merely declined to accept the honor, but even denounced its grant as an insult, seeing that it was a barren Prussian title, and that it was invested with none of the prerogatives which would alone have rendered it acceptable.

If, then, it was found impossible to endow old Prince Bismarck, one of the greatest figures of the nineteenth century and the creator of the German empire, with the rank of a sovereign, or a mediatized prince or duke, it would be manifestly out of the question to do anything of the kind for the young duke of Marlborough, to whom Germany owes nothing.

Indeed, the statement that the Austrian and German emperors have combined to grant "mediatized" rank to the duke and duchess of Marlborough is palpably absurd. For "mediatized" means that those to whom the qualification is applied belong to families that formerly held sovereign sway, which has been surrendered. The only way to make the duke of Marlborough a mediatized prince would be to confer upon him some sovereignty, and then to let him "mediatize" it and himself by surrendering it to the German or Austrian crown.

I may add that even the first duke of Marlborough was never a sovereign or petty sovereign prince, that is to say, a prince of such rank on the continent as to entitle his lineal descendants in the male line, if he had any, to take rank today among the mediatized houses of Germany. The present duke and his charming American wife can never be anything more than mere nobles.

KANSAS CITY, $5.00—ROUND TRIP, $10.00.

St. Louis, Round Trip, $5.00—Via Chicago and Alton, "The Only Way."

One way tickets to Kansas City, good going Aug. 29 to Sept. 1, inclusive. Round trip tickets good leaving Chicago night trains Friday, Aug. 29, all trains Saturday, Aug. 30; return limit up to last train leaving St. Louis and Kansas City Monday, Sept. 1. Good in palace reclining chair cars, free of extra charge; and Pullman sleepers. Tourist sleepers between Chicago and Kansas City, rate $1.00. Tickets at C. and A. city ticket office, 101 Adams street (Phone Central 1707), and Union Passenger Station.

Rheumatism, more painful in this climate than any other affliction, cured by prescription No. 2,831, by Elmer & Amend.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

WEDDING OF MISS CAROLYN THOMPSON TO W. M. DAVIDSON.

Largest of the August Marriages Takes Place in St. Bartholomew's Church, Englewood—Large Crowd at the Onwentsia Club—Ellerslie Cross Country Club Starts on Four Days' Outing with Waukesha as Objective Point—Cotillion at Hotel Moraine.

One of the largest of the August church weddings was that of Miss Carolyn Blanche Thompson, daughter of Mr. William Thompson, to Mr. William Murray Davidson, which was celebrated last evening at 8:30 o'clock at the Church of St. Bartholomew, Stewart avenue and North Normal parkway. The Rev. Dr. Thompson read the marriage service.

Miss Ida Thompson, the bride's sister, was the maid of honor, and Mr. George Frederick Surtzer of Detroit was the best man. The bridemaids were Miss Mattie McKillip, Miss Grace Halla, Miss Jessie Jones, Miss Mae Bettis, Miss Nellie Blanche Parkes, Miss Charlotte and Miss Ethel Davidson, sisters of the bridegroom. The ushers were William S. Kennedy, George W. Tresck, Thomas E. Maley, Fred J. Fee, Fred Larle, and F. W. Fitch. Ernest I. Drescher was master of ceremonies. Miss Mildred Gordon and Master Everett Wearff stretched the ribbon and carried baskets of pink roses, which they threw before the bride and groom as the latter left the church.

The bride's gown was of white satin meteor made over silk, and trimmed with duchesse lace. Her bouquet was a shower of lilies of the valley. She also wore a diamond pendant, the gift of the groom. The maid of honor wore a gown of white point d'esprit made over white silk, and carried white roses and maidenhair ferns. The bridemaids wore gowns alike of white point d'esprit made over green silk, and carried pink roses.

Following the ceremony a reception was held for 200 guests at the family residence, 1804 Union avenue. As at the church, the wedding colors were green and white. The reception was held on the lawn, which was lighted with Japanese lanterns, and an orchestra played.

Mr. and Mrs. Davidson left for the south on their wedding trip. They will not return to the city until late in the autumn.

The crowd at Onwentsia yesterday only repeated that of the opening day of the tournament. At the tea in the afternoon on the clubhouse verandas Mrs. James Cary Evans was in charge of the table, assisted by Mrs. Edward Pope, Miss Anna Cobb, and Miss Margaret McFadden.

Mrs. Charles Hitchcock of 4741 Greenwood avenue gave a tea yesterday afternoon for Prof. and Mrs. Earle Sparks. The tea was served on the lawn, and the affair was informal.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Keith have a house party this week at Charlevoix. The golf tournament of the Chicago club is in progress, the play being for the Edson Keith cup.

The wedding of Miss Evelyn A. Curtis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Curtis, to Mr. Stephen B. Thrall will take place this evening at 8:30 o'clock. Miss Mayme Van Buren of Waukesha will be the maid of honor, and Mr. Robert Friendly the best man. Mr. and Mrs. Thrall will live at 2359 South Park avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Dexter B. Hodgett of 730 Warren avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Aloha Ellison Hodgett, to Mr. Lester Adams Varty. The wedding will take place Monday evening, Sept. 29.

The marriage is announced of Mrs. Susie Kirk of Valparaiso, Ind., to Mr. Edward Young of Princeton, Ill. The wedding took place in Chicago on Tuesday at the residence of the bride's sister, Mrs. W. D. Brode.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Elsie Vilas, the daughter of Royal C. Vilas, 207 Ontario street, to John Harold Hayden of New York.

The members of the Ellerslie Cross Country club left town yesterday on a four days' outing. The start was made from the clubhouse at Ninety-first street and Western avenue, and the ride was made to Wheaton, where they were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Nelson, and a visit was made to the stock farm of Mr. Fred Bookman. Today the trip will be continued to Elgin. Tomorrow Lake Geneva will be visited, and the ultimate destination will be Waukesha on Saturday, where a dance will be given for the club at the Fountain house. Among those in the party are President J. M. Crenshaw, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lyndon, Thomas F. Keeley, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Nash, Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Higbie, Thomas F. Wade, Miss Wade, Miss Stenson, Henry C. Lydon, Miss Lydon, Miss Gertrude Walsh, Miss Donahue, Miss Hopkins, and P. J. Lawlor.

The Ashland club will close its series of summer outings next Saturday with a trip to Lake Beulah, Wis., for three days. A large party will leave on the Wisconsin Central train, occupying special cars, leaving Chicago at 1:20 p. m. There will be provided for the entertainment of the party a corn bake, a golf and tennis contest, a dance, a bathing "bee," and other amusements.

A cotillion will be given at the Hotel Moraine in Highland Park Saturday evening. Dancing will be at 9 o'clock.

A vaudeville performance and dance will be given tomorrow evening at the Chicago Beach hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Holden are at Lucerne.

Mr. and Mrs. Leroy Fuller, who are in Europe, are now at Aix les Bains.

Mrs. Joseph B. Lewis of 56 Forty-seventh street, accompanied by her grandson, Lewis Gifford, will sail today for Germany.

JUNIOR COLLEGE STUDENTS TO BE GRADUATED TODAY.

Will Receive "Associate" Diplomas at University of Chicago—Convocation Exercises Scheduled for Tomorrow.

The quarterly class exercises of the junior college of the University of Chicago will be held this morning at 10:30 o'clock. These exercises are in the nature of a "commencement" for those students who pass from the junior into the senior college, receiving an "associate" diploma.

The program consists of prayer by Prof. Nathaniel Butler, followed by an address by Dr. Herbert L. Willett upon the enlarged opportunities of senior college work. President Harper will then make an address to the candidates for the title of associate, which will be responded to by a representative of the class, Theodore B. Hinckley.

Tomorrow afternoon the forty-third university convocation will be held. The convocation orator is Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews. The subject of his address is "The Crisis of Democracy."

The class this year is supposed to be the largest ever graduated from any educational institution in a summer term.

TREMONT HOUSE DUST TO STOP.

Only the Promise of Contractor Messersmith Prevents an Injunction by Judge Tuthill.

For a few moments yesterday it looked as if the work of remodeling the old Tremont house into a medical school for the Northwestern university would be stopped by an injunction. Attorney Morse Ives appeared before Judge Tuthill with affidavits from several of the business houses in the vicinity asking that George Messersmith, the contractor, be enjoined because of dirt being thrown out of a window through a chute which leaked. Messersmith promised the court that no more dirt would be thrown out and the case was continued two days.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

$5.00 Round Trip Chicago and St. Louis, Aug. 29 and 30.

The above excursion rates will be effective over the Illinois Central railroad on trains of Friday evening, Aug. 29, and all trains on Saturday, Aug. 30; tickets good for return on all trains until Monday evening, Sept. 1. Same rate in effect from St. Louis to Chicago and return on same dates. Tickets and reservations, 95 Adams st. Phone Cen. 2700.

$5.00 monthly dose wonders in diamond buying. Loftis Bros., 92 State street.

THE VIRGINIAN

MR. WISTER'S NEW NOVEL.

PUBLISHED BY THE MACMILLAN COMPANY NEW YORK.

THE MOST POPULAR NOVEL IN THE U.S.
75,000 IN SIX WEEKS.

AMONG THE NEW BOOKS

THE STORY OF A LIVING TEMPLE.

A Book for the Young People.

A departure from the stereotyped form of books on physiology and hygiene has been made by Frederick M. Rossiter, B. S., M. D., and Mary Hegry Rossiter, A. M., in "The Story of a Living Temple," a study of the human body. Though written especially for the young, the book cannot fail to interest and instruct their elders. It is full of practical information regarding every detail connected with the body, its structure, and the care which should be bestowed upon it by its owner. Facts are impressed upon the reader in plain and simple language, devoid of technical terms and Latin names. The body is spoken of as a temple, while the nerves and muscles and cells are called workers. Dr. Rossiter has spared no pains to make his subject interesting and even fascinating. He says in the preface: "Every young person who once comes to a clear perception of the true relation of body to mind and mind to body, must ever after hold his health as sacred as his character."

Each part of the body is given a separate chapter, and all the way through the book special care is taken to show the needs and requirements of each cell or organ as the case may be. The explanations and comparisons are perfectly clear and simple, so that a small child can understand readily. One can almost see the brain cells at work and the "living fountain" pumping out its life giving stream.

Several chapters are devoted to the brain, and right here the author explains how habits are formed and characters are made. He says, in part: "For the little nerve workers of the brain have stored away in their secret cells the memory of everything you have seen or heard, tasted or smelled, touched or thought, everything you have studied or learned, or done since the first day of your life."

Three chapters are given over to foods, showing what forms good building material and what does not and why. One learns when to eat and how to eat.

"A Terrible Enemy to the Little Workers" and "Thieves and Murderers" are two chapters describing the effects of alcohol and tea, coffee and tobacco on the system. Regarding these the author asks: "Knowing the graces and the treasures of the living human temple, who would let loose within its walls thieves and robbers, murderers and destroyers, to ravage its beautiful rooms, to irritate, deceive, stupefy, and poison its millions of faithful little workers?"

Another chapter, "The Sum of the Body," includes a set of statistics showing the number of cells in each part of the body, the number of heart beats in a given time, the number of bones, and many other things which go to make up a perfect human temple.

Nearly all of the last chapter was written by Mary Henry Rossiter and is called "The Beauty of the Temple." Among other things she says: "The face is the most beautiful and expressive part of the living temple. It is on the face that millions of the brain workers make the record of their daily life. . . . Every thought you have, every feeling you have, every purpose you form, makes a mark upon your face. The muscles, nerves, and tissues of the face are so arranged that no thought, no feeling, however subtle, however secret, can escape. It is caught and held forever in visible form."

The fund of knowledge which the authors of "The Story of a Living Temple" have presented in such a delightful way will be sure to interest all who may read it. No better book could be placed in the hands of children. (Fleming H. Revell company, Chicago.)

RELIGIOUS TALKS FOR STUDENTS.

Heard in Vanderbilt College.

"Urbe Beata, A Vision of the Perfect Life," by Herbert Cushing Tolman, Ph. B., D. D., professor of the Greek language and literature at Vanderbilt university, is a collection of five minute talks given to college students at morning prayers.

The truth is packed close in them; and they have a certain abrupt and fervid eloquence—but by this it is not meant to imply that they are lacking in elegance and scholarliness. On the contrary, some of them have a distinct literary quality. The reader cannot but feel in reading them that the brief sermons lose tremendously by being set forth in the pages of a book. It needs the chapel, the hour, the man, the inclination of the mind, and the unity of many minds to give them their full significance. As one sometimes regrets the reading of a book of published letters, as an act of curiosity or coarseness, so one hesitates to follow these ardently devotional words, which, spoken with passion in a house of worship under circumstances of peculiar intimacy, seem not for eyes which have not known the quiet and friendliness of that chapel, nor measured the actual relation between the man who spoke the words and the students who listened. The Young Churchman company of Milwaukee publishes the small book.

LUCK O' LASSENDALE.

A Dreary Tale of a Weary Family.

The earl of Iddesleigh has written a dull novel entitled "Luck o' Lassendale," which deals with the commercial ventures of a well born English family. (John Lane of the Bodley Head, London, publisher.) The book is without imagination or any form of beauty, charm, or human interest. The reader warms to none of the characters, although the author has so much ability as will permit one to believe in the existence of the lack-luster and selfish men and women he represents. There is plenty of stupidity in American writing, but a peculiar heaviness rests upon the third rate English novel as unobtainable to the American as is the glory that floods the pages of the first rate English writers. The heights and depths are not for us just yet. We have not, perhaps, the conditions which create such eloquence or such sluggishness.

In the story referred to the "head of the house," in other words, the elder brother, dissipates a good fortune and loses his historic mansion and acres by a series of bad investments and financial infatuations. He has two brothers, one of whom seems to have almost the average amount of intelligence allotted to the normal human being—a piece of good fortune not shared by any of the other members of his family. The sister of the hero, an excessively shy person, whom the earl of Iddesleigh has burdened with modest virtues, feebly protests against her brother's ruinous course, and preserves throughout the book a respectful attitude toward all persons and things. She sends away a lover for whom she feels a pale inclination—the strongest sentiment of which she is capable—because her family considers him not worthy of the Lassendales; but later accepts him—when her family has altered its collective mind. That she has elements of fidelity, honesty, honor, and serenity are not to be denied; but she is a heroine without interest or charm, and the trail of money lies like a serpent over the world the author has made. There is no humor, no gayety, no passion, no aspiration, no audacity, no mystery, no faith, no anticipation, and precious little charity in these droning pages. The reader peruses the pages with listlessness; he ends them in coma.

ART OF THE UNDERGRADUATES.

Third Series of College Made Songs.

"Cap and Gown" is a collection of verses written by undergraduates and published in college journals, edited by R. L. Paget. It is the third of the series, and is, naturally enough, not so good as the preceding volumes, although it has a number of good verses in it, and some might sing well.

"Life in the Chem. Lab.," by Henry W. Eliot Jr. of Harvard, is good, jolly stuff.

O, life in the Lab. is a frolic,
A careless life and free;
You live in the odor of H2S,
And the fumes of NH3.

And so on for several jaunty stanzas. "A Song of the Road," by Raymond W. Walker of Yale, is a good lilting song, written with love of the theme; "Jog Alaskar Nordue," by Corinne Bickel of Bryn Mawr, has a fine fervor, and all of the verses of Jeanette Bliss Gillespy show true artistry. F. H. of Princeton has a not very original but distinctly haunting negro lullaby.

Toddle heah t' mammy on yo' tih'd li'l feet,
Put yo' haid against yo' mammy's knee.
Yo's done played so hahd dat yo' is jes' clean beat,
Come right heah an' close yo' eyes for me.

With banjo—and youth—the thing is not so bad. And if one never had a banjo and has lost his youth he may as well go hang anyway!

Finally within the pages of the book is one true poem, without signature, but published in the Trinity Archive. Following are the verses in full:

Love, who has granted many prayers and set
My way ward feet into thy happy ways,
Behold, I send this supplication yet—
Let me forget my wasted yesterdays.
I wrought so many follies in thy name,
So many frail, false altars did I raise,
Too weak to hold thee—nay, for very shame,
Let me forget my wasted yesterdays
See, I blot out my sinning with my tears,
And ever cry my prayer with this my praise:
For sake of all the coming happier years
Let me forget my wasted yesterdays.

Why Do You Submit to a Daily Life of Suffering?

Paine's Celery Compound

CURES

Summer Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Stomach Troubles.

The tortures and evils of summer dyspepsia and indigestion are experienced by thousands at this time. The dyspeptic's train of evils may be enumerated as follows: feelings of dizziness, languor, nervousness, sleeplessness, headache, distension of the stomach, loss of flesh, difficult breathing, and the action of the heart is seriously affected.

All forms of dyspepsia are quickly banished by the use of Paine's Celery Compound. The use of this marvelous medicine allays the inflammation of the nerves centered about the stomach; it opens up the sewers of the body and removes all waste matter; it cleanses the blood; it makes new nerve fibre; it restores digestive power, and promotes bodily strength and activity. Mr. Fred. Ross, Clarendon, Iowa, briefly writes about his happy experience with Paine's Celery Compound as follows:—

"It gives me great pleasure to testify to the merits of Paine's Celery Compound. I can candidly and honestly say it is the best medicine in the world. Two years ago I was suffering from indigestion and nervousness, and was so rundown that I could hardly walk without help. I used two bottles of Paine's Celery Compound and got better almost from the first dose, and have had no use for medicine since. I was completely cured."

Paine's Celery Compound.

KNOX SWELL HATS FOR SMART PEOPLE

CORREOT SHAPES FOR FALL AND WINTER NOW READY.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.

PALMER HOUSE BLOCK.

Burlington Route

A Tour OF THE Yellowstone Park FOR $70.00

This price covers railroad fare to and from the Park, and a 5½ days' trip through the Park, including stage fare and hotel board. The greatest opportunity ever offered to visit the Park economically. Tickets at this unusual rate—about one-half of the regular price—will be on sale Sept. 1 to 11, inclusive. You can go and return via either St. Paul or Omaha, Billings and the Black Hills,—using one way going and another returning, if desired. Ask at the office for particulars and a folder about the Park.

If you have not yet taken your vacation, by all means look into this.

C. B. & Q. Ticket Office, 211 Clark St. Telephone Central 3117.

424

Proposals for Heating Plant Complete at Marion Branch, N. H. D. V. S.

NATIONAL MILITARY HOME, GRANT CO., Indiana, Treasurer's office, August 25, 1902. Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 1 p. m., Sept. 22, 1902, for construction of necessary buildings and installing complete Heating System at the Marion Branch, N. H. D. V. S. Bidders must personally examine the ground and base proposal on the conditions actually found. Specifications giving a general idea of the scope of the work to be done may be examined at this office. Each bidder must furnish with proposal detailed specifications describing the general system proposed; method of insulation; type and amount of radiation; size of all mains and the boiler power required. The Home reserves the right to reject any or all proposals or to waive any informalities therein. Bids must be accompanied by a certified check for $5,000 payable to the undersigned, which check will be forfeited to the N. H. D. V. S. in case the successful bidder refuses or fails to enter into contract as required, otherwise to be returned to the bidder. JNO. Q. ADAMS, Treasurer, JUSTIN H. CHAPMAN, Governor.

SULPHOGEN RELIEVES ALL STOMACH AND BOWEL TROUBLES

If you have Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Colic, Diarrhœa, Constipation, Flatulency, Fermentations, Nervousness, Faintness, Palpitation of the Heart or Rheumatism of the Stomach ask your druggist for Sulphogen or send 50c. for a full size bottle, post paid. Sulphogen is guaranteed to relieve or money refunded. Booklet free. Sulphogen Chemical Co., 1101 Olivet., St. Louis, Mo.

PEOPLE WHO ADVERTISE

in the HELP WANTED columns of THE DAILY TRIBUNE do not have any difficulty in securing desirable help.

Thousands of Work-Seekers Read These Columns Every Day.

The public's appreciation of THE DAILY TRIBUNE'S value as a reliable help-wanted medium is conclusively shown by the following:

DAILY

(Sunday excluded) during the last seven months THE TRIBUNE advertised over

10,000 More

Genuine Positions under the Help Wanted classification than any other Chicago morning newspaper. Under all other classifications combined, THE TRIBUNE printed nearly twice as many advertisements.

It Pays to Advertise in THE TRIBUNE.

WANTED—RECRUITS FOR THE UNITED States Marine Corps, able bodied men of good character between the ages of 21 and 35 years; less than 5 feet 4 inches and not over 6 feet 1 inch in height, of good character and not addicted to the use of liquor. Must be citizens of the United States or persons who have legally declared their intention to become citizens, able to read and write English properly and to speak it. No minors or married men will be accepted. This important branch of the Naval service offers special inducements to RECRUITS, as the law PROVIDES FOR ITS PROMOTION AS FAST AS NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS TO BECOME LIEUTENANTS. Marines are enlisted for a period of four years, and are generally sent to the United States naval stations in Cuba, Porto Rico, China, and Guam, and when sent to any of these stations are transported free to and from Manila and Guam, and when sent to any of these stations have an opportunity to save $40.00 per month. Clothing, board and medical attendance are provided, in addition to pay. Apply at U. S. Marine Corps Recruiting Office, Room 25, Howland Block, S. W. Corner Dearborn and Monroe streets.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROCK ISLAND, Ill., July 19, 1902.—Sealed proposals will be received here until 11 a. m., Aug. 30, 1902, and then publicly opened, for constructing 3 jetties in the Mississippi river between Rock Island, Ill., and Burlington, Ia., and repairing jetties at Burlington. For information apply to Major CHAS. MCD. TOWNSEND, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A.

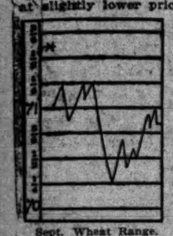
WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLE-BODIED unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States; of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 2d floor, Marshall Field & Co.'s building, 125 South Clark st., Chicago; Dalrymple building, Milwaukee, Wis.

GRAIN PRICES EASE OFF.

SEPTEMBER WHEAT AFFECTED BY HEAVY ARMOUR SALES.

Weakness in This Delivery Carries Other Futures with It and Overcomes Some Moderately Bullish News on Both Corn and Oats—Cash Demand for All Grain Slow in This as Well as Other Markets—Light Receipts and Little Contract.

All the wheat deliveries closed yesterday at slightly lower prices than on Tuesday, the September losing ¾@¾c, the December ⅝c, and the May ⅞c. The large decline in the September was attributable to the heavy sales in a quiet way by the Armour people, these sales having a weakening effect on the other deliveries.



Sept. Wheat Range.

High prices of the day were established early and low ones about noon. Before the close there were slight recessions all around. The September dropped from an opening at 71¼c down to 70¼c, recovering to 70⅝c, the December from 67⅜c off to 66⅞c, picking up to 67⅜c, and closing at 67¼c, while the May fell from 69½c early to 69c, recovering to 69⅝c, and closing at 69¼c.

The easier opening was based largely on weather conditions. These were fairly good throughout the northwest, where rain was generally expected, though failing to materialize. But the later predictions, covering the period up to this morning, were not quite so good, showers being predicted in Dakota, Nebraska, Illinois, Indiana, Missouri, and Kansas.

Armour ...ers Make the Market.

The Armour interest clearly furnished the cause for the bulk of the price fluctuations. There was an apparent attempt by this house to sustain the September price around 71c, but at the same time Armour brokers were buttonholing buyers in a quiet way and filling them up with all the September they would take. A cessation of bidding for the September was followed by a slump to 70¼c, which carried the other deliveries with it. Murry Nelson & Co. were extensive sellers of the December and gave up Armour's name.

Receipts were light enough to have been a bullish factor, but had little influence in the face of pit operations, heavy cables, and the prevailing weather conditions. There were but 184 cars here, against 353 cars the previous Wednesday. None of them was contract. Duluth reported no wheat at all, while Minneapolis had 250 cars. The total at the three points was 434 cars, compared with 495 last week and 775 last year. The total at all primary points was 1,051,000 bu.

Quite a number of stop loss orders were caught by the decline, the wheat coming out from these sources adding to the easiness.

Shipping demand was restricted. There was little or no inquiry here or at northwestern points. New York reported 19 loads and cleared 593,700 bu.

Corn Follows the Wheat.

There was some bullish news in corn, but it was not permitted to prevail, owing to the sympathetic relations between the corn and wheat pits. Both the government weekly report and private messages agreed that corn in a large portion of the belt was in serious need of hot, forcing weather, which it is not getting, the weather being abnormally cold, setting the crop back and preventing its development. A bear factor was the reported larger country acceptances on bids sent out Tuesday night, the glucose people, Merritt, and Harris-Gates claiming much less difficulty in buying cash corn at country points. Some quite free September selling was done at times by Bartlett-Frazier, Logan, Barret, and Lester-Kneland. The September price fell from 68¾c early to 56½c, but recovered later to 57¾c, and closed at 57½c, a net loss as compared with Tuesday of ⅜c. December sold from 43c to 42½c, closing at 42⅝c, ⅛@⅜c lower. On the May the decline was from 40c to 39¾c, the close being at 39½c, ⅜@½c off from the previous day.

Receipts are almost nothing as compared with what they should be—17 cars on the inspection sheet yesterday, of which 3 were contract. All primary points reported 170,200 bu, as compared with 250,000 bu a year ago. New York reported 6 loads for export.

In the cash market prices were about ½c lower. No. 3 selling at 59½c and No. 3 yellow at 62c.

Good Weather Weakens Oats.

Oats at times were under considerable selling pressure, then again the demand would seem to be better than the offerings. In a general way, however, the market was easy, owing chiefly to good weather in the west and northwest, which is calculated to help out the grading. Prices at one time were ⅝@¾c lower and the close showed losses of ½@¾c for the day. Commission houses did more or less selling on outside orders and local traders were inclined to play the bear side. On the weak spots the cereal crowd bought freely of September. Shippers reported some export inquiry for No. 2 mixed oats, but the cash situation, generally speaking, was discouraging owing to the heavy accumulations of late of low grades, which are difficult to move. Prices in the sample market yesterday was 1@2c lower. Local receipts were 251 cars, including 6 cars of standard. Cash sales were reported at 30,000 bu.

September Pork Up Sharply.

There was a good recovery in provisions late in the session, led by September pork, which sold to $17.15 and closed at $17.10. Up to noon the market was dull and showed a weak tendency, owing to a decline of 5@10c in prices for hogs and the weakness in grains. There was scattered selling by commission houses and local traders. On the break, however, a good deal of January product was taken by packers, and towards the close considerable September pork seemed to be wanted by shorts, and there was little of it for sale. Shippers were talking a better cash demand for meats, but trade in lard was quiet. Shipments for the day were 2,000,000 lbs of meats and 322,000 lbs of lard, against 2,618,000 lbs of meats and 1,928,000 lbs of lard a year ago. Receipts of hogs in the west were 50,200, against 64,200 last year.

Rye for future delivery was quiet, but cash was in good demand and firm. September held at 56c and closed at that price bid. Cash No. 2 sold by sample at 51@51½c, and No. 3 at 50@50¼c.

Trade in barley was quiet, owing to limited offerings. A good demand existed for choice malting. Sales ranged at 46@62½c for low grade to choice.

Timothy ruled steady on a moderate trade. August delivery was nominally $4.50. September sold at $4.15 to $4.17½. October was nominal at $4.00. Cash lots sold by sample at $3.40@4.00, mostly at $3.65@3.80.

Flaxseed was dull and prices ruled 1@2c lower for futures. Cash was steady. September was $1.37 bid. October sold at $1.31. Cash No. 1 northwestern held at $1.47 and No. 1 at $1.41. Receipts at Chicago were 24 cars, and in the northwest 19 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

	Closed Aug. 26.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Aug. 28, 1901.
WHEAT					
Aug	71⅛			71⅛	69
Sept	71⅜	71¾	70¼	70½	69½
Dec	67⅜	67⅜	66¼	67⅛–¼	71⅝
May	69¾	69¾	69	69¼	75¾
CORN.					
Sept	58¼	58¼	56½	57½	54
Dec	42–⅝	43–⅛	42½	42⅝	53½
May	39½–40	40	39¾	39½	55¾
OATS.					
*Aug	34¼			34⅛	*33½
*Sept	29⅜	30⅛	29¾	29½	33⅜
†Sept	33	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝	
*Dec	30⅝–½	30½	29½	30¼	*35½
†May	30⅝	30⅝–⅜	30⅜	30⅜	*37½

*Old. †New.

MESS PORK.					
Sept	16.87½	17.15	16.90	17.10	14.17½
Oct	17.00	17.32½	16.92½	17.20	14.35
Jan	14.90	14.95	14.82½	14.92½	15.85
May	14.35	14.20	14.15	14.25	15.50
LARD.					
Sept	10.85	10.85	10.70	10.82½	8.82½
Oct	9.95	9.80	9.75	9.82½	8.90
Jan	8.40	8.40	8.32½	8.37½	8.75
May	8.05	8.05	8.00	8.00	
SHORT RIBS.					
Sept	10.15	10.20	10.05	10.20	8.27½
Oct	10.10	10.02½	9.92½	9.97½	8.35

Jan ... 7.17½ 7.20 7.12½ 7.20 7.35

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3 ard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	..	..	70	106	176
Spring wheat	..	..	2	6	8
Corn	..	..	10	4	17
Oats	2	6	61	182	251
Rye	2	..	4	7	13
Barley	..	..	7	14	21
Totals	8	6	155	316	485

Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Winter wheat, 84 cars and 238,350 bu; corn, 13 cars; oats, 25 cars and 40,000 bu. Inspected out: Wheat, 21,500 bu; corn, 11,600 bu; oats, 15,300 bu; rye, 15,000 bu.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Steady. Winter patents, in wood, southern, $3.50@3.60; straights, in wood, $3.35@3.45; clears, in wood, $2.80@3.25; spring, special brands, $4.20; straights, export bags, $3.10@3.25; winter rye, bris, $2.00@2.80.

WINTER WHEAT—Demand moderate, carriers being the principal buyers. Prices were easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 red, 67½c; No. 4 red, 62@65c. Sales on track and free on board: No graded red, 53@62c; no grade hard, 53c; No. 4 red, 60@65½c; No. 3 red, 67½@69c; No. 4 hard, 63@65c; No. 3 hard, 65@67½c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and easy. Sales free on board: No grade, 60c; No. 4, 62½@63c; No. 3, 69½@70c.

CORN—Demand light and prices easy to ½c lower. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 59@61c; No. 3, 59¾@60½c; No. 3 yellow, 62c; No. 2, 59¼c. Billed through: No. 4, 58¼@59c; No. 3, 58½c; No. 3 yellow, 60@61c; No. 3 white, 60c.

OATS—Good were steady, but poor grades 1@1½c lower and hard to move. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 30½@32c; No. 3 white, 34c; No. 2 mixed, 30,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 28@29½c; No. 4, 26½c; No. 4 white, 30@35c; No. 3, 27½@28c; No. 3 white, 31¼@36½c; No. 2, 31c; standard, 37@38¼c. Billed through: No grade, 25@29½c; No. 4, 25¾@26¾c; No. 4 white, 30@36c; No. 3, 26@27c; No. 3 white, 33½@38c. At the river: No. 4 white, 29½@30c; No. 3 white, 33¼@38½c.

RYE—Market firm. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 50c; No. 4, 49c. On track and free on board: No. 2, 51@51½c; No. 3, 50@50¼c; no grade, 45c; No. 4, 48c.

PROVISIONS—Firm. Cash lots of mess pork, $17.00@17.05; lard, $10.70@10.72½; ribs, $10.05@10.15.

COOPERAGE—Demand good and prices firm. Pork bris sold at 85@87½c for ash; lard tcs, $1.10.

HAY—Receipts, 1,023 tons; shipments, 58 tons. Market dull. Sales on track: Choice timothy, $12.00; No. 1, $11.50; not graded, $10.00@11.00; choice prairie, $9.00@9.50; not graded, $8.75@9.00.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 200 cars; corn, 20 cars; oats, 270 cars; hogs, 29,000.

The second petition for an adjournment from Friday until the following Tuesday was disapproved by the directors yesterday at a special meeting. The vote against adjournment stood 8 to 7, against a vote of 9 to 6 the day before. The last petition had over 600 names attached to it. The principal argument in favor of adjournment was that, except the receivers, the trade almost unanimously desired it, and that no trades expired on Saturday which could not be closed on Friday.

H. V. Jones, editor of the Commercial West, says, regarding the northwest harvest: "Wheat cutting will be finished practically this week, except for a small area of late wheat in northern counties. Rains have interfered with stacking, but no important damage has been done. Flax will not yield as much per acre as last year, but there are a good many more acres."

Minneapolis wires: "If we get three or four days of dry weather throughout the northwest receipts of wheat will increase materially. The large elevators are now receiving from 15,000 to 30,000 bu daily." Minneapolis yesterday made a better showing than on the previous Wednesday, having 67 cars more, but at Duluth there were no receipts of wheat. This showing compared with 9 cars last week and 136 a year ago.

"A Kansas City wire to Harris-Gates says: "Weather here is perfect for corn. The rains of the last few days have made the late corn fill out to the limit. Early corn is ripe, and late corn is nearly so. A week will finish it all up. Corn is being gathered now for immediate use, and by Oct. 1 will be dry enough to crib. Missouri and the eastern third of Kansas are in the finest condition ever known."

Curb markets here and in the northwest were indifferent yesterday. Local corn was ½c off, and oats 1@1¼c lower. Minneapolis and Duluth both reported wheat ¼c off.

There was some reselling of corn at Buffalo by the seaboard as a means of getting a profit on stuff bought at lower prices.

The proposition to amend the rule covering free telegraphic communication was lost by a ballot of 187 against 145. The proposition establishing brokerage rates on car lots was carried, 232 to 92.

MORE ACTIVITY IN POTATOES.

Lighter Receipts and a Good Demand Cause Prices to Advance—Peaches Steady and Good Sale.

Lighter receipts resulted in a firmer market for potatoes yesterday and sales were at fully 2c advance. Buyers were more anxious to take hold and cleaned up not only all the fresh arrivals but most of the stocks which had accumulated since the first of the week. Peaches were in good demand and a fair sized run from Michigan was readily disposed of at steady prices. Markets generally showed little change.

Quotations on round lots follow:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, northern, at mark, cases included ..... 15½@16c
Do, at mark, cases returned ..... 16@15¾c
Do, loss off, cases returned 17½c
Cheese, Y. A. ..... 10¾@11c
Cheese, fancy brick ..... 9¾@10¼c
Cheese, twins ..... 10@10¼c
Butter, creamery extras ..... 18½@19c
Firsts ..... 17@17½c
Seconds ..... 15@15½c
Dairies, Cooley's 17c
Do firsts 15½c
Do seconds 14½c
Packing stock 12½c

POULTRY.

Live chickens, lb. 10½c
Do springs 12½c
Do ducks ..... 9@10c
Do spring 11½c
Do turkeys ..... 11@12c
Do geese, doz ..... $4.00@5.00
Iced turkeys, lb. ..... 11@13½c
Do chickens ..... 10½@11½c
Do spring chickens ..... 15@17c
Do ducks ..... 10@12c
Do geese ..... 6@8c

VEAL.

50@90 lbs ..... 7@7¼c
65@70 lbs ..... 8@8¼c
80@120 lbs ..... 8½@9c
95@110 lbs ..... 9½@10c
120@200 lbs ..... 10@10½c
180@225 lbs ..... 6@7c

FISH.

Black bass ..... 15@16c
Carp ..... 10@11c
Pike ..... 6@6c
Pickerel ..... 4@5c
Perch ..... 5@4c

FRUITS AND MELONS.

Apples, new, per brl ..... $1.00@2.50
Lemons, Cal. ..... $2.50@3.25
Do Messina ..... $3.50@4.25
Pears, good to choice, per brl ..... $2.50@3.00
Peaches, Michigan, 1-5 bu, common to good white ..... 12@17c
Do, yellow, 1-5 bu ..... 25@35c
Do, bu baskets, according to quality ..... $1.00@1.50
Plums, 16 qt cases ..... 50c@$1.00
Bananas, Sch. $1.25@1.75
Grapes, Mich. black, common, 8 lb pkgs ..... 12@14c
Do Concords or Moore's early ..... 18@20c
Blackberries, 16 qts, Wilson ..... $1.00@1.50
Blueberries, 16 qts ..... $1.25@1.75
Melons, Illinois or Indiana, gems, ½ bu baskets ..... 50@20c
Do Michigan ..... 30@40c
Osage, square crates ..... 50c@$1.00

VEGETABLES.

Beets, home grown, per 100 bchs ..... 30c@$1.00
Beans, navy, hand picked ..... $1.85@1.85
Medium ..... $1.70@1.80
Celery, Michigan, cases ..... 30@35c
Cabbage, home grown, large crate ..... 75c@$1.00
Turnips, new, bu 50c
Tomatoes, Ill., 4 basket crates ..... 50@50c
Do, home grown, per bu ..... 75c@$1.25
Onions, home grown, per sack ..... 40@65c
Lettuce, head, tubs ..... 65@75c
Potatoes, on track, per bu ..... 30@35c
Home grown, 1½ bu sack 45c
String beans, wax, home grown, 1½ bu sack ..... 75c@$1.00
Green, do ..... 75c@$1.00
Sweet corn, 1½ bu sack ..... 60@75c

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts 1902.	Receipts 1901.	Shipments 1902.	Shipments 1901.
Apples, brls	4,479	1,850	180	300
Beans, bu	..	1,705	..	1,100
B. corn, lbs	179,000	156,550	36,500	40,410
Butter, lbs	617,378	549,523	999,800	484,960
Cheese, lbs	347,984	165,360	183,160	183,160
Dried fruits, lbs	273,268	160,857	..	30,000
Eggs, pkgs	8,500	6,025	4,748	2,227
Hay, tons	58	80	58	96
Hides, lbs	419,671	873,635	681,200	568,000
Hops, lbs	16,947	..	7,522	..
Potatoes, bu	38,349	42,307	2,970	8,182
Poultry, lbs	70,018	72,545	31,187	43,160
Poultry, coops	200	200	..	..
Wool, lbs	943,438	860,170	450,200	497,271

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Aug. 27.—Credit balances, $1.22; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 74,485 brls; average, 87,212 brls. Runs, 101,185 brls; average, 98,831 brls.

Strike Gas in Illinois.

Sterling, Ill., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—A big strike of natural gas was made at Coleta, twelve miles from this place, by well diggers. The gas is now burning and the flame is shooting fifty feet into the air.

SMALL PROFITS IN PAPER.

INTERNATIONAL CO. SHOWS 3 PER CENT ON COMMON.

Indications Point Toward an Unfavorable Bank Statement Saturday Because of Large Gains by the Subtreasury—Two Lots of Masonic Fraternity Temple Association Shares Come on Market—Talk of Consolidation of Telephone and Telegraph.

Earnings of the International Paper company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, were equal to 3.17 per cent on the $17,442,800 common stock. The showing was a disappointing one compared with the previous year, when the net applicable to common was about three times that of the year just closed. The financial statement follows:

	1902.	1901.	Decrease.
Gross	$19,719,421	$20,121,922	$ 902,481
Cost material	16,818,225	16,750,245	*67,980
Net	$ 2,901,196	$ 3,901,657	$1,060,461
Taxes	1,066,740	907,207	*96,475
Dividends, pfd	1,344,402	1,344,402	..
Surplus	$ 553,054	$ 1,709,988	$1,156,934
Previous surplus	3,519,988	1,810,000	*1,709,988
Total surplus	$ 4,073,042	$ 3,519,988	*$ 553,054

*Increase.

When the International Paper company was floated the common stock sold around 08. Competition, however, led to reduction in profits, suspension of common dividends, and the common stock yesterday closed at 21.

Poor Statement Predicted.

Indications point toward an unfavorable bank statement at the close of the week. Since last Friday the subtreasury has gained $3,653,000 in its operations with the New York banks. Exchange on New York at this center has been at discount until yesterday, when it closed at par. Currency movements and credits have been this way. What the New York institutions may have received from other interior banks is not known.

Temple Stock Comes Out.

There was a sale of 100 shares of Masonic temple stock yesterday at 56. This is the first transaction noted within a year or more, and is probably due to the notoriety which the association has received in the last week. The earnings, however, continue as good as they have been. The stock, $1,957,100, pays 3 per cent, and the directors have exercised a marked effort in seeking to raise the standard of tenants.

The roof garden is the most profitable feature of the building. It nets between $35,000 and $40,000 a year, and, therefore, furnishes about one-half the amount necessary to maintain the present dividend rate on the stock.

Talk of Telegraph Consolidation.

The impression is getting abroad that the Western Union, American Telephone and Telegraph, and Postal Telegraph companies are to be consolidated. There has been heavy buying in Boston of American Telephone and Telegraph and Western Union has advanced 10 points on the New York exchange. The matter is understood to be in the "talk" stage as yet, but the advance in the stocks of the two companies indicates the belief that tangible results will follow the present situation.

Railway Earnings.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Third week August	$ 382,967	$ 399,044	*$ 16,077
From Aug. 1	1,113,893	1,211,183	*97,290

PEORIA AND EASTERN.

Third week August	49,190	52,787	*3,588
Since Aug. 1	141,651	158,367	*16,711

SOUTHERN RAILWAY REPORTS FOR JULY.

Gross	2,291,418	2,016,745	374,671
Operating expenses	1,299,443	1,096,338	306,167
Net	791,975	720,407	71,500

GEORGIA CENTRAL REPORTS FOR JULY.

Gross	677,871	570,016	107,855
Operating expenses	487,247	428,292	58,954
Net	190,624	141,723	48,901

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE.

Third week August	355,800	340,100	15,700
From July 1	2,544,900	2,428,600	116,300

BOSTON AND ALBANY (NEW YORK CENTRAL LESSEE) REPORTS FOR YEAR ENDED JUNE 30.

Total income	3,619,011	2,618,480	521
Fixed charges	452,682	422,321	3,161
Net income	2,194,328	2,195,958	*2,630
Dividends	2,187,500	2,187,500	..
Surplus	6,829	8,459	*2,630

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

Third week August	388,906	286,068	102,848
From July 1	2,637,070	2,113,357	523,713

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.

Third week August	72,604	63,571	*9,033
From Jan. 1	2,206,451	1,924,628	280,823

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS AND WESTERN.

Third week August	47,477	54,569	7,972
From Jan. 1	1,662,993	1,690,922	*27,957

GEORGIA CENTRAL.

Third week August	143,560	126,460	17,100
From July 1	1,104,651	953,797	150,854

COLORADO AND SOUTHERN.

Third week August	143,305	126,181	17,124
From July 1	857,806	808,202	49,604

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG REPORTS FOR JULY.

Gross	612,087	557,438	54,649
Net	277,389	261,890	15,499

*Decrease.

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange was steady at the following figures:

SELLING.

Checks, Paris	516¾–1-16
Cable, London	487½
Checks, London	486.80
Checks, Berlin	95 1-16

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers	484½
60 days, London, documentary	484⅛
3 days, Hamburg	94 15-16
3 days, Antwerp	515⅝
60 days, France	515⅝
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
60 days, Holland	39⅞

Local Curb Quotations.

Following were the nominal market quotations for local unlisted securities as given by W. L. Beckwith & Co.:

	Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chalmers pfd	100	103
American Cereal Co. 6s	100	102
Do stock	200	..
Do steamship 6s	100	102
Borden's Milk pfd	111	113
Butler Bros	215	220
Central Trust	135½	136¼
Congress Hotel com	96	99
Creamery Pkg	99	102
Elgin National Watch	2100	2200
Federal Trust and Savings	137	138
Great Western Cereal	70	72
Illinois Brick com	5	7
Do pfd	49½	51
Illinois Vehicle	100	105
National Bank of North America	150½	152
Northwestern Yeast	215	225
Sprague Agency pfd	100	102
Strowger Electric	19	22
Western Electric	275	285

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were the closing quotations in the New York curb market:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	11⅝	11⅞
Do pfd	51	52
American Hide and Leather	7	8
Do pfd	40	41½
Bay State Gas	1⅝	1¾
British Columbia Copper	6¼	6⅝
Compressed Air	..	10
Electric Boat	20	28
Do pfd	40	42
Electric Vehicle	5⅝	6¼
Do pfd	13½	14½
Electro Pneumatic	1⅞	1¾
Illinois Vehicle	..	1
Manhattan Transit	8⅝	8¾
Nat. Enameling & Stamp Co	33¾	34¼
Do pfd	88	90
N. Y. Elec. Vehicle Trans	11⅜	12
Northern Securities Co	110⅝	111
Otis Elevator Co	42¾	43½
Do pfd	101	103
Royal Baking Powder pfd	105	106
Seaboard Air Line	32½	33¼
Do pfd	52½	53¾
Standard Oil	672½	675
St. Louis Transit	32½	32¾
United Rys. of St. Louis pfd	84	85
Do 4s	87	87¼
National City Bank	300	315
Rock Island, new	42¾	43¼
Do pfd	78	78½
Do bonds	88½	89
Oregon Short Line 4s	94½	94⅝
Boxboard	16	16
Do pfd	65	66

General Financial News.

The Midland Linseed Oil company of Minneapolis has been incorporated with a capital of $2,250,000.

It is denied that there will be any rights on Baltimore and Ohio, and assertion is made that the dividend will not be increased.

There was deposited at the subtreasury in New York $500,000 yesterday for transfer to Chicago.

Edward L. Brewster left Chicago yesterday en route to Europe. He will spend the winter in southern France and Egypt.

Continental Bank Advances.

Continental National bank stock continues the most active and firm of the local bank shares. It sold at 281 yesterday, as against 275 on Tuesday, 270 on Monday, and 260 last week. The buying is regarded as being of the best. The stock is taken by insiders.

American Can shares were active and held steady. As indicated yesterday, present quotations are thought to be near bottom prices. Evidently the market held this view. It is not meant to predict, however, that prices will not go lower when a line is offered in liquidation.

Stock of Swift & Co. experienced a loss of 7 points, going from 160 to 153. The market for this stock is made in large part by those who have only partial information of what is going on among the packers. It is mostly guesswork, and is likely to be optimistic or pessimistic without any special foundation for holding either view. Boston now talks 250 for the stock. Some local people who bought the shares a few weeks ago around 110 said they would either get 150 or par. They meant 150 should the deal go through and par if it should fail.

The Boxboard shares were fairly well bought. There was no additional news.

Local Houses Take Profits.

Several Chicago houses took profits liberally yesterday. The fact of a three days' holiday and the probable character of the bank statement led to the belief that stocks might be picked up lower. There has been continuous liquidation in the general market during the last three days.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

Description.	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	900	11¾	11¼	11⅝
Do pfd	110	51¾	51	51¾
American Shipbuilding	450	58¾	58	58¾
Am. Steam board receipts	100	46	46	46
Chicago Edison	25	175	175	175
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	200	103	102¼	103
Chicago Title and Trust	100	132	132	132
Chicago Union Trac. pfd	110	48¼	48	48¼
Diamond Match	408	140½	140	140½
Lake Street Elevated	50	10¾	10¾	10¾
Masonic Temple	100	56	56	56
National Biscuit	50	48	48	48
Do pfd	20	104½	104¾	104¾
Quaker Oats pfd	100	91¼	92¼	92¼
Swift & Co	293	160	153	153
United Boxboard	554	14⅝	14¼	14⅛
Do pfd	550	64½	64	64¼

BONDS.

$5000 Met L 4s	101¾	$1000 N W L 4s	96¾

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	Aug. 27.	Aug. 20.
New York	$252,961,435	$221,525,022
Chicago	22,961,988	24,404,052
Boston	17,882,781	20,791,543
Philadelphia	19,011,940	17,545,780
St. Louis	6,840,789	7,391,176
Baltimore	3,471,315	4,494,612

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 20c discount bid and par after clearings: St. Louis, 25c discount.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Stocks, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The local market today retained to a large degree the apathy which has characterized it for some time. Dominion Iron exhibited a generally weaker tendency. The opening figure was 77 and a decline to 75¾, followed by a recovery to 76, made up the range for the day. American Telephone did not lack friends at the decline to 173, and investment buying stiffened the price to 173½. Massachusetts Gas securities were heavier on the delay in announcing the plan, and the common sold off to 40¾ and the preferred to 87¾, both rallying at the close. Call loans, 4@4½ per cent; time loans, collateral, 4½@5½ per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 4¾@5½ per cent; clearing house loans, 4 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	185	67	67	66¼	66¾
Atlbuss	5	97	97	97	97
Amer. Tel	700	173¼	176½	172½	172½
Atchison	1,435	95¾	96¼	94½	95¼
Do pfd	5	101	101	101	101
Amer. Zinc	150	12¾	12¾	12¼	12¼
Agl. Chem	215	27	27½	27	27½
Do pfd	50	80	80	80	80½
Copper Range	605	57½	58	57½	57½
Calumet	5	535	535	535	535
Chi. Junction	10	160	160	160	160
Daly West	110	51½	51½	51½	51½
Dom. Steel	2,180	77½	77½	75¾	76
Dom. Coal	50	143½	143½	143½	143½
Gen. Elec	90	178	178	178	178
Guanajuata	200	3 15-16	4	3 15-16	3
G. E.	338	193	196	193	195
Isle Royale	100	13½	13½	13	13
Mass. Mining	165	17½	17½	17	17¼
Mohawk	300	45½	45½	45¼	45½
Mont. & Boston	75	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Mass. Elec	2,630	39¾	39¾	39	39
N. Eng. Tel	5	142	142	142	142
Old Dominion	300	53¼	53¾	52¾	53½
Old Dom	620	17½	17½	17	17
Old Colony	30	3½	3½	3½	3½
Pneumatic	100	9	9¼	9	9¼
Pullman	100	242	242	242	242
Phoenix	100	4	4	4	4
Planters	525	35½	40	35½	40
Shannon	665	9¾	10¼	9¾	9¾
Swift & Co	365	159½	160	155	155
Seattle Elec	300	85	85	85	85
Trinity	120	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¾
Tamarack	10	172	172	172	172
Tecumseh	205	27¼	25¾	25¾	25¾
Un. Shoe Mchry	25	56	56	56	56
Do pfd	125	31½	31½	31½	31½
Utah	80	20¾	20¾	20½	20½
U. S. Mining	400	39¾	40	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	97	113	113	112¼	112½
U. S. Oil	410	17¾	17¾	16¾	17
Union Pacific	1,050	111¾	112¼	111¼	111¼
Do pfd	50	93½	93½	93¼	93½
West. Tel	100	30¼	30¼	30¼	30½
Do pfd	68	101	101	100¾	101

BONDS.

$61000 Am Tel 4s	90¾@90¾	$11000 N E Cotton Yarn 5s	103½
1000 K-M ext 6s	119¼	4000 Seattle Elec 5s	106

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Other Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says:

"The stock market here today was quiet and undecided. Consols continued dull at 94 11-16. Americans sold off early, but strengthened on the purchases of Illinois Central, Union Pacific, and Reading. The support, however, was not sustained, and the close was ragged."

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The rates for money were firm today; the demand was comparatively light, apart from repayments to the Bank of England, and the supply was small. On the stock exchange prices were firm and the settlement progressed satisfactorily. Consols were dull in anticipation of Friday's settlement. The tone of home rails was poor. The market was not sanguine regarding the outcome of the pending governmental mission to the United States to study American railroad methods with the view of applying them to British railroads. Americans opened irregular, following New York, and there was a disinclination to operate freely. Prices closed firm. Grand Trunk was inactive and there was some liquidation. Mexicans were strong on the traffic returns. Kaffirs were depressed on account of liquidations. Closing stocks:

Consols for money	94⅞	Norfolk & Western	73¾
Do account	94 11-16	Do pfd	97
Anaconda	5⅛	Ontario & Western	37½
Atchison	97¼	Pennsylvania	135½
Do pfd	102	Reading	55½
Baltimore & Ohio	117¾	Do 1st pfd	84¾
Canadian Pacific	143¾	Do 2d pfd	78½
Chesapeake & Ohio	57⅝	Southern Railway	31⅞
Chi. Great West	15½	Do pfd	100
Chi., Mil. & St. P.	192	Southern Pacific	79

SHARP SLUMP IN STOCKS.

MARKET BREAKS UNDER PROFIT TAKING OF MAGNITUDE.

Action of the Directors of the Reading Railroad in Reducing the Dividend, Though Expected, and Taken Mercly to Continue the Voting Trust, Precipitates Selling Which Carries Other Securities to Lower Levels—Monetary Situation Less Favorable.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—[Special.]—The pivotal influence upon the stock market today was the action of the managers of the Reading company in declaring a dividend on the first preferred stock for the last half of the year at the rate of 1 per cent, as against 2 per cent on the issue for the preceding six months.

The reduction of the dividend, as is matter of common knowledge in financial circles, has the effect, under the terms of the Reading voting trust, of continuing the trust control of the property in the discretion of its members. It would have passed into the hands of stockholders had a 2 per cent dividend been declared, as what would have completed the full two years' consecutive payments at the rate of 4 per cent per annum, which would automatically terminate the trust.

The controlling interests in the Reading property have not so far disclosed the reasons for their intention to retain the power confided to them under which the property had been virtually reconstructed after the reorganization.

The decision arrived at meets with the consent and approval of the largest owners in the Reading property. The reduction of the dividend in the best informed circles in Wall street is considered a conservative action. On the other hand, it is believed even by those who have only the most superficial knowledge of the subject that the continued life of both Reading and Southern railway voting trusts possesses a deep underlying significance in connection with plans of great magnitude.

The trading element was utterly at a loss to construe the apparent problem presented, however, and began an indiscriminate offering not only of Reading issues and the coal roads generally but of the entire market, with the result of completely reversing the course of prices. The only other explanation offered for the general reactionary movement in prices, aside from a continuation of the profit taking that had marked yesterday's dealings, was the monetary statistical position.

The banks, not including today's collections for customs, have lost to the subtreasury so far this week on account of transfers of money through the subtreasury about $4,000,000, allowing for moderate payments on checks for domestic gold deposited at San Francisco and Seattle.

The transactions in stocks, while showing contraction of about 400,000 shares compared with yesterday's total, were up close to 2 million shares, and business was again well distributed, notwithstanding decided activity in Reading issues, and, to a less extent, in the other anthracite coal shares.

The market started out strong and active with the coalers fairly buoyant. The general market was stimulated toward a higher level by improvement in the price of American securities in London, by weakness in the grain markets, due to favorable crop reports, continued and increasing ease in the foreign exchange market, and the lack of monetary disturbance.

Reading common led the entire market in point of activity, accounting for nearly 100,000 shares, and enjoyed an early extreme advance of about 2¼ per cent, reaching the record figure of the last twenty years, though it subsequently lost about all of the improvement.

Other issues in the anthracite group included Erie common, Reading first and second preferred, Pennsylvania railroad, and New York, Ontario and Western. Strong features in the early dealings included St. Paul, Baltimore and Ohio, Illinois Central, and Union Pacific, all of which were active. Illinois Central made a reaction of over a point from the highest price was conspicuous by a net gain of 2¼ per cent.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The early strong stock market was a repetition of yesterday's but on a smaller scale. The resemblance extended to the reactionary tendency caused by the heavy realising in progress under cover of the sustaining strength of a few stocks, but it was not until the announcement of the reduction in the dividend on Reading first preferred that the weakness of the whole market became acute.

The sudden tumble in those stocks gave rise to apprehension that the speculators who are leading the operations for advancing prices are acting without the best information in all cases, and may be putting up all prices simply by the force of abundant funds and without substantial grounds for the higher range of values. The dimensions of the selling to take profits form an additional factor in arousing uneasiness as to the solidity of the demand which has made the higher range for prices. Closing stocks:

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Ag. 27.	Ag. 26.
Atch. & Topeka	4,400	83¼	82	82¾	83¼
Amer. Locomotive	20,700	34¾	33	33¾	33¾
Do pfd	1,900	95¾	94¾	95¾	95¾
Amer. Sugar	100	128	128	128	128
Amer. Smelting	200	46¾	46¼	46¾	46¾
Do pfd	1,100	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Amer. Tobacco	1,700	91	90	90¾	91
Do pfd	500	18	18	18	18¼
Amer. Woolen	200	34	34	34	34
Do pfd	100	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
Atchison	1,200	83¾	82¾	83¼	83¾
Do pfd	100	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Atlantic Coast Line	300	125	125	125	125
Baltimore & Ohio	42,100	113¾	111¾	113¾	114¾
Do pfd	100	93¼	93¼	93¼	93¼
Brk. Un. Gas	2,600	243	239½	242	243
Can. Pacific	1,200	104½	103	104½	104½
Can. Southern	300	53½	53½	53½	53½
Central Traction	1,400	76	74½	75½	76
Do pfd	400	86½	86½	86½	86
Ches. & Ohio	4,300	45¾	45¼	45¾	45¾
Chi. Terminal	400	77	76	77	77
C., B. & Q.	18,500	187¾	185¾	186¾	186¾
C., M. & St. P.	2,600	182¾	181¾	181¾	181¾
C., R. I. & P.	2,500	152¾	151¾	152¾	152¾
C., C., C. & St. L.	300	110	110	110	110
Chi. & Alton	100	37½	37½	37½	37½
Do pfd	100	71	71	71	71
Chi. & Eastern Ill.	100	141	141	141	141
Do pfd	300	97½	97½	97½	97½
Chi. Great Western	4,800	34½	34¼	34¾	34¾
Do pfd A	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¾
Do pfd B	500	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
Detroit Southern	2,200	42¾	42¼	42¾	42¾
Do pfd	100	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼
Del. & Hudson	2,000	178¾	177¾	178¾	178¾
Den. & Rio Grande	2,700	48¾	48¼	48¾	48¾
Do pfd	2,200	95¾	94¾	95¾	95¾
Distillers' & Cattle Feeding	1,000	37¾	37¼	37¾	37¾
Do pfd	300	87¾	87¼	87¾	87¾
Erie	58,200	42¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
Do 1st pfd	4,500	74	73¾	74	74
Do 2d pfd	1,400	61¾	60¾	61¾	61¾
Ft. W. & Rio G.	1,800	70	69¾	69¾	69
Ft. W. & Rio G. pfd	100	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Gen. Electric	200	174	174	174	174
Gt. Northern pfd	1,400	197	194	197	197
Hocking Coal	1,100	104½	104½	104½	104½
Hocking Coal pfd.	1,200	94¾	94¼	94¾	94¾
Do pfd	300	93½	93½	93½	93½
Illinois Central	35,700	117¾	115¾	117¾	117¾
Iowa Central	800	50¾	50¼	50¾	50¾
Do pfd	600	88	87¾	87¾	87¾
Int. Paper	1,100	21	21	21	21
Do pfd	200	75	74¼	74¼	74¼
Int. Silver	100	40	40	40	40
Kas. & Michigan	100	70	70	70	70
Kas. City & So.	2,500	35½	35¼	35¾	35¾
Do pfd	2,100	81	80¾	81	81
L. & N.	75	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾
Louis. & Nash.	9,300	154¾	153	153¾	154¾
Manhattan	100	135	135	135	135
Metropolitan	200	126½	126½	126½	126½
Mex. Central	1,200	18	18	18	18
Mex. Nat.	4,300	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Minn. & St. L.	8,600	83¾	82¾	83¾	83¾
Do pfd	2,800	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¾
Mo. Pac.	1,400	147¾	147	147¾	147¾
Mobile & Ohio	1,700	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Missouri Pacific	11,100	104¾	103¾	104¾	104¾
Nash. & St. L.	100	112¾	112¾	112¾	112¾
Nat. Biscuit	100	46	46	46	46
Nat. R. R. of Mex.	1,000	19½	19½	19½	19½
Do pfd	1,400	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
National Lead	1,100	46¾	46¼	46¾	46¾
Do pfd	100	98¾	98¾	98¾	98¾
N. Y. Central	3,200	165	163½	163½	164
North. & W.	7,200	72	71¼	71¾	71¾
N. Y., Ont. & W.	15,000	39¾	38¾	39¾	39¾
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	100	57	57	57	56¾
Do 2d pfd	100	81	81	81	
Peo. & Eastern	100	41	41	41	
Peoples Gas	100	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
Penna. R. R.	31,100	136¾	135¾	136¾	136¾
Pacific Mail	200	43¾	43	43¾	43¾
Pressed Steel Car	300	51¾	51	51	50¾
Do pfd	100	91	91	91	90¾
P., C., C. & St. L.	100	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
Pacific Coast	1,900	75	73	73¾	74¾
Do 1st pfd	200	93	92	92	92
Do 2d pfd	300	82	82	82	81¾
Reading	187,600	79¾	77¾	78¾	80¾
Do 1st pfd	4,000	87¾	86¾	87¾	88¾
Do 2d pfd	24,200	77¾	74¾	77¾	78
Rubber Goods	400	21	21	21	21
Do pfd	100	71	71	71	71
Rep. Iron & Steel	2,600	21¾	21	21¾	21
Do pfd	200	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
Ry. Steel Spring	400	35	34	35	35
Southern Ry.	15,700	40¾	39¾	40¼	40¾
Do pfd	9,100	97¾	96¾	97¾	97¾
St. J. & G. I.	200	22	22	22	
Do 1st pfd	400	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
Do 2d pfd	1,300	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾
Southern Pacific	26,500	77¾	76¾	77¾	77¾
St. L. & S. F.	600	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾
Do pfd	2,200	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
St. L. & San Fran.	1,800	80	79½	79¾	79¾
Do 1st pfd	500	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾
Sloss S. S. & I.	4,000	56	54	55	56
Do pfd	200	78	78	78	77
Texas Pacific	9,300	53¾	53¼	53¾	53¾
Texas Land	1,300	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Twin City	100	128	128	128	128¼
T., St. L. & W.	3,600	29¾	29	29	29¾
Do pfd	300	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	9,200	71	69¾	70	69
U. S. Cast. I. Pipe	200	12¾	12¾	12¾	13¼
Union Pacific	54,400	112¾	111	111¾	113¾
Do pfd	5,100	93¾	93¼	93¾	93¾
U. S. Leather	20,800	13¾	13¼	13¾	13
Do pfd	1,600	77¾	77¾	77¾	77
U. S. Steel	6,900	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¾
Do pfd	5,600	90¾	90	90¾	90¾
U. S. Express	1,000	156	153	156	148?
Va. Caro. Chem.	1,600	66¾	66¾	66¾	64½
Do pfd	100	120	120	120	
Wheeling & L. E.	1,400	28	27¾	28	27¾
Do 1st pfd	1,000	60	60	60	59
Do 2d pfd	3,300	41¾	40¾	41	41
Wabash	1,500	24½	23¾	23¾	23½
Do pfd	4,800	46	45¾	45¾	45¾
Wis. Central	3,000	25¾	25	25¾	25¾
Do pfd	1,900	54¾	54	54¾	54¾
Western Union	11,100	94¾	93¾	94¾	95¾
Westinghouse	300	225	225	225	

*Ex. div. 2 per cent.
†Ex. div. 1¾ per cent.
Total sales of stocks, 966,700 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	215	United States	158
American	250	Wells-Fargo	245

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg. 2s, reg	106½	U. S. new 4s, coup	133
U. S. reg. 2s, coup	106½	U. S. old 4s, reg	109½
U. S. 3s, reg	108	U. S. old 4s, coup	109½
U. S. 3s, coup	108½	U. S. 5s, reg	105
U. S. new 4s, reg	133	U. S. 5s, coup	105

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

1000 Ann Ar 1st 4s 90½
11000 Atch 4s 100@100¼
12000 do adj stamp 94
9000 Am 4s L 5s 90
10000 B & O prior lien 3½s 94½@95
11000 do 4s 100
3000 Can So 2d 4s 104
14000 C & O 4½s 101¾
24000 Chi Un Gas 5s 90@90¾
12000 Cent Ga con 5s 110@111
51000 do 1st inc 5s 81½@82
125000 do 2d inc 5s 50@50¼
8000 C&O gen 4½s 104½
60000 C B & Q 4s joint 100@100¾
11000 do reg 100@100¾
1000 C & A 5s deb 108
17000 Col So 1st 4s 94½@94¾
161000 Con Tob 4s 68½@68¾
5000 CB&Q Ill 3½s 89¾
10000 C B & Q deb 5s 109¾
5000 C I cons 6s 130
1000 C & E 5s 122¾
2000 C & E Ill 5s 120
2000 C P I gen 5s 103
2000 D M & N 1st 5s 100
6000 D & Rio G 4s 102@102¾
5000 Erie 1st con 4s 100
37000 do 1st gold 4s 86½@87
18000 do gen lien 3s 67
2000 G H & S A 4s 98
26000 G H & W deb ctfs B 21¼@22
Total sales of bonds, $3,550,000.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Poultry, Butter, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—[Special.]—Dry goods—There has been no material change in the general character of business doing here today in the cotton division and prices are without change in either staple lines or fancies. Print cloths are quietly firm. Men's wear, woolens, and worsted firm, with fair demand. Silks and colored dress goods steady, with a moderate business.

Range of Coffee Prices.

Coffee—Today's market was active and irregular, with prices at the close practically unchanged from the opening figures, though the intervening fluctuations were somewhat broad and frequent. The market started steady and unchanged, to 5 points lower. As the forenoon wore on the market became firmer under a good demand from importing and commission house interests, and at noon was 5 to 10 points higher. Later it turned easier under realizing, and finally closed not unchanged to 5 points lower. The spot market was fairly steady, with quotations on the basis of 7⅞c for Rio No. 7.

Butter of All Grades.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 19c; firsts, 18@18½c; seconds, 16½@17½c; thirds, 15@16c; state dairy, tubs, fancy, 18@18½c; firsts, 17@17½c; seconds, 16@16½c; thirds, 15@15½c; western imitation creamery, firsts, 16½c; fair to good, 15@16c; lower grades, 14@14½c; western factory, June make, 15½@15¾c; current make, firsts, 15@15½c; seconds, 14@14½c; thirds, 13@13½c; packing stock, 12½@13½c.

Poultry, Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, western, large, per lb, 24c; southern and southwestern, 12½@13c; fowls, per lb, 12c; roosters, 8c; turkeys, 12c; ducks, western, per pair, 60@75c; geese, western, $1.25. Dressed—Spring turkeys, dry picked, fancy, 23@25c; average grades, 18@20c; scalded, 15@18c; turkeys, old hens and toms, average best, 15c; spring chickens, Philadelphia, fancy, small, 18@20c; mixed sizes, 15@16c; western, dry picked, fancy, 13½@14c; scalded, 13@13½c; fowls, western, 15@15½c.

In the Metal Markets.

Tin was lower on spot, which closed at $27.80@27.95, but steady on futures. Copper—Standard, spot, $10.75@11.15; lake, $11.50@11.65; electrolytic, $11.30@11.40; and casting, $11.30@11.40. There were no new developments in lead, which ruled steady at 4½c. Spelter remained quiet and firm at $5.50. Iron warrants—Nominal; No. 1 foundry, northern, $23.00@25.00; No. 2 foundry, northern, $22.00@23.00; No. 1 foundry, southern, $22.00@23.00; No. 1 foundry, southern, soft, $22.00@23.00.

DAY AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.

Collections on Imports and on Withdrawals from the Warehouse Amount to $52,103.

Duties paid yesterday at the custom house amounted to $32,103.85, imposts furnishing $37,255.38 and warehouse withdrawals $14,847.97.

Goods arrived in bond as follows: 104 bales sumac leaves, 25 brls wine, 29 cases crockery, 2 cases clocks, 23 cases personal effects, 150 cases hair, 11 cases millinery, 1 case watch parts, 1,160 steel billets, 2 cases musical instruments, 1 bale bags, 50 cases dry goods, 6 brls sheep castings, 5 steel girders, 6 cases marble, 1 case drawings, 1 bale carpets, 101 cases bitters, 11 cases glassware.

The following merchandise was entered for immediate consumption on arrival: 74 cases dry goods, 188 cases earthenware, 8 cases books, 1 case coral, 47 cases engravings, 2 cases metalware, 3 cases hosiery, 2 bales matting, 1 bale rugs, 1 case silk, 7 cases glassware, 1 case watch parts, 3 cases millinery, 2 cases personal effects, 7,195 steel billets, 1 case lace, 2 cases gloves, 120 casks tallow, 530 brls cement, 1,000 sacks salt, 3 cases cottons, 4 cases woolens, 155 cases mineral water, 6 cases stencil paper, 42 brls wine, 1 case watch jewels, 1 bale periodicals, 6 casks sheep casings, 2 cases rosaries, 4 bales corks.

LAKE FIREMEN GET MORE PAY.

New Rate Is Agreed To by the Carriers' Association Advancing Salaries to $52.50 a Month.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 27.—At a meeting of the executive committee of the Lake Carriers' association today the wages of firemen and oilers were advanced to $52.50 per month. According to agreements made with officials of the union the new rate will hold for the remainder of the season. The same arrangement will be made with watchmen and wheelsmen, and the new card will go into effect Sept. 1.

Clear head and bowels—Alma-Bromo (effervescent) Salt. Cures constipation. Tastes good. From famous Alma-Bromo Spring.

BANKERS SEE GOOD CROPS

JAMES H. ECKELS GETS REPORTS FROM MANY STATES.

Summarized Statements from All the Territory West of the Mississippi River, from Portions of the South, and from the Central Section, Indicate Continued Good Times During the Coming Year—Money Situation Is Easy and Deposits Show Increase.

Crop conditions at present in twenty-nine states and territories point to an unusually large yield of corn, wheat, oats, flax, cotton, and hay, according to reports received by the Commercial National bank of this city.

James H. Eckels, president of that institution, sent letters on Aug. 13 to the bank's correspondents in the central, southern, western, and northwestern states, inquiring as to crop conditions, the business outlook, the financial situation, and commercial affairs generally.

From the 283 answers received Mr. Eckels has summarized the conditions as already mentioned, but in addition to the crop situation he makes these further deductions from the reports:

That general business conditions are to continue at a high water mark in the agricultural communities.

That bank deposits will not fall off, but rather increase.

That no money stringency beyond that which always characterises the fall season of the year will intervene.

That currency requirements for crop movement will not be extraordinary, or beyond those of a year ago.

That banks are amply equipped to care for any demands which may be made upon them.

Situation by States.

Naturally the conditions in some localities are more favorable than in others. Continued wet weather injured small grain in many places, and elsewhere the success of the corn crop will depend on the absence of early frost. But taking the reports as a whole, and selecting those which appear to strike an average of the situation in the state at large, the following showing is made:

Illinois—General crop situation good. From 10 to 25 per cent better than a year ago. General business is good.

Indiana—No exception to the generally prosperous condition. Crops are good, all harvests busy. Anticipate continued gradual increase in deposits.

Michigan—Crops will be large with exception, perhaps, of corn. General business will be better than in the past.

Wisconsin—If frost holds off for a few weeks the prospects are better than for years.

Minnesota—Crops are not been better since 1895. Look for a good fall trade.

North Dakota—The crop generally all over North Dakota is the best known in nearly twenty years. We look for a prosperous fall and winter.

South Dakota—Crops will exceed those of last year by one-third, and business prospects are the best we ever had.

Iowa—Our crop prospects are fine. Oats a fair quality and yield exceeds last year. Corn promises to be the greatest crop we have ever had. It will need six weeks of good weather without frost.

Nebraska—Crops in the prospect of a good gathering for a large corn crop. The small grain crop has also been excellent. Everything indicates an excellent business.

Missouri—Wheat, oats, corn, and hay will amount to a full average crop. General business is good.

Kansas Long on Corn.

Kansas—The corn crop has never been better in the last thirteen years. The wheat crop will be about 45,000,000 bushels, and the bulk of this will be consumed at home. Possibly 60 per cent of the corn will be fed to feeders.

Wyoming—General business conditions are good, probably a little better than the last two years.

Montana—The demand for money will perhaps be greater this fall than usual, but with our wool, mutton, and beef sales banks will be able to care for the same and still have a large surplus.

Washington—General business conditions are good. Our principal businesses are dairying, lumbering, and fruit growing.

Oregon—We look for a good grain crop of a slightly better quality than last year. Business in general here is more than good.

California—The great industry is fruit, and all varieties are producing a large crop, particularly prunes. General business is about equal to one year ago. Our deposits show considerable of an increase.

New Mexico—This territory does not produce a large amount of either wheat, corn, or oats. Stock of all kinds is doing well. General business has seldom been better.

Colorado—On account of shortage of water, little irrigation has been done, and the possibility is that crops will be short. General business seems to hold its own pretty well.

Texas—Cotton—our main money crop—is nearer the average at this time. General business, including bank deposits, follows the cotton crop.

Tennessee—The general crop situation is good, except wheat, which is estimated at five-eighths of an average. General business good.

Indian Territory—Lack of rain at the proper time killed our corn and oats, but have a fine prospect for cotton. This country is undergoing what you might call a relapse from the boom of last year.

Louisiana—Look for a healthy, normal commercial demand for money in this section until January. Our crops—cotton, sugar, and rice, are promising and price is fair.

Mississippi—The cotton crop will be 25 per cent greater than last year, but indications are that the price will be 25 per cent less. General business situation is at its best.

Alabama—Crop situation is somewhat mixed. It is estimated that the production of cotton this year will be about normal. The situation here is satisfactory.

Georgia—Present prospects are that the cotton crop will be as large and probably larger than the last season. Merchants, as a whole, are in good condition and they will do more business than last year.

Utah—Our principal business is mining. General business will be equally as good this fall as last if not better.

CANAL TRUSTEES REJECT GLUCOSE COMPANY OFFER.

Drainage Board Refuses to Pay Price Demanded for Land That Is Needed to Widen the River.

The drainage trustees and representatives of the Glucose Sugar Refining company could not agree yesterday on the price set on dock property near Taylor street, needed for widening the river. It is predicted that a settlement on the price of the land and reconstruction of the company's property will not be effected out of court.

Negotiation have been in progress for several weeks, and the trustees submitted figures which they insisted on as a maximum amount for settlement. The total of these was $118,155, exclusive of an item of $9,715 for building a new dock. The sugar company wanted about $130,000, which was considered excessive.

At a meeting of the engineering committee of the board during the day Chief Engineer Randolph was directed to arrange for the immediate construction of a temporary bridge at Harrison street. The trustees decided they could authorize the present contractor to do this work without calling for other bids by including the expenditure of about $13,000 in the "extra work" clause of his contract.

It is expected the bridge will be open for the public in less than sixty days. It also was said that the Randolph street bridge will be open before Jan. 1.

FALSE CLEW IN ROGERS CASE.

Police for a Time Believe They Have Found the Missing Evanston Boy.

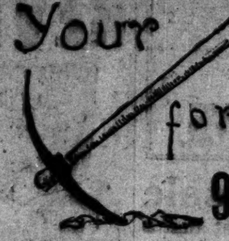
For a time last evening the police believed they had found Frank Ely Rogers, who, with his aunt, Miss Florence Ely, disappeared from Evanston over a year ago. The boy, who gives his name as Clarence Johnston, resembles young Rogers closely.

Young Johnston is the boy who first declared that his home was in Gas City, Ind., and that his father had deserted him on a train at Santa Barbara, Cal. Last evening he admitted that he had never been in the Indiana town, but that he ran away from his home in San Francisco.

The boy is 14 years old and apparently of good parents. While the police are satisfied that he is not young Rogers, they doubt that he has given the right name. He will be held pending developments.

Good Fishing in Wisconsin.

Good fishing in the lakes and rivers of Wisconsin and northern Michigan. Unusually low rates and first class train service via the Northwestern line during the fishing season. Free pamphlet, maps, and schedules at ticket office, 212 Clark street, or at Wells Street Station.



Our final throw-out of negligé shirts.

About 140 dozen, more than we can wear. How's your supply?

They'll do a fast sprint at these figures: 95c now for our $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3 superlative negligés. Entire assortment without reserve. Mostly Star, Manhattan and our own specially made brands.

If you can't be the ice-man, with these shirts you can be the next coolest thing; certainly a nice man.

Light-weight fall o'coats for cool, early A. M.'s and late P. M.'s., $15 to $35. A choice assortment, including cravenetterain coats, etc.

F. M. ATWOOD,
THE ROGERS, PEET & CO. CLOTHING
"ATWOOD BLDG." We fill orders by mail.
Cor. Clark and Madison Sts.

NEWS OF THE RAILWAYS.

POOR SHOWING MADE BY THE ATCHISON FOR JULY.

Result No Surprise, as Net Earnings Had Been Kept Up for Some Time Only by Large Savings in Operating Expenses—Clover Leaf in a Tangle Over Rates—Building Active in Oklahoma—Tariff on Wheat Products Reduced.

The poor showing made by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé in its statement for the month of July, issued yesterday, caused no surprise in railroad circles. It has been generally known that the gross earnings of the road for the last few months were growing smaller and that the net earnings were kept up at high figures by a large saving in the operating expenses.

Experienced railroad officials did not believe that it was possible to operate the road so economically for any length of time, and they predicted that with the end of the fiscal year, June 30, a material increase in operating expenses would be shown.

There is a net decrease in income from operation, as compared with the previous year, of $345,511, the largest decrease for any one month in several years. Following is a detailed statement of earnings and expenses for the month of July, 1902:

Mo. of July.	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$4,346,708	$4,763,502	*$416,794
Oper. expenses	3,240,603	3,710,186	*469,583
Net earnings	1,106,105	1,053,316	$52,788
Taxes and rentals	185,137	171,170	13,967
Income from oper.	1,471,242	1,882,146	*$345,511
Av. oper'd mileage	7,945	7,810	135

*Decrease.

Trouble Over Glass Blowers' Rates.

The Clover Leaf railroad and the Central Passenger association are in a tangle over rate difficulties. It appears that a short time ago the association gave a rate to the glass blowers to go from one factory to another. The agreement was that tickets should be sold only when the applicant held a certain sort of a certificate, which gave him the right to the rate.

It seems now that the Clover Leaf has violated the association rules and obtained glass blowers' business by carrying their baggage free from the point from which they start to the point where they take the Clover Leaf road, and in addition selling them tickets without requiring the certificate. The association has called upon connecting lines to refuse to accept that business from the Clover Leaf.

Higher Rates on Wheat Products.

Traffic officials of the Minneapolis-Chicago lines have agreed to advance the rates on wheat products from Minneapolis and St. Paul to Chicago from 7½ cents a hundred pounds to 10 cents, effective after the usual ten days' notice. They also agreed to make a reduction in flour rates from Minneapolis to Chicago from 12 cents to 10 cents, and to St. Louis from 16 cents to 13 cents.

Railroad Building in Oklahoma.

More new railroad construction is now in progress in Oklahoma than in any other section of the country. Within a radius of 100 miles of Guthrie, Okla., more than 1,000 miles of lines are being laid down. In that section of the territory railroad contractors are so busy that construction camps of rival roads are within calling distance of one another. The Santa Fé, Rock Island, St. Louis and San Francisco, and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas are laying tracks as rapidly as possible. It is predicted that within a few years Oklahoma will be one of the greatest railroad districts in the country.

Transportation Notes.

The Iowa Central railroad, which is now an integral part of the Rock Island system, reports its earnings for July as follows:

Month of July—	1902.	1901.	Increase.
Gross	$236,473	$177,177	$61,301
Operating expenses	146,227	146,227	1,839
Net	32,070	30,550	1,520
Other income	5,729	2,136	7,865
Total income	37,798	28,414	9,383

*Deficit.

The executive committee of the Western Passenger association will meet here today to consider questions regarding hotel ticket offices at Chicago, acceptances of excess baggage money coupons in payment of storage charges on baggage, issuance of trip half fare permits on account of religious work, prosecution of frauds, and pass agreement for 1903.

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Kavanagh—211567—Frank Whocki vs. P. C., C. & St. L. R. R. Co.; on findg., $2,500; satisfied.—211687—Charles Friend et al. vs. L. F. Jerauron; on findg., $300; satisfied.

Decrees.

Judge Kavanagh—4045—Wood vs. Wood; dec. div.—5120—Harris vs. Harris; dec. div.—4624—Schenck vs. Schenck; dec. div.—4869—Sullivan vs. Nellesen; dec. div.—2942—Butler vs. Finn; dec. sale.—4642—Ward vs. Pennhallegon; def. dec.—2338—Maynard vs Chadwick; dec. sale.

Judge Tuthill—228106—Maywood Co. vs. Dodd; dec. sale.—225823—Holstrom vs. Fee; dec.—230659—People vs. Calloway; dec.—230147—Ferris vs. Ferris; dec. div.—225835—Stewart vs. Stewart; dec. div.—4836—Mather vs. Mather; dec. div.

Judge Burke—225724—Cogreshall vs. Cogreshall; dec.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

8038—August Floegel; liabil., $5,474; assets, $5,841. Derby & Rothschild, attys.

8037—Edward A. Didrickson; liabil., $606. R. S. Carroll, atty.

8035—Lee O. Matthews; liabil., $1,132; no assets. G. W. Spunner, atty.

8039—Israel Mintz; liabil., $6,652; no assets. B. J. Samuels, atty.

8040—Joseph W. Burnett; liabil., $674; no assets. J. W. Burton, atty.

8041—A. Nathan Gumbiner; liabil., $5,136; no assets. F. E. Goldthum, atty.

8042—George A. Hubbard; liabil., $1,230; assets, $400. D. S. Wentworth, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

SUPERIOR COURT.
Judge Kavanagh—Emergency business.
CIRCUIT COURT.
Judge Tuthill—Emergency business.
COUNTY COURT.
Judge Wheatley—No announcement.
PROBATE COURT.
Judge Cutting—No court.
FEDERAL COURT.
Federal courts—No court.

Where There Is No Hay Fever.

Only one night from Chicago via the Northwestern line to Ashland, Gogebic, Marquette, and other Wisconsin and north Michigan points. Balsam fir and pine woods and cool, dry air. Hotels, excellent hunting and fishing, and no hay fever. Low rates now in effect. Ticket office, 212 Clark street (Tel. Cent. 721) and Wells St. Station.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

With the markets out of line for corn shipments, the tonnage offered is sufficient to take care of the wheat, and the situation remains unchanged. Charters reported were the Algonquin for wheat to Georgian Bay and the Hariem and Black Rock for wheat to Buffalo.

CLEVELAND, O.—Coal carriers are waiting to load at all Lake Erie ports and shippers are unable to furnish cargoes. The Milwaukee rate, which has held at 45 cents, has been weak for some time, and one boat was placed today at 40 cents, and that will be the rate hereafter. The ore freight situation is unchanged.

Vessel Movements.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Mary Elphicke.
GREEN BAY, Wis.—Arrived—Havana.
HURON, O.—Arrived—Maryland. Cleared—Coal—Clint, Glandstone.
ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Swain, Goshawk. Cleared—Maunalos, Hundred Twenty-six.
RACINE, Wis.—Arrived—Luckey, Lizzie Madden, Maggie Marshall. Cleared — William Edwards, Escanaba.
PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Clinton consort, Cleveland; Louise, Down—Queen of the Lakes. Arrived—J. B. Ketchum.
FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Saunders, Saturn, Alcona, Alta. Cleared—Coal—Mecosta, Duluth. Light—Lake Shore, Duluth; Presque Isle, Marquette.
TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Cleared—Zenith City, Brower, Hundred Thirty-one, Hundred Thirty-seven, Murphy, Warriner, Lake Erie; Marcala, Lake Michigan.
ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Starrucca, Centurion, Bransford, Thomas Adams, Saturn, L. C. Smith, Chester—Coal—Tuscarora. Light—Waldo, George Peavey, Penobscot, Duluth.
MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Falcon, Andaste. Cleared—Susan Ashtabula; Pontiac, Buffalo.
ESCANABA,

PENALTIES FOR TRUSTS URGED.

President of American Bar Association Points Way to Check Combines.

ONLY RELIEF IN SIGHT.

Power Vested in Congress to Punish Would Solve Problem, He Says.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 27.—[Special.]—A constitutional amendment enabling congress to inflict penalties on combines that stifle competition was pointed to as the solution of the trust problem by N. M. Rose of Little Rock, Ark., president of the American Bar association, at the opening of the twenty-fifth annual meeting of that body here today. This, he declared, is superior to the plan of giving congress direct control of the corporations, which might lead to an era of corruption or to removing the tariff or passing a law making publicity obligatory.

After referring feelingly to the death of President McKinley and declaring that eradication of the principles of anarchy was of more importance than merely punishing the assassin Mr. Rose turned his attention to the trust problem.

Tells of Growth of Trusts.

"Our country, during the last thirty years, has witnessed a change of such magnitude as to be without a single parallel in history," he said. "By means of vast aggregations of money corporate monopolies have been established in almost every branch of industry. What effect these tremendous creations will have on our future destiny, morally, socially, financially, legally, no one ventures to predict with any degree of confidence.

"We have at present more than 4,000 monopolies, to say nothing of price and rate fixing and profit sharing pools, with buying and selling agencies exercising functions similar to those of the trusts, all organized for the purpose of fixing prices arbitrarily. Without the advantage of fixing prices in this manner there would be no motive for the combination of many diverse interests in one.

Object Is to Raise Prices.

"In most cases neither the purpose nor the power is denied; on the contrary, they are proclaimed for the object of raising the price of corporate securities. That the advantage arising from suppressed rivalry and the power to dictate prices is duly appreciated is shown by the vast amount of money lavishly invested in these combinations.

"As the number of these runs high up into the thousands, we might naturally suppose that the process had been exhausted; but every day brings its report of some new and gigantic alliance, the future of which cannot be predicted, since most of these corporations are authorized to buy up the stock of any other corporation, so that they may at any time acquire supreme control over industries extremely remote from those ostensibly in view when they were first created.

Publicity Is Not Sufficient.

"A remedy sometimes proposed with seeming confidence is that of publicity. Publicity is a good thing, but the remedy of publicity would only serve to prolong the present situation. There is want of state uniformity; while it can hardly be contended that, as matters now stand, congress has power to pass laws for the investigation of the affairs of corporations organized under the state law.

"Another proposed remedy is the modification of the tariff laws as far as they affect prices of commodities sold by the trusts. This would open the trusts to the competition of the foreign markets, and to that extent it would place a limit on the power to raise prices. It would not, of course, affect all the trusts, and hence it would be inadequate, though it might prove useful.

Fears an Era of Corruption.

"Another remedy suggested is an amendment to the federal constitution giving power to congress to control all corporations; a drastic remedy indeed, one that would greatly strengthen the lobby, one that might introduce an era of political corruption hitherto unknown.

"Lastly, it is suggested that the federal constitution should be so amended as to enable congress to prevent by appropriate penalties the slugging of rivals by local underselling, by 'factors' agreements,' and by similar devices. This would not prevent the investment of large sums in corporate hands, and corporations with large capital would still have an advantage, but laws of that kind would no doubt be rigidly enforced by the juries of the country, and public sympathy in favor of new and struggling enterprises would probably go a long way to redress the balance.

Sherman Act Is Unavailing.

"Great hope was entertained of the Sherman act at the time of its passage, but you who have carefully read the opinions of the Supreme court of the United States will agree that it does not meet all of the difficulty of the situation. Whether that act exhausted the powers of congress over the subject matter is a question about which there may be a difference of opinion."

Primary Election Not Liked.

Mr. Rose then spoke of the primary election and minority representation laws of some states, calling both bad. He declared the purpose of elections is to silence minorities, and said the primary elections did not eliminate the political boss, as was hoped, since the demagogues found it just as easy to control two elections as one.

The law for the initiative and referendum he also disposed of, saying that any measure must be extremely bad before it is so bad that no member of any state legislature can be found to introduce it.

The clamor for the election of United States senators by a popular vote he characterized as a distrust of legislative bodies. On the question he took no decided stand. He warmly commended laws which tend to accelerate proceedings in court.

Law School Representatives Meet.

The Association of American Law Schools was in session this afternoon. An address was made by the president, Emlin McLain of the University of Chicago college of law.

A paper was presented by Joseph H. Beale of Harvard and the University of Chicago law schools on the "First Year Curriculum for Law Schools."

The bar association, in general session, this evening listened to papers by Judge M. D. Chalmers of London, parliamentary counsel to the British treasury, on "Codification of Mercantile Law," and Judge A. M. Eaton of Providence, R. I., on "The Origin of Municipal Incorporation in England and in the United States."

YE HOUSEKEEPER'S CORNER.

For pineapple lemonade, make a syrup by boiling a cup of sugar and a pint of water ten minutes; add can grated pineapple and juice of three lemons; cool, strain, and add quart of ice water.

Brass ornaments, when not gilt or lacquered, may be cleaned and a fine color given to them by two simple processes. The first is to beat sal ammoniac into a fine powder, then to moisten it with soft water, rubbing it on the ornaments, which must be heated, and rubbed dry with bran and whitening. The second is to wash the brasswork with rock alum boiled in a strong lye, in the proportion of one ounce to a pint; when dry it must be rubbed with tripoli. Either of these processes will give brass the brilliancy of gold.

Gingerette is one of the favorite "sharp" drinks. This is the method of preparing it: Put two gallons of water, eight sliced lemons (seeds removed), and two ounces of bruised ginger root in a porcelain kettle and boil ten minutes. While this is boiling, put four pounds of granulated sugar in two gallons of cold water; add one ounce of cream of tartar, and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Turn all in a large stone crock or jar, mix well, and add three-fourths of a cup of yeast. Let sit stand over night and bottle after straining.

MANDEL BROTHERS' DAILY STORE NEWS.

Great California blanket sale

Once each year we give our patrons a rare treat that is always thoroughly appreciated if we are to judge by the enthusiasm displayed by the crowds surrounding these blanket counters.

This great event is now at its height and buying interest far exceeds that of previous years.

Qualities are better, assortments more varied and prices lower. You can't afford to let this sale pass and then pay ¼ to ⅓ more for your winter blankets later on.

Fine handsome white blankets, wool filling on a light cotton warp, size 72x84 inches, **$4 a pair.**

White and natural gray California wool blankets, with fine cotton spool warp, which makes them stronger—handsome blue, red and pink borders, size 72x84, **6.50 a pair.**

Very large, fine Australian wool blankets, snow white, soft and fluffy, choice new borders, size 80x90 inches, **8.50 a pair.**

Fancy Jacquard figured wrapper blankets, immense variety to choose from, 72 x 86, **5.50.**

Eiderdown comforters, covered with sateen, in beautiful new patterns for single and double beds, size 5x7 feet, **5.50;** 6x7 feet, **6.50.**

Extra fine Australian wool blankets, in white only, size 60x90 inches, **$7 a pair.**

Wrapper and bath robe blankets, beautiful plaids, size 72 x80, **3.50 each.**

Odorless down comforters, silk covered on one side, in exquisite new colorings, 6x7 feet, **$10 each.**

Lamb's wool filled comforters, clean, wholesome and comfortable, size 72x84, **4.75 each.**

Imported satin hemmed bedspreads, exclusive patterns, **4.25.**

Heavy fringed satin bedspreads for brass beds, full size, **$4.**

Basement—11-4 white wool blankets, special bargain, **$2.**

Basement: 11-4 extra heavy white wool blankets, $3.

Clearance stylish silk waists, 2.85

We still have on hand a goodly number of those exquisite silk waists from our spring and summer stock, but they won't be here long at the price we've put on them.

Positively the greatest bargains ever known in this section, for every waist is in the height of style and just as desirable as when first displayed.

We can't hold them for anything like their original prices, for new fall lines are demanding more room every day—so prefer to sell them at an actual loss.

About 500 handsome silk waists in popular Parisian colorings—a charming variety of styles—embroidered, tucked and hemstitched effects—pinks, greens, whites, yellows, navies, reds, etc.—waists that sold regularly at $8, $10 and $12—to close unrestrictedly at **2.85.**

Discount sale of shoes.

Our entire stock of shoes, Oxfords, and colonials is now on sale at a discount of

20% to 50%.

No matter what the previous reduction may have been, fresh discounts are deducted.

Both main and basement sections

are included in this wonderful event, all our summer shoes and many new fall lines being offered.

50% reductions on special tables. *20% reductions on anything in stock.*

Great values in lace curtains.

That great sale, inaugurated last Monday, continues with increasing activity. Thrifty housewives are eagerly taking advantage of the remarkable values made possible through this great purchase.

There's still an abundance of fine curtains in exquisite patterns to choose from, and if you've a single curtain need it's to your interest to supply it without delay, for these are undeniably the greatest lace curtain bargains ever offered in Chicago.

Real Arabian lace curtains, hand-made, at **$5, 5.50, 6.35, 7.85, 8.95, $15** and **19.75.**

Real thread Brussels net curtains, at **$3, 4.25, $5, 6.35, 7.50, 8.75, $10.**

Real Swiss made Irish point curtains, at **3.50, $4, 4.50, $5, 5.75, 6.25** and **7.50.**

Real Renaissance curtains, hand-made, at **4.85, 6.75, 7.75, $10, 12.50** and **16.50.**

Real Battenberg door panels, hand-made, at **95c, 1.35, 1.75, 2.25** and **3.25** each.

Real Cluny curtains, hand-made, at **3.25, 3.75, 4.25, $5** and **6.50.**

Real hand-made Saxony Brussels curtains, at **12.50, $15, $18, 22.50, 27.50, 32.50** and up to **$125.**

Bargains in candlesticks

The accompanying cut illustrates a solid brass candlestick, complete with fancy candle, brass candle-holder and fancy shade, that we are selling for

....35c....

Flannelette remnants, 5c.

Basement.

Manufacturers' remnants of the coming season's goods—those new French designs which are now coming into style.

We have just made an extensive purchase which makes it possible for us to give saving shoppers an August offering of real bargain meaning.

Style, quality and coloring are of the very best. These flannelettes are just what women need for house gowns, kimonos and dressing sacques and are the greatest bargain you ever saw at the price—5c, 9c and 12½c per yard.

5c 9c

REVELL'S

$9.75

MORRIS EASY CHAIRS

Has loose, reversible cushions.

This richly carved and massive piece of parlor or library furniture, with its handsomely upholstered cushions and patent detachable adjustable back, will impress on every one who beholds it the fact that Messrs. Revell & Co. have placed on sale the most desirable bargain ever offered to the public. The frames are of a new and original design; workmanship first class. Has large, comfortable arms, deep seat and high back. Can be had in golden oak, weathered oak, or mahogany finish. Seat is supported on thoroughly tempered steel springs, thereby insuring a luxuriance of comfort not obtainable in any other Morris chair.

Complete, $9.75.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

Cor. Adams and Wabash.

BARNES HATS

FALL SHAPES

$3 Unsurpassed for Quality and Style. **$4**

CHAS. W. BARNES,

Corner Wabash and Monroe.

FOR NEWS OF THE SPORTING WORLD READ THE TRIBUNE.

SUMMER RESORTS.

WESTERN.

THE PENNOYER Kenosha, Wis. A Health Resort Water Cure Rest Cure Sanitarium of the highest grade for individuals and rest-seekers. Sanitary conditions perfect, safety of best medical skill and nursing. Autumns delightful. For booklet address N. A. PENNOYER, M. D., Manager.

CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL.

10 minutes from heart of city. Situated on boulevard and lake shore drive. SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED BOOKLET.

EASTERN.

SUMMER VACATION TOURS, East, via Great Lakes, Rail, River, and Ocean, "A Wonderful Book," 100 pages, with 8 maps of Routes and Rates. Northern and Eastern Resorts. FREE on application, or mailed for 2 stamps. WM. A. FLETCHER, The Tourist Agent, 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

HOTELS.

SHERMAN HOUSE

Cor. RANDOLPH and CLARK STS.

ROOMS $1.00 UPWARDS.

Changed ownership. Refurnished and redecorated throughout. Large, airy and comfortable rooms. Finest Turkish baths in the city. Centrally located. Near all the theaters, street cars and L. roads. Popular price restaurants.

THE **TAVISTOCK HOTEL,**

COVENT GARDEN, LONDON, W. C.

The only Bachelor Hotel in the Metropolis. Clubllke comforts and facilities.

Favorite Resort for Colonials. Most central and close to leading Theaters and Music Halls. Excellent Cuisine—Very Moderate Tariff. CHAS. SHERIDAN, Manager.

THE MORAINE, HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS.

The finest and best equipped summer hotel in the West, only 25 minutes from Chicago, will remain open into October.

EDUCATIONAL.

ST. JOHNS

Military Academy

"THE AMERICAN RUGBY."

Delafield, Wisconsin.

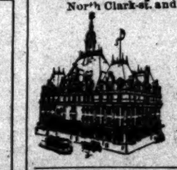
New term begins Sept. 18. A limited number of vacancies.

The undersigned will be at the AURITORIUM HOTEL, ANNEX from Sept. 1 until the evening of the 18th (except Sunday the 17th,) for the purpose of consultation with parents looking for a school.

OFFICE HOURS:
Morning, 10 to 12. Afternoon, 3 to 5:30.
DR. SYDNEY T. SMYTHE, President.
GEN. CHARLES KING, Prof. of Military Science.
CAPT. R. FELTON FARRAND, Comd't of Cadets.

Bush Temple Conservatory,

North Clark-st. and Chicago-av., Chicago.



A MODERN SCHOOL OF MUSIC.

Eminent Instructors in all Departments.

SOPER SCHOOL OF ORATORY. H. M. Soper. Special Catalogue.

BERLITZ SCHOOL of LANGUAGES.

Fall Term Begins Sept. 8. Catalogue Mailed Free. KENNETH M. BRADLEY, Director.

SHORTHAND. Two months complete course, typewriting, included, guaranteed or money refunded. For circulars, call or address 151 Throop-st., Chicago, Ill. CHICAGO BUSINESS UNIVERSITY.

Arey Conservatory, Steinway Hall. All branches Music, Dramatic Art, Languages, Dancing, etc. Pupils prepared for OPERATIC and DRAMATIC STAGE. Examinations for scholarships daily, 10 to 12 a. m.

CHURCH-PARSONS SCHOOL. Fine Arts Building. Science of music taught pictorially. Illustrated lecture-lesson free. Send for booklet. Parents invited. Phones, Wabash 811, Drexel 2158.

THE FRANCES SHIMER ACADEMY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO. A Home School for Girls and Young Women. Opens September 9. REV. WM. P. McKEE, Dean, Mt. Carroll, Ill.

TODD SEMINARY FOR BOYS—An ideal school for young boys near Chicago. No serious sickness in fifty years. We educate the whole boy. Send for prospectus. NOBLE HILL, WOODSTOCK, ILL.

CENTRAL CONSERVATORY

WALTON PERKINS, Pres. Fall term Sept. 8. Catalogue mailed free. AUDITORIUM BLDG.

CHICAGO SCHOOL Day and Evening Courses. 801 Monadnock, 99 Jackson-blvd. OF BOOKKEEPING.

REVELL'S

$9.75

MORRIS EASY CHAIRS

Has loose, reversible cushions.

This richly carved and massive piece of parlor or library furniture, with its handsomely upholstered cushions and patent detachable adjustable back, will impress on every one who beholds it the fact that Messrs. Revell & Co. have placed on sale the most desirable bargain ever offered to the public. The frames are of a new and original design; workmanship first class. Has large, comfortable arms, deep seat and high back. Can be had in golden oak, weathered oak, or mahogany finish. Seat is supported on thoroughly tempered steel springs, thereby insuring a luxuriance of comfort not obtainable in any other Morris chair.

Complete, $9.75.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

Cor. Adams and Wabash.

BARNES HATS

FALL SHAPES

$3 Unsurpassed for Quality and Style. **$4**

CHAS. W. BARNES,

Corner Wabash and Monroe.

FOR NEWS OF THE SPORTING WORLD READ THE TRIBUNE.

EDUCATIONAL.

Metropolitan Business College.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 2.

A High Grade Commercial School. Experienced Teachers. Complete Equipment. Up-to-Date Courses of Study. 20 years under same management.

DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.

THE COMMERCIAL COURSE includes Bookkeeping, Penmanship, Business Arithmetic, Letter Writing, Commercial Law, Forms, Customs, etc.

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING. Munson Shorthand and "Touch" Typewriting by our new and popular system. Practical Grammar and Office Work.

SCHOOL OF ADVERTISING. This is the one profession that is not overcrowded and which pays salaries from $1,000 to $10,000 a year. Instruction by a practical "ad" man.

BUSINESS LAW SCHOOL. Conducted by leading Chicago lawyers. All the laws pertaining to business. Indorsed by leading firms. Evening classes.

CLASSES IN RAPID FIGURING. Under an expert practical figurer. The drudgery of figuring reduced one-third under our new system. Call, write or phone for prospectus.

O. M. POWERS, Principal.

7 MONROE ST., CHICAGO.

Grammar School AND Preparatory

For both sexes in common and high-school studies; also preparatory courses for those wishing to enter medical or law colleges or institutions for higher education. Fall term begins Sept. 2. Call or write for catalogue.

ATHENAEUM

18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

FOR BOYS

The Academy of the University of Chicago.

Situated at Morgan Park, eight miles from main University buildings. Prepares boys for all colleges and technical schools. Courses in Manual Training. A faculty of eleven experienced men. Eleven acres of playground. Seven modern buildings, including gymnasium, dormitories, with perfect sanitary furnishings, complete laboratory and library equipment. Expenses, $250 to $500. 45 scholarships. Fall term begins September 16. For catalogue, address

WAYLAND J. CHASE, Dean, Morgan Park, Ill.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE

Established 1867. DR. F. ZIEGFELD, President. COLLEGE BUILDING, 202 Michigan-blvd., CHICAGO, ILL.

The largest and most complete College of Music and Dramatic Art in America.

Music SCHOOL OF ACTING ELOCUTION MODERN LANGUAGES.

The FACULTY OF 62 MEMBERS is the strongest ever assembled in an institution of its kind.

37TH SEASON BEGINS SEPT. 8TH.

New Illustrated Catalogue Mailed Free.

DVORAK Dramatic School

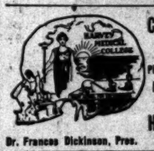
EDWARD DVORAK, Director. Kimball Hall, 243 Wabash-av., Chicago, Ill. Thorough and practical training in the art of ACTING, ELOCUTION, ORATORY. Fall term begins Sept. 8. Catalogue mailed free.

NORTHWESTERN MILITARY ACADEMY

HIGHLAND PARK, ILL. Col. H. P. Davidson, A.M., Supt. Prepares thoroughly for college, the Gov., Academies, or Business. Limited numbers. Small classes. Competent instructors. Home surroundings. A limited number of vacancies open for the coming year. Send for catalogue. Chicago office, 1212 Tribune Bldg. Hours, 11 a. m. to 2 p. m.

FOR **Boys Rugby School** 15 Miles from CHICAGO.

Prepares boys for all colleges, technical schools, and for business. Three buildings, with laboratory, library, and manual training equipment. A HOME SCHOOL, where boys live with their masters. For catalogue and other information address WM. R. TROWBRIDGE, Headmaster, Kenilworth, Ill.



COLLEGE FOR ADULTS

EVENING SESSIONS CHEMICAL, BACTERIOLOGICAL, PHYSIOLOGICAL AND ANATOMICAL Laboratories Well Equipped. MEDICAL COURSE FOUR YEARS

Harvey Medical College

Dr. Frances Dickinson, Pres. 107, 109, 171 S. Clark-st.

KENILWORTH HALL

Mrs. Babcock's Suburban Boarding and Day School for Girls. Certificate admits to College. Send for illustrated catalogue to

MRS. MARY KEYES BABCOCK, Kenilworth, Ill.

LAKE FOREST SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

(Formerly Lake Forest Academy.)

Thorough instruction in all branches, fitting for admission to college or university. Equipment complete. Physical training; ample play field; situation healthful and delightful. The house system under care of the boys live and the large number of Masters to the number of students assures individual attention. Catalogue on application. Address JOSEPH CURTIS SLOANE, Head Master. Box 25, Lake Forest, Ill.

SCHOOL TEACHERS ARE WANTED FOR **MANUAL TRAINING.**

One or two years' course at The Chicago Sloyd School enables teachers to thoroughly master the subject. Lessons also in Drawing, Wood Carving, Burnt Wood Etching, Leather Embossing, Bent Iron Work and Indian Basket Weaving, Embroidery, etc. Arrangements made for evening instruction if desired. Miss ANNA BURRAY, Director, 147-153 Fifth-av. (Lees Bldg.), Chicago.

ST. VIATEUR'S COLLEGE KANKAKEE, ILLINOIS. (Fifty-Six Miles from Chicago.) Full Commercial, Classical and Scientific Courses. Military training free. Minim department under care of the Sisters. For particulars, address Very Rev. M. J. Marsile, C. S. V.

THE DANCES OF ALL NATIONS. The Art of Dancing is Older than Civilization. FINEST PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PROF. C. HENRY JACOBSEN, Auditorium Bldg., Wabash-av. entrance. The Foremost School of Dancing in the West.

CHICAGO LAW SCHOOL. PREPARATORY COURSE FREE. Regular courses lead to LL. B. Post Graduate courses. PRACTICE A SPECIALTY, 92% pass the bar examinations. 2,156 students in all departments of university. EVENING SESSIONS. Address CHANCELLOR J. J. TOBIAS, 115 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

THE DEARBORN SEMINARY, 2252 Calumet Avenue, Chicago. Boarding and Day School for Girls. Affiliated with the University of Chicago. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, and other colleges. Opens Oct. 1st. MISS EVELYN MATZ, Principal.

Ward Seminary for Young Ladies, Nashville, Tenn. 57th year begins Sept. 25. Literary Courses, Music, Art, Elocution. Certificates to Wellesley, Baltimore Women's College. Faculty, 22. 302d and separate allowed. For Catalogue & address J. D. BLANTON, LL.D., Sec'y & G.

EDUCATIONAL.

Racine College Grammar School

"The School That Makes Manly Boys."

Pupils Study Under an Instructor. Its Graduates enter any College or University. Social and Athletic Advantages. Military Drill.

For Boys of 9 to 17 Years Old.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application to HENRY DOUGLAS ROBINSON, Warden, Racine, Wisconsin.

GIRTON SCHOOL,

16 Miles from Chicago.

A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

Beautifully and healthfully located at Winnetka, Ill., half hour by railroad from Chicago. College Preparatory, General and Special Courses. Fine opportunities in Art, Music, Elocution, and Physical Training. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, and other Colleges. Send for illustrated Year Book, which describes the school.

FRANCIS KING COOKE, A. B., Principal.

The Anna Morgan Studios Fine Arts Building, Chicago. School of Expression Voice Culture, Literature, Physical Culture, Dramatic Art. Weekly lectures on Expression, Literature and French Literature (in French). Classes open Sept. 14th. Application for competition for the *Richard Mansfield Prize Scholarship* received until Oct. 1st. Catalog free.

AMERICAN CONSERVATORY KIMBALL HALL, 239 to 243 Wabash Avenue, CHICAGO, ILLS.

The Leading School of Music and Dramatic Art in the West. Fifty eminent instructors. Teachers' training department. Unrivaled free advantages. Special rates to talented students of limited means. Fall term begins Monday, Sept. 8, 1902. Catalogue Mailed Free.

JOHN J. HATTSTAEDT, President.

THE JOHN MARSHALL LAW SCHOOL

FACULTY—Hon. John N. Jewett; Dean; Judge Jenkins (U. S. Cir. Ct.); Justice Cartwright (Ill. Sup. Ct.); Geo. E. Adams; S. S. Gregory; John W. Ela; A. J. Eddy; Sigmund Zeisler; A. C. Barnes; D. L. Morrill; E. O. Brown; T. B. Marston, and others. Evening Sessions. Lectures, Text-Book and case study. For catalogue address EDW. T. LEE, Sec'y, 10, 107 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY COLLEGE Chester, Pa. 41st Year begins Sept. 17. "A Military School of the Highest order."—U. S. War Dept. Degrees in Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Arts. Thorough Preparatory Courses. Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry. Catalogues of Col. C. E. HYATT, President.

ASCHAM HALL

DAY AND BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

4746 Madison-av., Chicago. Certificate admits to Vassar, Wellesley, Smith and other colleges. Kindergarten. Primary, Academic, College Preparatory and Special Courses. Opens Sept. 17th. Principal, Miss Kate Byam Martin.

Visitation Academy

RIDGE-AV., EVANSTON, ILLINOIS.

Boarding and Day School for young ladies and little girls. Under the direction of the Sisters of the Visitation. Address THE SISTER DIRECTRESS.

NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND.

Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. College for Women and Preparatory School for Girls. Teachers Specialists in every department. Lectures of national reputation. System of education thorough and progressive. Extensive grounds. Location unsurpassed. Suburb of Baltimore. Spacious buildings, completely equipped. Charles Street Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

THE LORING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS 2535 Prairie Avenue, Chicago. Certificate admits to Vassar, Smith, Wellesley, Wells, or Baltimore Woman's College. Bryn Mawr preparation a specialty. A few resident pupils received. Boys in kindergarten and primary depts. School-carriage. Opens Sept. 24th. STELLA DYER LORING, Principal.

SPRING HILL COLLEGE, NEAR MOBILE, ALA. Boarding college conducted by the Jesuit Fathers. Preparatory, Commercial, and Classical Courses. French, German, and Spanish taught without extra charge. Climate exceptionally healthy. For particulars apply to the REV. W. J. TYRRELL, S. J., President.

Hahnemann Medical College AND HOSPITAL OF CHICAGO. High School graduates admitted on diploma. College and university students may be given advanced standing. Clinical work throughout the four years. If interested write to the Registrar. T. HENRY WILSON, 2311 Cottage Grove-av.

WATERMAN HALL SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS. A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Preparatory, Academic, and Special Courses. Fourteenth year. Will begin September 17th. Meet the Rector at 510 Masonic Temple, Mondays, 10:30 to 12 m. Address REV. B. FRANK FLEETWOOD, D. D., Rector.

THE STARRETT SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. (Incorporated.) 4707 Vincennes-av. MRS. HELEN EKIN STARRETT, Principal. A day and boarding school for young ladies and children. College preparatory and finishing courses. Special arrangement in separate house for boarding pupils under 12. Circulars on application.

SYLLABIC SHORTHAND COLLEGE. 1201-3, 388 Dearborn-st. Full Course GUARANTEED IN 30 DAYS or money refunded. Positions for graduates. Easiest, briefest, and cheapest system. Day, evening. Mail courses. Call or write.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE OF LAW Hon. Joel M. Longenecker, Dean. Prepares for admission to bar and LL. B. degree. Evening sessions. Call or send for catalog. Pres. John E. Ricketts, LL. M., 216, 145 La Salle-st.

ILLINOIS COLLEGE OF LAW Open all the Year. BOTH DAY and EVENING. 300 students; 70 passed Ill. bar exam. last year. Send for catalog to Howard N. Ogden, Pres., 112 Clark-st

SCHOOL OF DOMESTIC ARTS. Miss Isabel Bullard, Director Classes in Cookery, Millinery and Dressmaking. Term begins Oct. 6th. 153 Fifth Av., Chicago - - - 12th Floor.

LABARTHE PIANO SCHOOL Fine Arts Bldg. Only exclusive piano school in Chicago. Corps of 15 teachers. Catalogue mailed free.

Brooks Classical School, 251 ASHLAND-BLVD. OPENS SEPTEMBER 18TH. CLARE D. FOX, Principal.

EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Reopens Sept. 25th, 1902. 41st year. Mrs. H. P. Lefebvre, Miss E. D. Huntley, Principals. 122-24 West Franklin-st., Baltimore, Md.

GREGG SHORTHAND—Under author's direction. Touch Typewriting. Complete Business Course. Sessions day and evening. Students may enter any time. Send for booklet. Gregg School, 57 Washington-st. Tel. 3739 Central.

EDUCATIONAL.

HOWE MILITARY SCHOOL

Prepares thoroughly for College or Business. Lt. Hugh T. Reed, U. S. Army, detailed as Military Professor. Best advantages at moderate expense. Manual training (elective). Personal attention given to each boy. Numbers strictly limited. Fine athletic field and beautiful lakes. Lower school for small boys entirely separate. Convenient to Chicago. For illustrated circular address

REV. J. H. McKENZIE, Rector, LIMA, IND.

The Rector is at the Auditorium Annex from 10:00 to 2:00 o'clock daily.

ATHENAEUM

18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

Business, Shorthand, Typewriting, and Preparatory courses day and evening. Individual instruction. Graduates assisted to desirable positions. Fall term begins Sept. 2. Call, write, or telephone (Harrison 1110) for catalogue.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Ferdinand W. Peck, Lyman J. Gage, William C. Seipp, Wm. Penn Nixon, John V. Clarke, Samuel Fallows, W. J. Chalmers, Alexander H. Revell, H. H. Kohlsaat, William R. Page, Adolph Kurz, Charles H. Wesby, John A. Lynch, William G. Hibbard.

CHARLES R. BARRETT, Superintendent.

BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY.

For boys above the age of 14. Attendance limited to 110; one instructor for every 10 boys. Five courses of study. Infantry, cavalry, artillery, gymnastics. Dormitory absolutely fireproof. Fall term begins Wednesday, 17 September, 1902. For catalogue address the SUPERINTENDENT, Macon, Missouri.

Chicago-Kent College of Law

Law department Lake Forest University. Large Faculty. Degree LL. B. conferred on completion of three years course. Prepares for admission to the bar in all states.

Evening Sessions enabling young men otherwise employed to pursue regular course of studies. Address the Secretary.

ELMER E. BARRETT, LL. B., 1009 Title and Trust Bldg., Chicago.

THE NEW ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY 4928 EVANS AVENUE.

Will open for the reception of Boarders and Day Scholars on Tuesday, Sept. 2d. The OLD ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY, 2834 Wabash-av., will receive day scholars. Opening day Sept. 2d.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY LIBERTYVILLE, ILL.

Will open on same day for boarders and day pupils. For catalogue apply to MOTHER SUPERIOR, 4928 Evans-av.

SHERWOOD MUSIC SCHOOL Fine Arts Building, Chicago.

WILLIAM H. SHERWOOD - - Director.

Best modern methods and advantages in all departments.

Send for catalogue. Chas. R. Baker, Manager.

Gottschalk Lyric School.

Unsurpassed advantages offered in the following departments: Vocal, Operatic Training, Piano, Sight Reading, Theory, Elocution, Physical Culture, Languages. Catalogue mailed on application.

L. G. GOTTSCHALK, Director KIMBALL HALL, 3D FLOOR.

THE ELECTA SCHOOL, 3245 Indiana Avenue, Chicago.

Day and Boarding School for Girls. 14th year begins Sept. 17th. College Preparatory and Special Courses. Boys received in Intermediate and Kindergarten Depts. School-carriage.

THE MISSES SPAIDS, Principals.

THE PROGRESSIVE SCHOOL. **Columbia School of Music,** Fall Term Begins Sept. 8. Kimball Hall.

MUSIC, ACTING, ELOCUTION, DANCING. Directors: Clare Osborne Reed, Wm. A. Willett, Lillian Woodward Gunckel, Clarence Dickinson. Catalogue mailed. LOUIS McDONALD, Mgr.

MONTICELLO Opens 65th year September 18. Superior Faculty. English, Latin, Greek, French, German, Music, Science, Art, Physical Culture. The sixty-acre campus contains fine groves, tennis courts, basket ball field, and golf links. For catalogue address MISS H. N. HASKELL, Principal. Bodfrey, Ill. **SEMINARY**

YALE SCHOOL 1068 WASHINGTON BLVD. Phone 730 West.

A day school for boys and girls. All grades in the Primary and Grammar department. Only first and second year's work in the Preparatory department. Prepares thoroughly for all colleges and schools of science. Large Gymnasium. Faculty of male specialists. Opens Sept. 16th. Write for catalogue. Hiram A. Gooch and Carolus Brenner, Principals.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME, NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.

The 59th year will open September 2, 1902. Rev. Thomas Hennessey, a representative of the University, will be at the Victoria Hotel until September 1, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Catalogues free. Address REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

SACRED HEART COLLEGE, WATERTOWN, WISCONSIN.

Thorough Classical, English, Commercial and Preparatory Courses. Terms moderate. A very healthful location. Catalogues free. Term opens Sept. 4th. REV. JOHN J. O'ROURKE, C. S. C.

CHICAGO MUSICAL SEMINARY

Steinway Hall, 17 Van Buren-st.; school of rapid progress. Our new method enables anyone old to play beautifully in 20 lessons. (Piano, banjo, mandolin or guitar.) Those desiring teacher's course can obtain room and board if desired. Catalogue free. M. G. MACDONALD, Pres't.

STEVAN SCHOOL

For Young Ladies and Little Children. Prepares for the Leading Colleges and Universities. MRS. L. M. WILSON, Principal. 4315 Drexel-blvd. Send for catalogue.

KINDERGARTEN NORMAL SCHOOL. Course two years. Chicago University Credits in Psychology and Literature. Address CHICAGO FREE KINDERGARTEN ASSOCIATION, Room 649 Fine Arts Bldg., 203-207 Michigan-av., Chicago.

Wentworth Military Academy Oldest and largest military school in Middle West. Government supervision and equipment. Army officer detailed. COL. SANDFORD SELLERS, M. A., Supt., Lexington, Mo.

YOU CAN OBTAIN a reduction from the regular tuition fees charged by the best Schools and Colleges by applying to us. Catalogue of any school sent free. AMERICAN EDUCATIONAL CO., 315 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, Notre Dame, Ind. Conducted by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. Regular collegiate degrees; catalogue free. Address DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY. St. Mary's Academy - - - Notre Dame, Indiana.

HILLSIDE HOME SCHOOL for Girls and Boys. Prepares for college and for business. Beautiful suburban location. Write for catalogue. Misses Lloyd-Jones, Principals, Hillside, Wis.

VILLA DE CHANTAL. Home school for girls—charge of the Sisters of the Visitation. Beautifully situated on the Mississippi river. All polite accomplishments taught. Address DIRECTRESS, Rock Island, Illinois.